# TM 5-3810-289-

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY TECHNICAL MA

# OPERATOR AND ORGANIZATIONAL MAINTENAN

CRANE-SHOVEL, CRAWLER MODEL 22BM)
121/2-TON, 3/4-CU YD, DIESEL ENGINE
FSN 3810-869-3392
FSN 3810-869-3392

This copy is a reprint which includes current pages from Change. 1

#### **WARNING**

#### **EXPLOSION AND FIRE HAZARD**

is present when servicing batteries and filling fuel tank.

#### DEATH

or severe injury may result if personnel fail to
observe safety precautions. Do not smoke or use open flame around
flammable material or when servicing the batteries.

Do not fill the fuel tank while the engine is running. Be sure there
are no open flames or exposed heated parts that can ignite
fuel vapors while tank is being filled. Keep
fuel container and funnel in contact
while tank is being filled, or provide a
ground to prevent static sparks
from igniting the fuel.

Do not attempt to weld a fuel tank unless the tank has
been filled with water and thoroughly flushed
to eliminate combustible fuel vapors.

#### HIGH VOLTAGE HAZARD

is present if the boom accidently contacts a power line.

#### DEATH

or severe injury may result if
personnel fail to observe safety precautions.

Keep the boom away from power lines. If the boom accidently contacts
a power line, jump from the machine; do not step off.

#### Operator and Organizational Maintenance Manual

for

## CRANE-SHOVEL, CRAWLER MOUNTED, 12 ½-TON, 34-CU YD; DIESEL ENGINE DRIVEN (BUCYRUS-ERIE MODEL 22 BM) FSN 3810-869-3092

TM 5-3810-289-12, 13 March 1970, is changed as follows:

Page 1-1. Paragraph 1-3 is superseded as follows:

## 1—3. Reporting of Equipment Publication Improvements

The reporting of errors omissions and recommendations for improving this bulletin by the individual user is encouraged. Reports should be submitted on DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publications) and forward direct to Commander, US Army Troop Support Command, ATTN: AMSTS-MPP, 4300 Goodfellow Boulevard, St. Louis, Missouri 63120. A reply will be furnished directly to you.

#### Page 2-7. Paragraph 2-3d is added as follows:

d. Maintenance and Operating Supplies. Refer to table 2-1 for a list of maintenance and operating supplies necessary for initial operation of this equipment.

et.	Tabl	e 2-1. Maintenance and Operati	ng Supplies			
(1) Component application	(2) Federa) ≾tock number	(3) Description	(4) Quantity required F/initial operation	(5) Quantity required F/8 hrs operation		(6) Notes
CHAIN CASE	9150-265-9435 (2) 9150-265-9428 (2) 9150-242-7603 (2)	OE 10	3 qt 3 qt 3 qt	(3) (3) (3)	(1)	Includes quantity of oil to fill engine oil system as follows: 20 qt — crankcase w/filters
CRANKCASE		OIL, LUBRICATING: 5-gal drum as follows:			(2)	See C9100-IL for addi- tional data and requi- sitioning procedures.
	9150-265-9435 (2) 9150-265-9428 (2) 9150-242-7603 (2)	OE 10	20 qt 20 qt 20 qt	(3) (3) (3)	(3)	See current LO for grade application and replenishment intervals.
GEARCASE, MAIN	9150–577–5844 (2) 9150–259–5440 (2)	. 1	32 qt 32 qt	(3) (3)	(4)	Average fuel consumption is 2.3 gal per hour of continuous eration.
GEARCASE, CRAWLER	9150–577–5844 (2) 9150–254–5440 (2)	4.4	2 qt 2 qt	(3) (3)	(5)	Maximum protection is obtained at 60 percent by volume (4.8 pt per gal of solution).

application	stock number	·	required F/initial operation	required F/8 hrs operation	
GEARS, EXPOSED		OIL, LUBRICATING, EX- POSED GEAR: 5-gal can as follows:			
	9150-234-5199 (2)	CW-11-B	5 lb	(3)	
GREASE POINTS		GREASE, AUTOMOTIVE AND ARTILLERY: 5-lb can as follows:			
	9150-190-0905	GAA	5 lb	(3)	
OIL CAN POINTS		OIL, LUBRICATING: 5-gal drum as follows:	10		
	9150-265-9435 (2) 9150-265-9428 (2) 9150-242-7603 (2)	OE 10	1 qt 1 qt 1 qt	(3) (3) (3)	
RADIATOR		WATER ANTIFREEZE: 1-gal can as follows:	28 qt		
	6850-664-1403	Ethylene-glycol	18 qt	(5)	
		ANTIFREEZE: 55-gal drum as follows:			
	6850-174-1806	Antifreeze, arctic	28 qt		
TAG LINE	,	OIL, LUBRICATING, GEAR: 5-gal drum as follows:			•
	9150-577-5844 (2)	GO-90	4 qt	(3)	
TANK, FUEL		FUEL, DIESEL: Bulk as follows:			
	9140-286-5294 (2)		50 gal	(4)	
	9140–286–5286 (2) 9150–286–5283 (2)		50 gal 50 gal	(4) (4)	

ne 4-7, paragraph 4-13b. In line 1, change "60/70" (25/30".

te 4-32. Paragraph 4-35b.1 is added as follows:

- 1. On-Equipment Troubleshooting.
- (1) Remove the alternator terminal cover to sose the positive output terminal, and using a voltaer, check the voltage between this terminal and und. The ignition switch should be on when this ck is made. Full battery voltage should be cated. If no voltage is indicated between the itive alternator terminal and ground, an open cirbetween the positive alternator and battery is cated. This may be due to loose or broken

wiring, or possibly a defective ignition switch, circuit breaker or ammeter.

- (2) Full battery voltage must be present at both alternator terminals in order for the vehicle to function properly.
- (3) Do not, under any circumstances, attempt to run the alternator with its output circuit open and its ignition lead energized. This will create extremely high voltages which will seriously damage the alternator.
- (4) The high-low top is not adjustable and should not be changed. If batteries show indication

of over or under charging, adjustment should be made in the following manner.

- (a) Connect voltmeter across positive and negative terminals of the battery.
- (b) Start engine and run at 1000-1500 RPM. Do not turn on external loads such as lights, heaters, etc.
- (c) Voltmeter should read 28.0 volts. If the reading is above or below this figure, voltage should be adjusted.
- (d) Remove socket head pipe plug from drive end housing to gain access to voltage adjustment screw.
- (e) Using a small screwdriver, turn the adjusting screw until 28.0 volts is indicated on the voltmeter. Turn screw counterclockwise to increase voltage and clockwise to decrease.
  - (f) After adjustment, replace plug.

Page C-1. Appendix C is superseded as follows:

#### APPENDIX C

## BASIC ISSUE ITEM LIST AND ITEMS TROOP INSTALLED OR AUTHORIZED

#### Section I. INTRODUCTION

#### C-1. Scope

This appendix lists basic issue items, items troop installed or authorized which accompany the craneshovel, and are required by the crew/operator for operation, installation, or operator's maintenance.

#### C-2. General

This basic issue items, items troop installed or authorized list is divided into the following sections:

- a. Basic Issue Items List-Section II. Not applicable.
- b. Items Troop Installed or Authorized List Section III. A list in alphabetical sequence of items which at the discretion of the unit commander may accompany the end item, but are NOT subject to be turned in with the end item.

#### C-3. Explanation of Columns

The following provides an explanation of columns in

the tabular list of Basic Issue Items List, Section II, and Items Troop Installed or Authorized, Section III.

- a. Source, Maintenance, and Recoverability Code(s) (SMR): Not applicable.
- b. Federal Stock Number. This column indicates the Federal stock number assigned to the item and will be used for requisitioning purposes.
- c. Description. This column indicates the Federal item name and any additional description of the item required.
- d. Unit of Measure (U/M). A 2-character alphabetic abbreviation indicating the amount or quantity of the item upon which the allowances are based, e.g., ft, ea, pr, etc.
- e. Quantity Authorized (Items Troop Installed or Authorized Only). This column indicates the quantity of the item authorized to be used with the equipment.

	Section III. 17	EMS TROOP INSTAL	ED OR AUTHO	RIZED LIS	ST
(1) SMR Code	(2) Federal stock number	(3) Description Ref No. & Code	Usable on Code	(4) Unit of Meas	(5) Qty Auth
	7520–559–9618	CASE, Maintenance and Ope	rating Manual	EA	1
	2590-045-9611	CASE, Rifle	!	EA	1
	4210-889-2221	EXTINGUISHER, Fire	!	. EA	1
		[			

chief of Staff

ERNE L. BOWERS ajor General, United States Army e Adjutant General

ribution:

To be distributed in accordance with DA Form 12-25B (qty rqr block No. 921) operator maintenance irements for Crane Shovel, Crawler, 10-20 Ton.

GPO 899-941

### OPERATOR AND ORGANIZATIONAL MAINTENANCE MANUAL

# CRANE-SHOVEL, CRAWLER MOUNTED; 12½-TON, ¾-CU YD; DIESEL ENGINE DRIVEN (BUCYRUS-ERIE MODEL 22BM) FSN 3810-869-3092

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<sup>\*</sup> This manual supersedes Operator and Organizational maintenance portion of TM 5-3810-289-15, 3 July 1968.

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#### INTRODUCTION

#### Section I. GENERAL

#### 1-1. Scope

a. This manual contains instructions for use by personnel to whom model 22BM crane-shovel is issued. It provides information on operation, preventive maintenance checks and services, and maintenance and repair of equipment, accessories, components, and attachments. Also included are descriptions of main units and their functions in relationship to other components. Numbers in parentheses following nomenclature callouts on illustrations indicate quantity; numbers preceding nomenclature callouts indicate preferred sequence.

b. Instructions for Administrative Storage and Destruction of Materiel to Prevent Enemy Use are contained in the following technical manuals:

TM 740-90-1 Administrative Storage of Equipment

TM 750-244-3 Destruction of Materiel to Prevent Enemy Use

#### 1-2. Maintenance Forms and Records

Maintenance forms, records, and reports which are to be used by maintenance personnel at all maintenance levels are listed in and prescribed by TM 38-750.

#### 1-3. Reporting of Errors

Report of errors, omissions, and recommendations for improving this publication by the individual user is encouraged. Reports should be submitted on DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publications) and forwarded direct to Commanding General, U. S. Army Mobility Equipment Command, ATTN: AMSME-MPP, 4300 Goodfellow Boulevard, St. Louis, Mo. 63120.

#### Section II. DESCRIPTION AND DATA

#### 1-4. Description

a. General. The model 22BM crane-shovel (fig. 1-1 and 1-2) is a crawler-mounted lifting crane which can be converted to a dragline, clamshell. backhoe, shovel, or piledriver. The lifting crane consists of a 30-ft, two-section boom, a 121/2-ton capacity hook block, and associated cables. The boom can be lengthened by the addition of sections between the upper and lower boom sections. In addition, a jib can be added to the end of the upper boom assembly. The lifting crane can be used for unloading heavy cargo, placing steel beams in construction work, and other heavy lifting jobs. Load control afforded by the regular hoist line is supplemented by an independent boom hoist. Full power control of both raising and lowering the boom permits accurate spotting of the load in the horizontal as well as the vertical plane.

- b. Basic Crane-Shovel. The basic crane-shovel is divided into three sections: the front end equipment, the upper works, and the lower works.
  - (1) The front end equipment consists of the

crane, dragline, clamshell, backhoe, piledriver, and shovel components.

- (2) The upper works consist of the revolving frame, main machinery, engine, operating controls, and the operator's cab. The necessary controls and instruments provided for operating the crane-shovel are located in the operator's compartment, in front of and to the left of the operator's seat.
- (3) The lower works consist of the steering and propelling machinery, truck frame, crawler frames, track rollers and idlers, and the track belts.
- c. Dragline. The dragline consists of the crane boom, fairlead, dragline bucket, and the hoist and drag cables. The fairlead assembly is mounted inside the lower section of the boom feet to guide the bucket drag cable. The dragline is used for excavating materials below machine level.
- d. Clamshell. The clamshell consists of the crane boom, clamshell bucket, and tagline. The

Figure 1-1. Right front view of model 22BM crane-shovel.

Figure 1-2. Left rear view of model 22BM crane-shovel.

clamshell may be equipped with teeth for excavating, or without teeth for rehandling materials in a stock pile. The tagline prevents bucket oscillation during operation.

- e. Backhoe. The backhoe consists of the backhoe boom, dipper, dipper handle, and an auxiliary A-frame. The dipper handle is hinged at the boom point to allow scoop action by the dipper as it is pulled in toward the boom. The digging action of the backhoe is opposite that of the shovel.
- f. Shovel. The shovel consists of a shovel boom, dipper, dipper handle, and a dipper trip cable mechanism. A shipper shaft and saddle block, mounted midway in the boom, holds and guides the dipper handle. The shovel is used for scooping away from the machine.
- g. Piledriver. The piledriver uses the crane boom. Hammer leads are attached to the boom point to hold the pile in driving position and guide the hammer. The hammer leads consist of one top section and four lower sections, comprising a 55foot pile-driving lead assembly. The top section is fifteen feet long. Each of the four lower sections is ten feet long. The lead assembly can be used with all drop hammers weighing up to 3,000 pounds, and with all air, steam, or diesel hammers weighing up to 12,000 pounds. It is adaptable to all power-excavator-crane-shovels listed in MIL-STD-179-8, tables I, II, and III. At the lower end of the lead assembly, a catwalk attached between brackets on the boom foot and lower lead section holds the lead assembly in driving position. The catwalk assembly consists of two interchangeable outer sections, each 7 feet, 8 inches long, and one telescoping inner section, 8 feet long.
- h. Power. Power to operate the crane-shovel is supplied by a 6-cylinder, 4 cycle, naturally-aspirated diesel engine. The power is transmitted from the engine, through the power takeoff unit, the chain drive transmission, to the main machinery controlling the crane-shovel operations.

#### 1-5. Identification and Tabulated Data

- a. Identification.
- (1) Crane-shovel. The plate indicates the make, model, serial number and other basic information about the crane-shovel.
- (2) Transportation data plate. The plate contains transportation information regarding shipment of the crane-shovel.

- (3) Upper section plate. The plate identifies the proper upper boom section to be used with a particular unit, as called out by a serial number on the plate.
- (4) Lower section plate. The plate identifies the proper lower boom section to be used with a particular unit, as called out by a serial number on the plate.
- (5) Cold starting plate. The plate gives instructions on starting in cold weather.
  - b. Tabulated Data.
    - (1) Crane-shovel.

Manufacturer	Bucyrus-Erie Co.
	Crawler mounted
	129566—129742
	129905—130081
	131944—131963
	132052-132151

(2) Engine.

(-/	
Manufacturer	Cummins
Model	JN-6-1
Number of cylinders	.6
Type of engine	Diesel
Cycle	
Unit	Fan to flywheel
Bore (in.)	.4% in.
Stroke (in.)	.5 in.
Displacement (cu. in.)	401
Compression ratio	.16.3 : 1
Type drive	
Type air intake	. Naturally aspirated
Altitude-range (ft.)	
Rotation	Counterclockwise
Cooling	Liquid
Fuel	Diesel fuel oil
Exhaust valve opens	.62° BBC
Exhaust valve closes	44° ATC
Intake valve opens	44° BTC
Intake valve closes	.40° ABC
Gross 3 HP	_101
Lubrication	Pressure
Firing order	1-5-3-6-2-4
(3) Starting motor	•

(3) Starting motor.

Manufacturer	Leece-Neville
Model	M001093018
Volts	.24
Mfg. No.	186763

#### (4) Accessories.

(a) Alternator.

Make	Leece-Neville
Model	A001300ZAC
Amps	60
Mfg. No.	183380

(b) Air cleaner element.

Make	Donaldson
Model	FWA08-0022
Type	Dry

Type	Mechanical variable-speed	Oil filter4 quarts
(d) Fuel injecto	r.	Fuel tank50 gallons Fuel filter3 quarts
Make		Coolant system7 gallons
Model	_ PT	(b) Crane-shovel.
(e) Fuel pump.		Transmission gear case3 quarts
Make	Cummins	Machinery gear case8 gallons
Model	G	Propel gear case2 quarts
(f) Fuel filter.		(6) Adjustment data. Refer to the appro-
Make	Fram	priate chapter and paragraph for the adjustment
Model		of specific components.
(g) Batteries.	r	(7) Settings.
Make	MIL-STD-MS 35000-3	Thermostat full open195°
Type		(8) Nut and bolt torque data. Refer to ap-
Volts		· ·
Qty		propriate paragraph for nut and bolt torque data. (9) Maximum allowable lifting loads. Refer
(5) Capacities.		to figure 1-3 for crane boom angles.

Table 1-1. Operating Ranges

Boom length in feet	Radius in <b>fee</b> t	Boom angle in degrees	Boom point pin height	Crane service
30	12	73	33′ 6″	25,000
	15	67	32′ 6″	19,000
ĺ	20	57	29′ 9″	12,9000
	25	44	25′ 6″	9,600
	80	28	18′ 6″	7,600
40	12	78	43′ 9″	24,800
Í	15	73	42′ 9″	18,800
	20	66	41′ 0″	12,700
	25	57	38 <b>′ 3″</b>	9,400
{	30	48	34′ 6″	7,350
	35	38	29′ 3″	6,000
1	40	24	21′ 0″	5,000
50	15	77	53′ 3″	18,600
	20	71	51′ 9″	12,400
	25	65	49′ 9″	9,200
ĺ	30	58	47′ 0″	7,150
}	35	51	43′ 6″	5,750
	40	43	<b>38′ 9″</b>	4,750
	50	21	23′ 0″	3,400
60	20	74	62′ 3″	12,200
	25	69	60′ 6″	8,950
	30	64	58′ 6″	6,900
ł	35	58	55′ 9″	5,550
j	40	53	52′ 3″	4,500
	50	39	42′ 6″	3,150
l l	60	20	24′ 9″	2,300

Note. The preceding ratings apply only to machines that are level and standing on hard level uniform supporting surfaces. Loads must be freely suspended. The radii specified are loaded radii. Ratings include blocks, hooks, slings, or other equipment used in handling loads. Proper care must be exercised by the operator at all times to avoid shock or side loadings on the boom. Loads do not exceed 75% of tipping loads with the machine in the least stable position. Loads shown in table 1-1 are for general crane service with the machine on firm, level ground. Maximum boom angle is 78%.

m listed loads:	
-ton double sheave swivel hook block	
eighs195 lbs	
(11) Jibs. Use jibs for lifting crane service y. Allowable loads on main boom sheave, when is attached, must be reduced as follows:	
ft jib	
e allowable load over the jib sheave, at any lius from centerline of rotation of the mane, is the same load that may be lifted over aboom sheave (without jib) with boom lowered that radius, but not to exceed 7,500 lbs. Maxim length of boom to which a jib may be athed is 60 ft.	

ts of line \_\_\_\_\_4\_

duct weight of hook blocks, hooks and slings

#### (a) Hook block.

	12.5 tons
(b)	Wire rope specification.
	1 in. dia. x 15 ft ½ in. dia. x 211 ft
	See table 4-2
(a)	Wining diament Dafon to form 1 4

- (c) Wiring diagram. Refer to figure 1-4.
- (d) Shipping dimension and weights. Refer to figure 1-1. Bridge weight classification is 27.

#### 1-6. Difference in Models

This manual covers only the model 22BM crane-shovel. No known unit differences exist for the model covered by this manual.

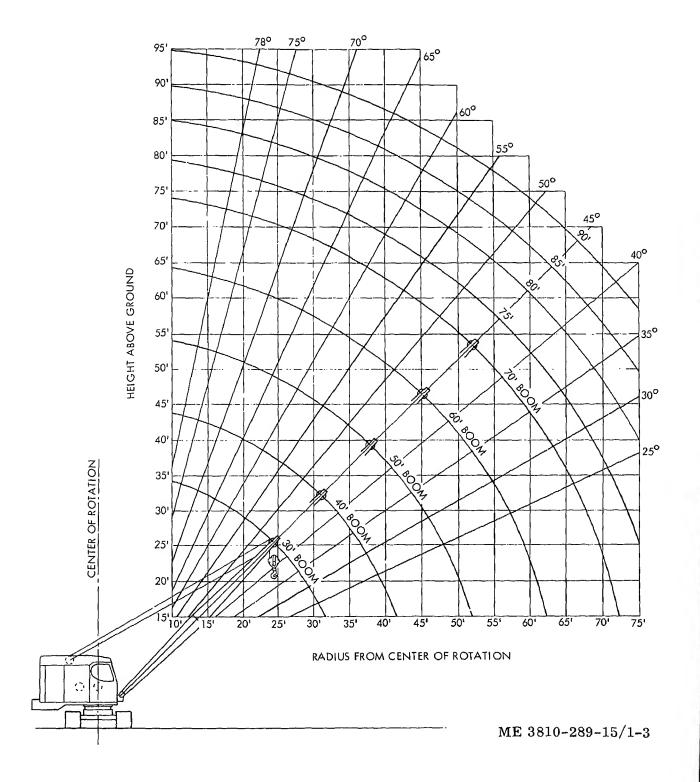
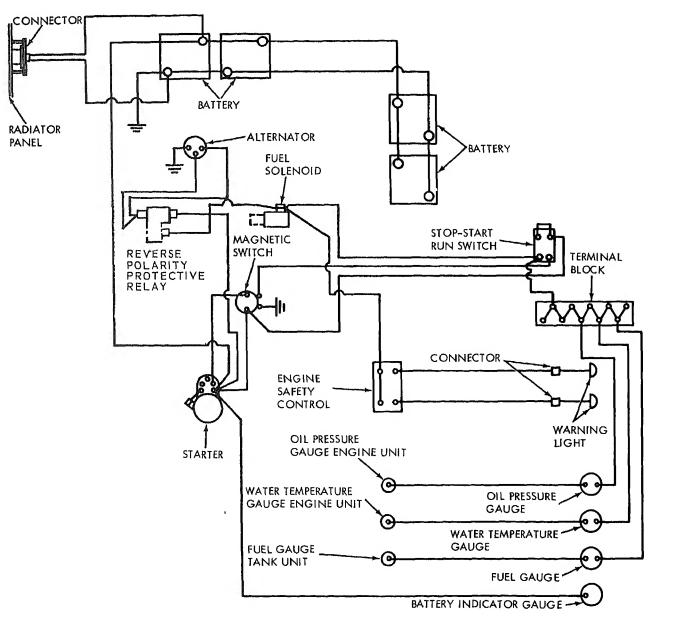


Figure 1-3. Crane boom angle chart.



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Figure 1-4. Electrical system, schematic diagram (sheet 1 of 2).

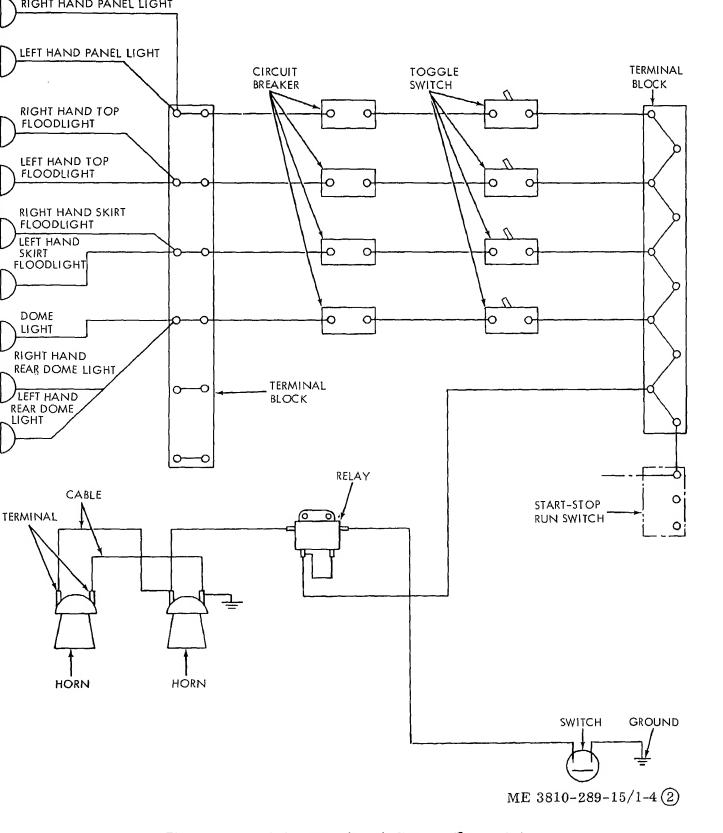


Figure 1-4. Electrical system, schematic diagram (Sheet 2 of 2).



#### OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

#### Section I. SERVICE UPON RECEIPT OF MATERIEL

#### 2-1. Inspecting and Servicing the Equipment

- a. General. When a crane-shovel unit is received by the organization, it must be thoroughly inspected and serviced to insure that it is in good operating condition.
  - b. Inspecting the Equipment.
- (1) Make a complete visual inspection to make sure the required tools, repair parts, and publications are with the equipment.
- (2) Inspect the unit for missing items or damage that may have occurred during shipment.
- (3) Inspect all components for loose mounting hardware or connections.
- (4) Inspect wiring, fuel and oil lines, radiator and hoses, gages and instruments and lights, for missing items, and broken, loose, or damaged parts.
- (5) Inspect engine compartment for loose or missing parts, or damage to air cleaner, manifold, muffler, fuel pump, or fuel lines.
- (6) Inspect fuel tank filler pipe for dents, cracks, or other damage. Insure removal of all preservative or barrier material.
- (7) Inspect battery installation for tightness of cables, level of electrolyte, and for proper connection.

Note. The crane is wired with a negative ground.

- (8) Inspect drain plubs, filler caps, and drain cocks, to be sure they are secured and not leaking or damaged.
- (9) Inspect cab for broken windows or door glass.
- (10) Inspect floodlights for serivceability, and test operation of switches on control panel.
- (11) Inspect all controls for freedom of movement through operating range, and make sure all handles or knobs are in place.
- (12) Report all discrepancies to proper authority.
- c. Servicing the Equipment. After the equipment has been unpacked and separately packed components have been installed (para 2-2), the equipment must be serviced as follows:

- (1) Perform the necessary preventive main tenance checks and services (para 3-6).
- (2) Lubricate the crane-shovel in accordance with current lubrication order and paragraph 3-4
- (3) Fill engine crankcase with oil as specified in lubrication order.

Caution: Connect negative connection last when installing batteries.

- (4) Connect the battery cables (fig. 2-1).
- (5) Remove filler caps and check electrolyte level. It should be approximately 3/8 inch above the cell plates. Add distilled water if necessary.

Note. Batteries may be shipped separately or installed dry charged, with electrolyte shipped separately.

(6) If the unit is received with dry-charge batteries, service as follows:

Warning: Exercise care when filling batteries with electrolyte to prevent splashing or spilling the acid on clothing and body. Do not smoke or use open flame in the vicinity. Batteries generate explosive gas during charging.

- (a) Remove box cover and filler caps.
- (b) Pour electrolyte into each battery cell to a depth of  $\frac{3}{16}$  inch above the separators.
- (c) Install the filler caps and battery box cover.
- (7) Service cooling system (TB 750-651) with water or proper mixture of antifreeze solution. For cold weather operation requirements, refer to paragraph 2-23.
  - (8) Fill the fuel tank.

## 2-2. Unpacking Separately Packed Components

- a. The following items are packed in watertight boxes. Use care in removing covers from boxes so that damage is not incurred in unpacking.
  - (1) Hook block.
  - (2) Pendant bridle.
  - (3) Boom angle indicator.
- (4) In addition, the counterweight will be shipped disassembled from the crane-shovel.

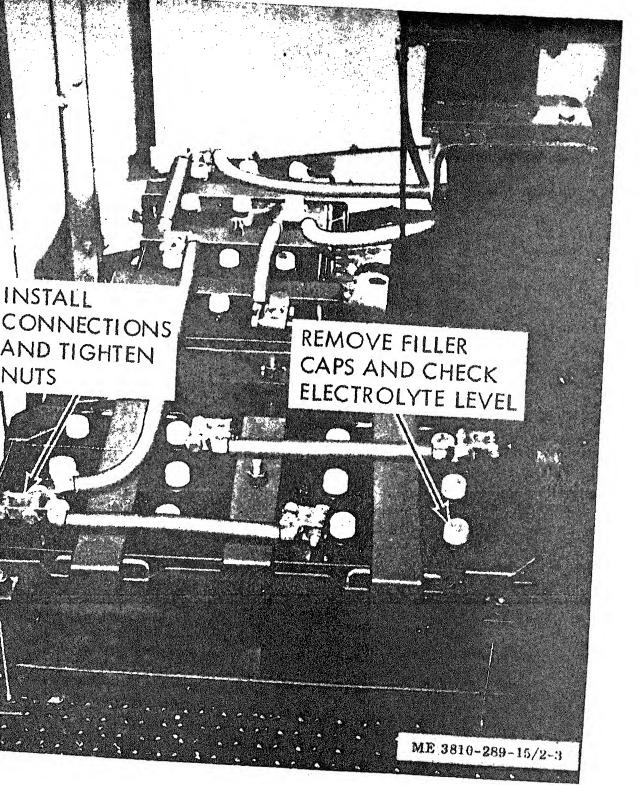
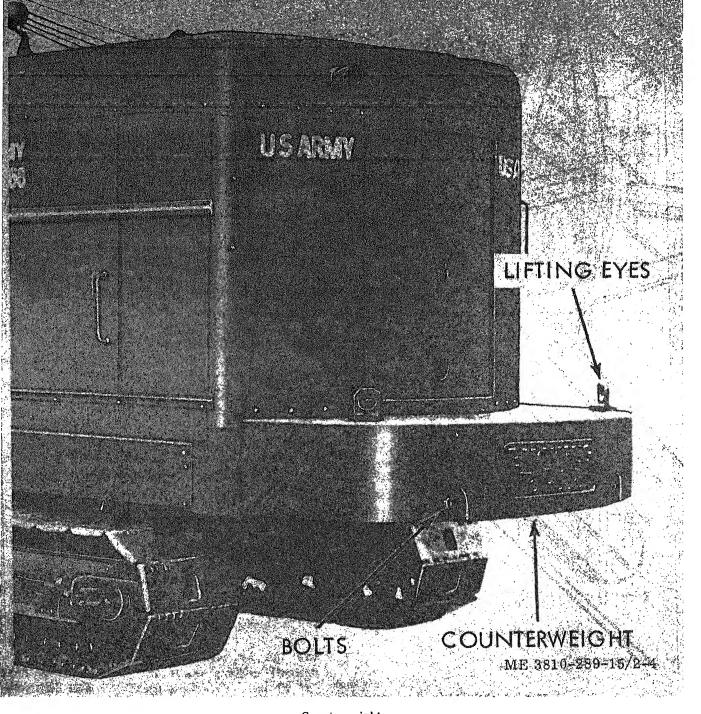
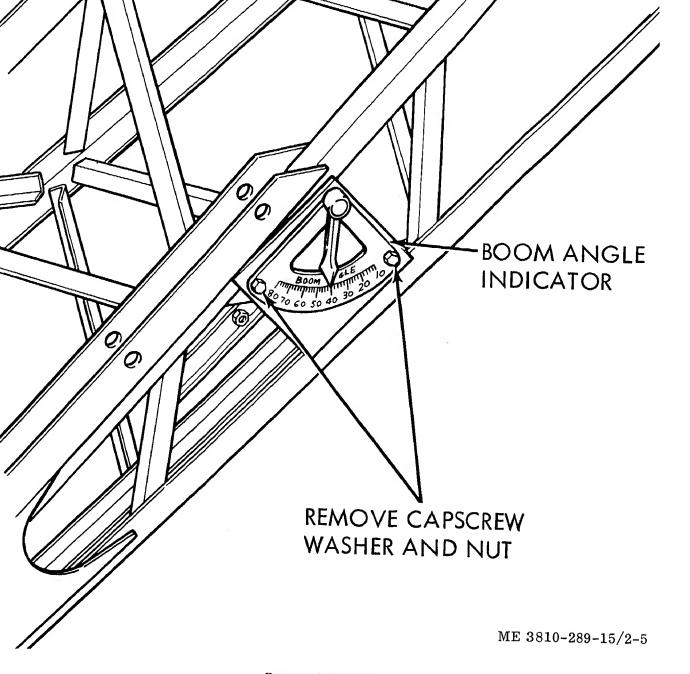


Figure 2-1. Battery cable connections.



Counterweight.

Figure 2-2. Installation of counterweight and boom angle indicator (sheet 1 of 2).



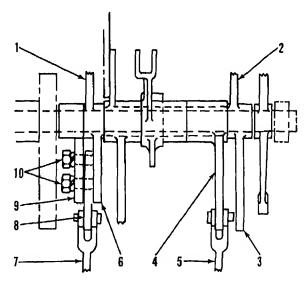
Boom angle indicator. Figure 2-2. Installation of counterweight and boom angle indicator (sheet 2 of 2).

#### 2-3. Installation or Setting-Up Instructions

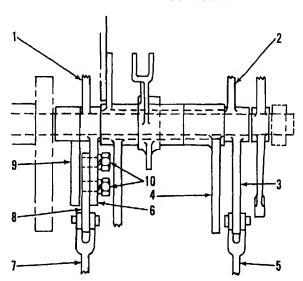
- a. Installation of Separately Packed Components.
- (1) *Counterweight*. Install the counterweight into position at the rear of the cab as shown in figure 2-2.

Caution: The counterweight weighs 7000 pounds. Use suitable hoisting equipment and caution when installing.

- (2) Boom. Refer to paragraph 4-56 for boom installation.
- (3) Boom angle indicator. Refer to figure 2-2 and assemble the boom angle indicator to the lower boom section.
- (4) Hook block. Refer to paragraph 4-55 for hook block installation.
  - b. Setting-Up Instructions for Crane Operation.
- (1) Description of equipment required. Refer to paragraph 1-4.
- (2) Installation of separately packed components. Refer to paragraph a., above.
- (3) Operating levers. Refer to figure 2-3 (A) and change operating lever linkage, if not in correct configuration, as follows:
  - (a) Set levers to neutral.
- (b) Remove pin securing reach rod (5) to lever (3); remove reach rod (5), place on lever (4) and install pin.
- (c) Remove capscrews (10) securing lever extension (8) to short lever extension (6). Insert capscrew (10) through short lever (9) and secure lever extension (8) to short lever (9).
- (d) Middle lever (1) now controls rear drum reach rod (5) and hoist lever (2) controls front drum reach rod (7).
- (4) Operating pedals. Refer to figure 2-4 (B) and change operating pedal linkage, if not in correct configuration, as follows:
- (a) Disconnect long reach rod (2) and short reach rod (1) at brake pedals. Remove levers (6) and (7) from shafts (3) and (4) by loosening clamping bolts. (8).
- (b) Remove spacer from shaft (3) and install on shaft (4).
- (c) Install lever (6) on shaft (3) and lever (7) on shaft (4). Tighten clamping bolts. (8).
- (d) Connect long reach rod (2) and short reach rod (1) to brake pedals.
- (e) Right pedal controls front drum brake and left pedal controls rear drum brake.



A. CRANE, DRAGLINE, CLAMSHELL AND BACKHOE OPERATING LEVER CONFIGURATION.



B. SHOVEL OPERATING LEVER CONFIGURATION.

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- 1 Middle lever
- 2 Hoist lever
- 3 Short lever
- 4 Lever
- 5 Rear drum reach rod
- 6 Short lever extension
- 7 Front drum reach rod
- 8 Lever extension
- 9 Short lever
- 10 Capscrews

Figure 2-3. Operating levers.

in correct configuration, as follows:

(a) Disconnect reach rods (2) and (3) by removing cotter pins (7) and pins (6).

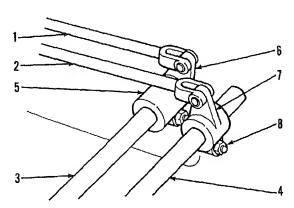
(b) Turn bellcrank (1) to correct position.

(c) Connect reach rod (3) by installing pin (6) and cotter pin (7).

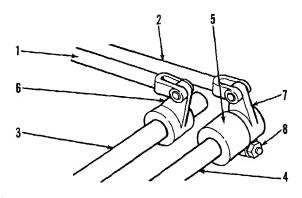
(d) Loosen locknut (5)  $\frac{1}{4}$ -turn and remove reach rod (2).

(e) Swing clevis (4) to correct position.

(f) Install reach rod (2) and connect by installing pin (6) and cotter pin (7).



A SHOVEL, BACKHOE, CLAMSHELL AND DRAGLINE OPERATING PEDAL CONFIGURATION.

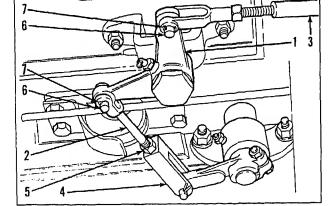


B. CRANE OPERATING PEDAL CONFIGURATION.

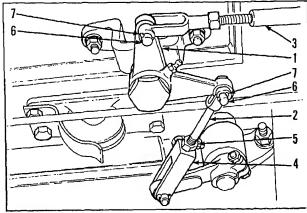
ME 3810-289-12/2-4

- 1 Short reach rod
- 2 Long reach rod
- 3 Rear drum brake shaft
- 4 Front drum brake shaft
- 5 Spacer
- 6 Brake shaft lever
- 7 Brake shaft lever
- 8 Clamping bolts

Figure 2-4. Operating pedals.



A. SHOVEL CROWD CLUTCH LINKAGE CONFIGURATION.



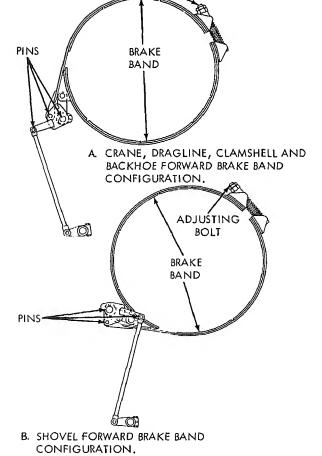
B. CRANE, DRAGLINE, CLAMSHELL AND BACKHOE CROWD CLUTCH LINKAGE CONFIGURATION.

ME 3810-289-12/2-5

- 1 Bell crank
- 2 Reach rod
- 3 Reach rod
- 4 Clevis
- 5 Locknut
- 6 Pin
- 7 Cotter pin

Figure 2-5. Crowd clutch linkage.

- (g) Tighten locknut (5).
- (6) Forward drum brakeband. Refer to figure 2-6 (A) and change band linkage, if not in correct configuration, as follows:
  - (a) Remove pins and adjusting bolt.
- (b) Turn bellcrank over and interchange live and dead end halves of the band.
  - (c) Install pins and adjusting bolt.
- (7) Cable reeving. Refer to paragraphs 4-54 and 4-55.
  - c. Jib Boom Installation.
- (1) General. The basic components for jib boom installation are a 30-foot boom, boom ex-



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Figure 2-6. Forward brakeband.

tension, jib strut, jib boom, and jib boom suspension cables. Maximum length of boom to which a jib may be attached is 60 feet.

#### (2) Installation.

- (a) Install crane boom (para 4-56) and hook block (para 4-55).
- (b) Secure jib strut to jib boom with pin and cotter pin as shown in figure 2-7.
- (c) Position jib boom in the boom point supports and secure with the two pins, cotter pins, rod ends, lockwashers, and capscrews.

#### (3) Cable reeving.

- (a) Secure lower jib support in the deadend socket in boom cable support; reeve it through the jib strut pulley and secure to dead-end socket on other boom cable support. Position it in the proper hole to give desired jib boom angle.
- (b) Reeve upper jib boom point support cable through the strut pulley. Secure the two

- (c) Using proper length and size cable, reeve the jib boom cable by securing one end of right-hand drum with the wedge. Reeve the cable between the boom pendant cables and the lower jib support cables, over the jib strut sheave, between the upper jib support cables and then over the jib boom point sheave.
- (d) Secure weight hook to cable with cable clamps.

#### 2-4. Equipment Conversions

The crane-shovel is normally equipped as a lifting crane, but front end attachments are available for conversion to dragline, clamshell, backhoe and shovel (figs. 2–8 and 2–9), and piledriver front end operating units. Refer to paragraph 1–4 for description of front end equipment. The following paragraphs provide detailed instructions for converting the machine from a crane to any of the attachments available for use. If the machine is already equipped with other than a crane boom, refer to the applicable paragraph for removal instructions, and the applicable paragraph of the attachment being installed for the installation instructions.

#### 2-5. Dragline Front End Conversion

- a. Installation.
- (1) Operating levers. Refer to paragraph 2-3b (3) for correct operating lever linkage configuration.
- (2) Operating pedals. Refer to figure 2-4A and change operating pedal linkage, if not in correct configuration, as follows:
- (a) Disconnect long reach rod (2) and short reach rod (1) at brake pedal levers.
- (b) Remove levers (6) and (7) from brake shafts (3) and (4) by loosening clamping bolts (8).
- (c) Remove spacer (5) from front drum brake shaft (4) and install on rear drum brake shaft (3).
- (d) Install lever (6) on rear drum brake shaft (3). Install lever (7) on front drum brake shaft (4).
  - (e) Tighten bolts (10).
- (f) Left pedal controls front drum brake and right pedal controls rear drum brake.

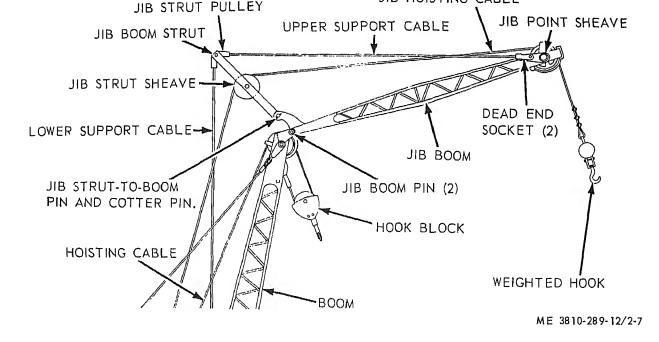


Figure 2-7. Jib boom cable recving diagram.

- (3) Crowd clutch linkage. Refer to paragraph 2-3b (5) for correct crowd clutch linkage configuration.
- (4) Forward drum brakeband. Refer to paragraph 2-3b (6) for correct brakeband linkage configuration.
- (5) Boom installation. Refer to paragraph 4-56 and install boom.
- (6) Dragline fairlead installation. Refer to figure 2-10.
- (7) Dragline bucket installation. Refer to figure 2-11.
  - (8) Drag cable reeving. Refer to figure 2-11.
- (a) Refer to table 4-3 for correct cable length.
  - (b) Lead cable between fairlead sheaves.
  - (c) Attach end to right side of front drum.
  - (d) Attach other end to drag chain socket.
  - (9) Hoist cable reeving (fig. 2-11).
    - (a) Refer to table 4-3 for cable length.
- (b) Lead cable over left boom point sheave.
  - (c) Attach end to right side of rear drum.
- (d) Attach other end to dump sheave frame.

- (10) Suspension cable reeving. Refer to paragraph 4-55.
  - (11) Drag bucket adjustment.

Note. Drag chains are carried in low position for regular digging and in high position for deeper digging. Install drag chain clevis as required (fig. 2-12).

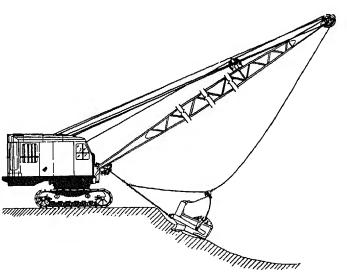
- (a) Remove clevis pin locking pin.
- (b) Remove clevis pin.
- (c) Separate clevis from wearing ring.
- (d) Turn clevis over and replace in wear ing ring.

Note. Clevis must be reversed to prevent twisting in wearing ring.

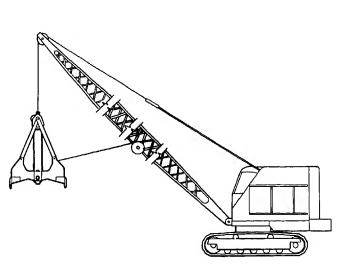
- (e) Attach clevis to drag bucket.
- b. Removal. Removal procedure is reverse of installation, a above.

#### 2-6. Clamshell Front Ena Conversion

- a. Installation.
- (1) Operating levers. Refer to paragraph 2-3b (3).
- (2) Operating pedals. Refer to paragraph 2-5a (2)
- (3) Crowd clutch linkage. Refer to paragraph 2-3b (5).



A. DRAGLINE

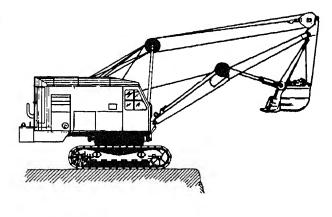


B. CLAMSHELL

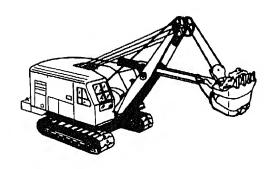
ME 3810-289-12/2-8

Figure 2-8. Dragline and clamshell front end attachment.

- (4) Forward drum brakeband. Refer to paragraph 2-3b (6)
- (5) Boom installation. Refer to paragraph 4-56.
- (6) Boom extension. Refer to paragraph 4-56.
- (7) Tagline unit installation. Refer to figure 2-13.



A. BACKHOE



B. SHOVEL

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Figure 2-9. Backhoe and shovel end attachment.

- (8) Clamshell bucket installation. Refer to figure 2-13.
  - (9) Cable reeving (fig. 2-14).
- (a) Suspension cable. Refer to paragraph 4-54.
  - (b) Holding cable.
- 1. Refer to table 4-3 for correct cable length.
- 2. Lead cable over left boom point sheave.
  - 3. Attach end to rear drum.
  - 4. Attach other end to socket on bucket.
  - (c) Closing cable.
- 1. Refer to tables 4-2 and 4-3 for correct cable length.

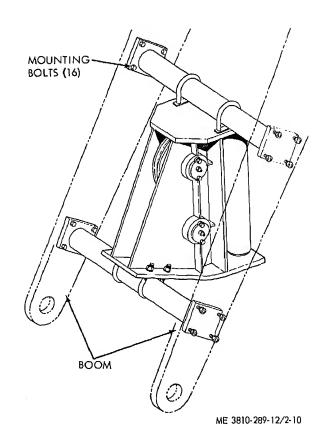


Figure 2-10. Dragline fairlead, removal and installation.

- 2. Lead cable over right boom point sheave.
- 3. Reeve cable through clamshell sheave and anchor.
  - 4. Attach other end to front drum.
  - (d) Tagline cable.
- 1. Lead cable from tagline unit over sheave to bucket.
  - 2. Anchor end to clamsell bucket.
- (10) Tagline unit adjustment (fig. 2-13). Turn cable wheel counterclockwise to wind tagline spring.
- b. Removal. Removal procedure is reverse of installation.

#### 2-7. Backhoe Front End Conversion

- a. Installation.
- (1) Operating levers. Refer to paragraph 2-3b (3).

- graph 2-3b (5).
- (4) Forward drum brakeband. Refer to paragraph 2-3b (6).
  - (5) Backhoe boom installation.
- (a) Build cribbing to support backhoe boom at correct height (fig. 2-15).
- (b) Propel machine forward until boom feet enter lugs on revolving frame. Use jack to raise or lower boom until alined.
- (c) Install boom foot pins and locking bolts.
- (6) Auxiliary A-frame installation (fig 2-16).
- (a) Place auxiliary A-frame in lugs on revolving frame.
  - (b) Install pins and locking bolts.
- (7) Auxiliary A-frame suspension cable reeving (fig. 2-16).
- (a) Refer to table 4-1 for correct cable length.
- (b) Lead cable over right auxiliary Aframe sheave.
- (c) Lead cable around A-frame yoke sheave and under left auxiliary A-frame sheave.
- (d) Lead cable over left A-frame sheave and attach to boom hoist drum.
- (e) Attach other end to anchor on A-frame.
- (8) Roller and spacer assembly arrangement.
- (a) Model 22BM crane-shovel roller and spacer assembly is shown in figure 2-17.
- (b) Spacers and shaft dimensions are shown in figure 2-18.
  - (9) Backhoe cable reeving (fig. 2-16).
    - (a) Hoist cable.
- 1. Refer to table 4-3 for correct cable length.
- 2. Lead cable over right center A-frame sheave.
- 3. Lead cable under and around dipper handle sheave over the left center A-frame sheave and attach to hoist drum.
- 4. Attach other end to anchor on dipper handle.

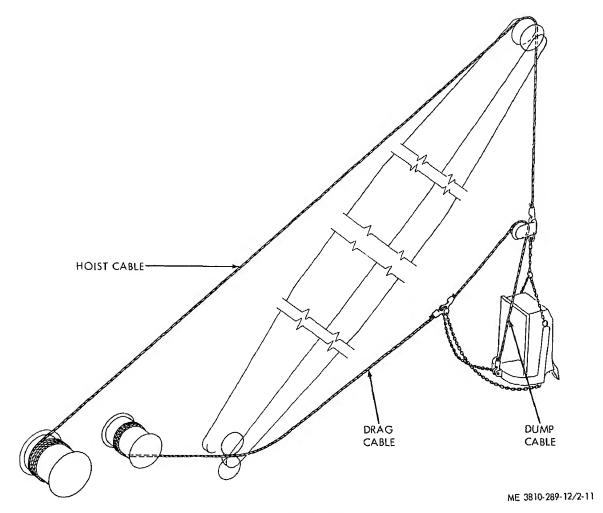


Figure 2-11. Dragline cable reeving.

- (b) Drag cable.
- 1. Refer to table 4-3 for correct cable
- 2. Lead cable over left guide sheave, around padlock sheave, and over right guide sheave.
  - 3. Attach end to drag drum.
- 4. Attach other end to anchor on left side of boom.
- b. Removal. Removal procedure is reverse of installation.

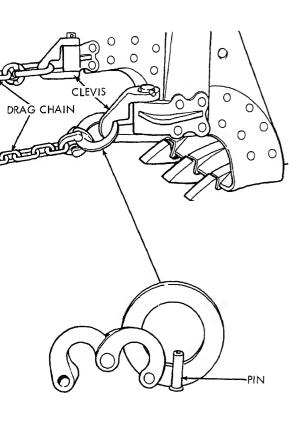
#### 2-8. Shovel Front End Conversion

a. Installation.

length.

(1) Operating levers. Refer to figure 2-3 (B) and change operating levers linkage, if not in correct configuration, as follows:

- (a) Set levers to neutral.
- (b) Remove pin securing reach rod (5) to lever (4); remove reach rod (5), place on lever (3) and install pin.
- (c) Remove capscrews (10) securing lever extension (8) to short lever (9). Insert capscrews (10) through short lever extension (6) and secure short lever extension (6) to lever extension (8).
- (d) Middle lever (1) now controls front drum reach rod (7) and hoist lever (2) controls rear drum reach rod (5).
  - (2) Operating pedals. Refer to figure 2-4b.
- (3) Installation of crowd chain sprocket on front drum. Refer to figure 2-19.
- (4) Rear crowd chain installation (fig. 2-20).

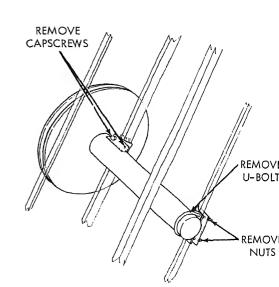


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- (a) Install connecting link.
- (b) Install connecting link pin.
- (5) Crowd chain adjusting bracket installa-

igure 2-12. Drag chain clevis, removal and installation.

- on. Refer to figure 2-21.
  (6) Crowd clutch linkage. Refer to figure -5(A) and change crowd clutch linkage, if not
- (a) Disconnect reach rods (2 and 3) by emoving pins (6) and cotter pins (7).
  - (b) Turn bellcrank (1) to correct posi-



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Figure 2-13. Tagline unit, removal and installation.

(g) Connect reach rod (2) by install pin (6) and cotter pin (7).(h) Tighten locknut (5).

(7) Forward drum brakeband. Refer to ure 2-6(B) and change band linkage, if not correct configuration, as follows:

(a) Remove pins and adjusting bolt.
 (b) Turn bellcrank over and intercha

live and dead-end halves of the band.

(c) Install pins and adjusting bolt.

(8) Shovel boom, dipper, and handle inslation.

(a) Build cribbing to support shovel be (fig. 2-22).

(b) Using a crane or suitable lifting vice, place the shovel boom and dipper handle

(c) Propel machine forward until be foot enters lugs on revolving frame.

1. Raise or lower boom foot until it alined with boom foot lugs.

2. Install boom foot pins and lock

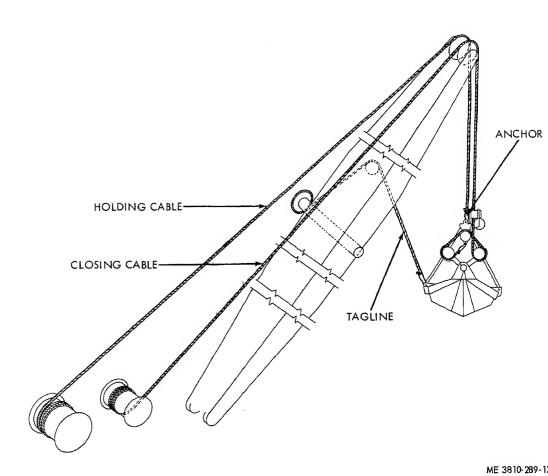
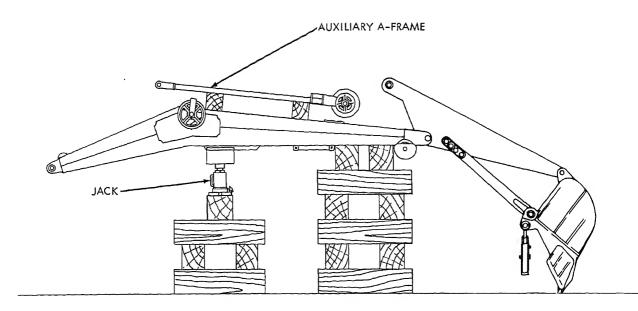


Figure 2-14. Clamshell cable reeving.



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Figure 2-15. Backhoe boom support cribbing.

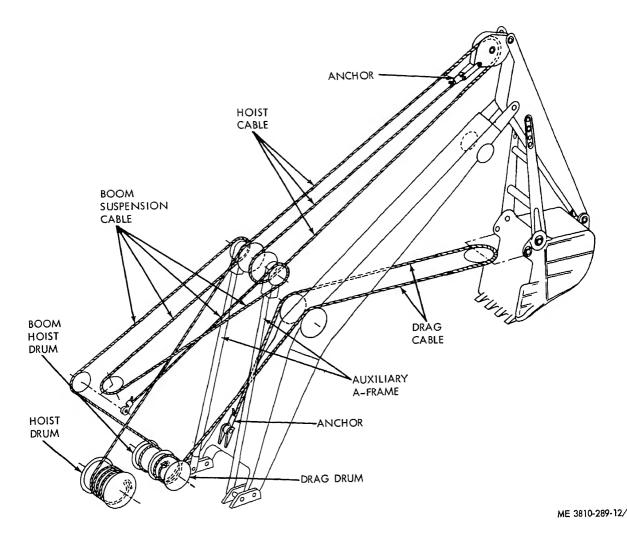


Figure 2-16. Backhoe cable reeving.

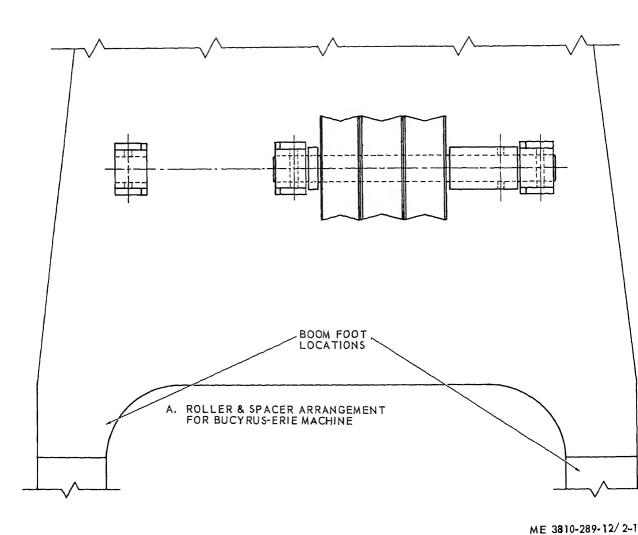
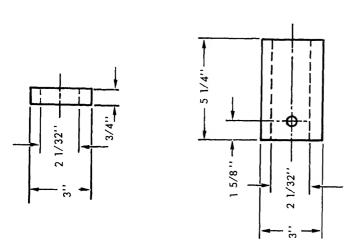


Figure 2-17. Roller and spacer arrangement.





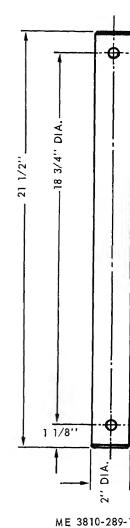
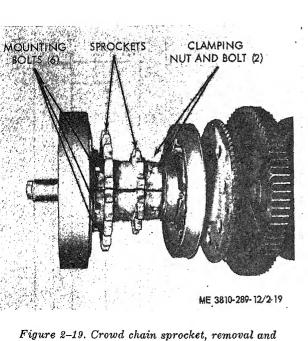


Figure 2-18. Roller assembly, shaft and spacers.



(a) Refer to table 4-3 for correct cable

ength.

installation.

- (b) Lead cable (1) over left A-frame heave and attach to boom hoist drum.
- (c) Lead cable under left boom point heave.
- (d) Lead cable (2) around upper A-frame oke sheave and over right boom point sheave.

(e) Lead cable (4) over right A-frame

(f) Lead cable (6) around lower A-frame oke sheave and over left boom point sheave.

heave and under right boom point sheave.

- (g) Attach cable (8) to anchor on Arame. (11) Boom raised to 45° angle. Refer to gure 2-23.
  - (12) Shovel cable reeving. (a) Hoist (fig. 2-23).

- length. handle.
- casting. 4. Lead right end of cable down around shipper shaft drum, through lower s

1. Refer to table 4-3 for correct ca

2. Remove cable guard on end of dip

3. Loop middle of cable over and

5. Lead left end of cable down

4. Lead other end over top of cer

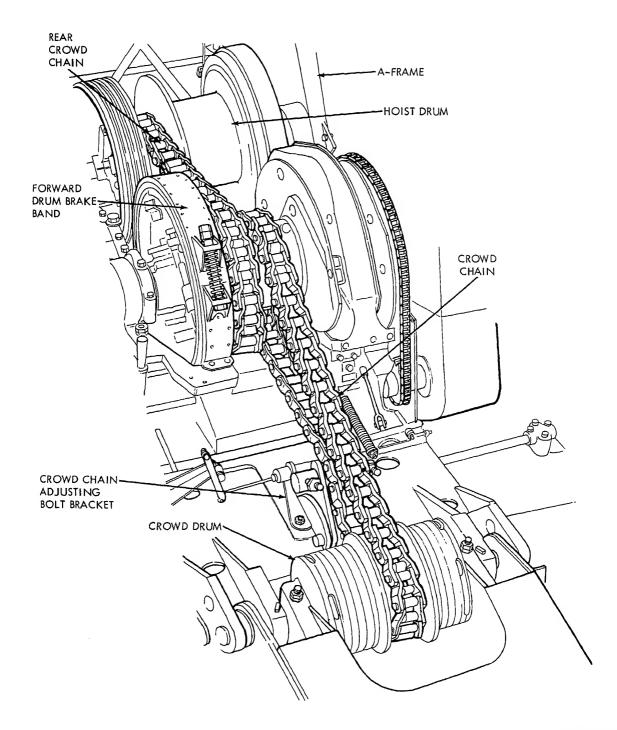
1. Lead end over sheave on right s

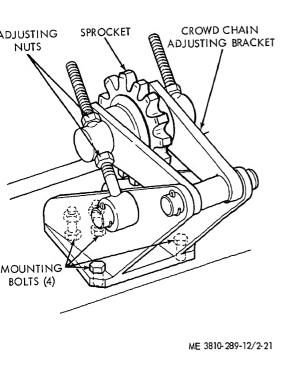
(v) Crowd (fig. 2-23).

tion of boom to the right groove, and anchor socket at right side of crowd drum.

block.

- around shipper shaft drum, through lower sect of boom to the left groove, and anchor in socke left side of crowd drum. 6. Install cable guard and run har all the way out until stops rest against sade
- (c) Backhaul (fig. 2-23) 1. Refer to table 4-3 for correct ca
- length. 2. Insert cable in drum socket.
- 3. Wind one wrap on center section drum and attach.
- groove on shipper shaft drum and attach to justing bolt on dipper handle. 5. Turn nuts on adjustment bolt as
- down as possible. (d) Dipper trip (fig. 2-24).
- of boom and through guide sheave located at bo foot on right side. 2. Lead cable under deck, around gu
- sheave, and attach to dipper trip drum. 3. Attach other end to drum lever
- top of dipper.
  - (13) Adjustments.
    - (a) Dipper trip clutch (fig. 2-25).





(a) Back out nut.

2. Latch bar (fig. 2-26).

pring (3).

(b) Dipper.

ng dump chain length.

alcrum pin.

(b) Install washer(s) (6) behind

Figure 2-21. Crowd chain adjusting bracket.

4. Adjustment is correct if cable follows ipper handle without tripping dipper latch and oggle lever is free.

> 1. Dump chain (fig. 2-26). (a) Composed of two chains.

(b) Length can be adjusted by changng position of pinch link.

(a) Make rough adjustment by chang-

(b) Make fine adjustments by ineasing or decreasing number of washers on

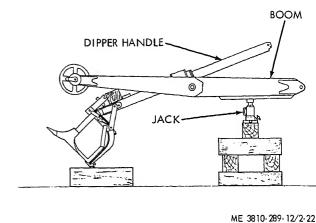


Figure 2-22. Shovel boom support cribbing.

1. Two inches is maximum allowable s with dipper handle horizontal and fully extend with end of handle crowded against the sade

2. Tighten the adjusting bolt until cal

(c) Backhaul cable (fig. 2-27).

sag is within limits. (d) Crowd chain (fig. 2-21).

> 1. Loosen locknuts. 2. Turn adjusting nuts until lower cha

block.

is tight. 3. Tighten locknuts.

has approximately 2-inch sag when upper cha

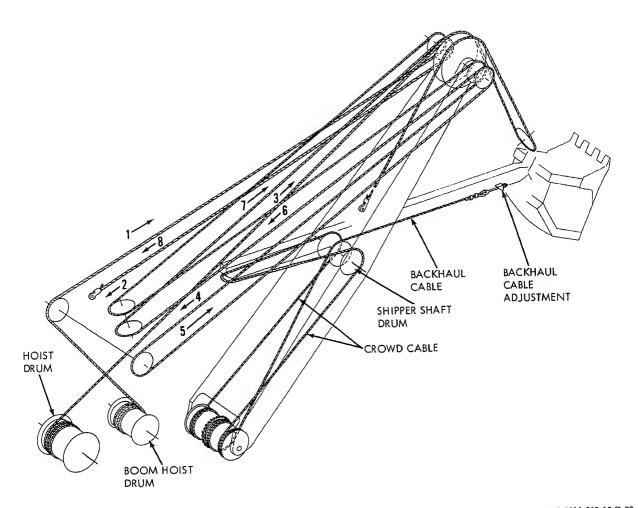
(e) Saddle block wearing plates (fig. 28).

1. Maximum allowable clearance tween handle and wearing plates is 1/8 inch.

2. Insert shims to adjust clearance.

(a) Raise dipper until handle is he zontal. (b) Loosen capscrew, holding we

ing plate, insert shims, and tighten capscrews. (c) Clearance between wearing pla and handle on same side of saddle block must



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Figure 2-23. Shovel cable reeving.

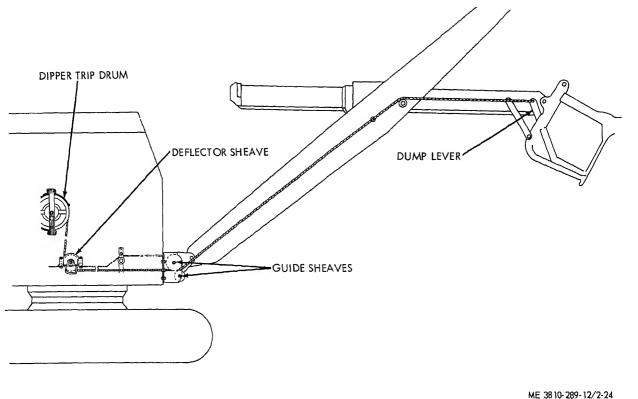
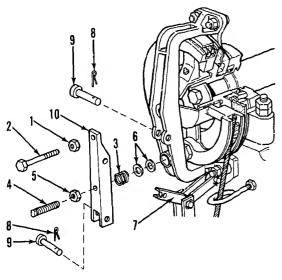


Figure 2-24. Dipper trip cable reeving.



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- horizontal position resting on blocks or cribbing Bolt corresponding (one top and four lower) sections together, using hardware listed in d, below

(1) Place lead sections on a flat surface i

- (2) Lower boom to horizontal position in lin with upper end of lead assembly and bolt securel to outside of adapter plates on been point
- to outside of adapter plates on boom point.

  (3) Using boom hoist, raise boom and lea
- assembly to working position (fig. 2-29).

  (4) Using hoist line, place hammer belowleads and lower boom to enter hammer leads into

# hammer guides. b. Catwalk Assembly.

ware listed in d, below.

- (1) Assemble two outer sections in hor zontal position with inner or telescoping members between (fig. 2-29) and bolt loosely, using hard
- (2) Unist on a unit, halt one and to have

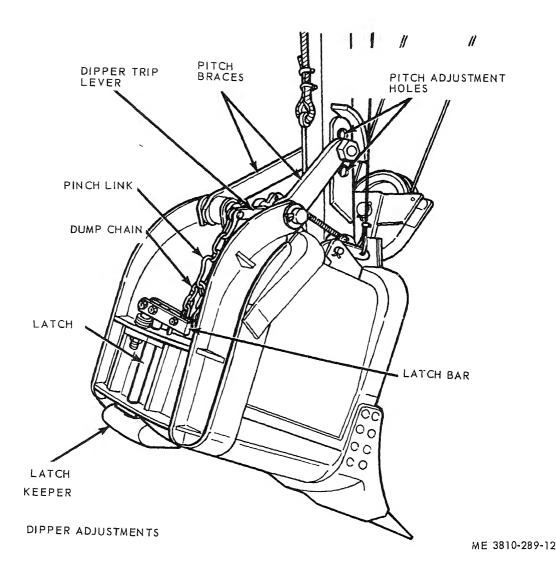


Figure 2-26. Dipper adjustment.

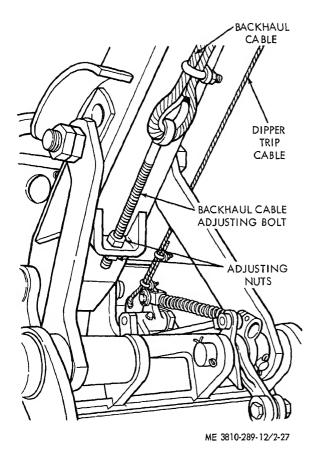
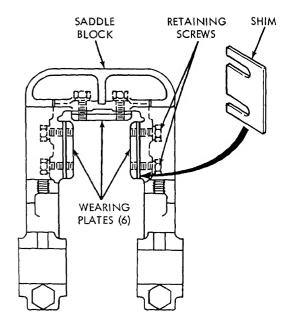


Figure 2-27. Backhaul cable adjustment.

- c. Disassembly.
- (1) To disassemble catwalk, reverse procedure in b, above.
- (2) To disassemble lead sections, lower boom so lead assembly rests on ground. Back up machine and lower boom simultaneously, coordinating the two movements until lead assembly rests on blocks or ground.
  - d. List of Common Hardware (fig. 2-29).



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Figure 2-28. Saddle block wearing plate adjustn

(1) Lead assembly top section (each).

Twelve lockwashers

Twelve hexagon nuts, ¾ in.

Four hexagon bolts, % in. x 3 in. long

Twelve hexagon bolts, ¾ in. x 2 in. long

Four lockwashers

Four hexagon nuts, ¾ in.

(2) Lead assembly lower section (each Sixteen hexagon bolts, ¾ in. x 2 in. long

Sixteen lockwashers

Sixteen hexagon nuts, ¾ in.

Four hexagon bolts, % in. x 3 in. long

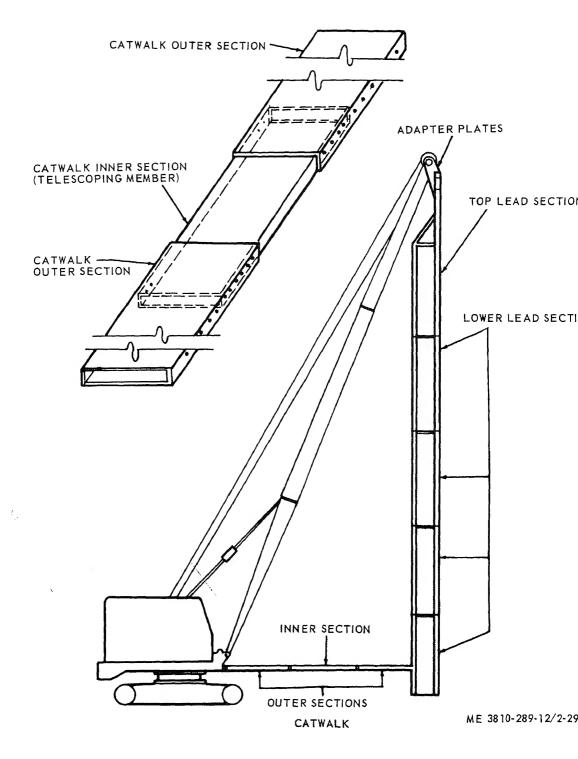
Four lockwashers

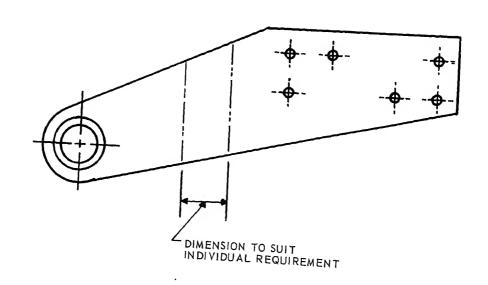
Four hexagon nuts, ¾ in.

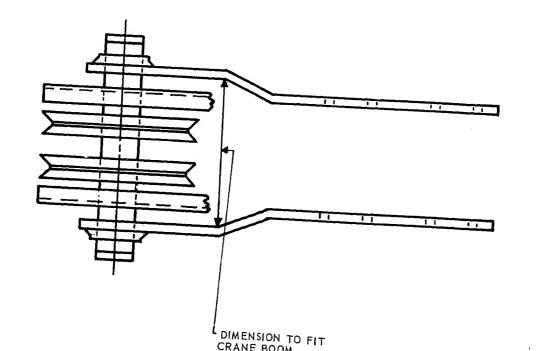
(3) Catwalk assembly.

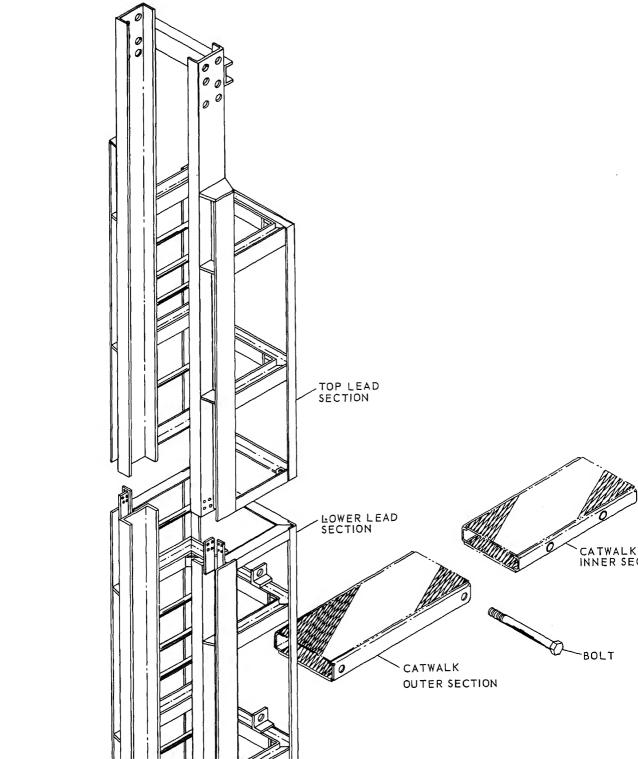
Two square bolts, ½ in. x 26% in. long Eight hexagon bolts, ½ in. x 2 in. long Ten lockwashers

Ten hexagon nuts, ½ in.









#### Section II. MOVEMENT TO NEW WORKSITE

### 2-10. Dismantling and Movement

- a. General. When it is necessary to move the crane-shovel to another worksite, it may be driven under its own power, or it may be transported by truck, rail, or air. Method of movement will depend on destination and distance involved.
- b. Movement Short Distance. The crane-shovel is not dismantled when moved a short distance under its own power. Proceed as follows:
- (1) Perform preventive maintenance checks and services (para 3-6).
- (2) Make sure all tools and equipment to be moved with the crane-shovel are clean, serviceable, and properly stowed.
- (3) Start engine (para 2-15) and drive crane-shovel to new worksite.
- c. Short Distance Movement by Carrier. For short distance moves by trailer or railroad car, the upper boom section can be removed and stacked on top of the lower section (fig. 2-30). The counterweight should be supported by an Aframe of wood timber (fig. 2-31).
- d. Dismantling for Long Distance Movement. Refer to the appropriate paragraphs in chapter 4 and remove the front end attachment.
  - e. Loading by Drive-On.
- (1) Refer to paragraph 2-15 and start engine.

- (2) Drive crane-shovel slowly and c up ramp onto carrier.
  - f. Loading by Lifting.
- (1) Position adequate lifting device rier.
- (2) Place lifting slings over lifting hook and attach to crane-shovel lifting ex 2-2).
- (3) Attach a tagline to keep cran from twisting or turning during lifting p

Warning: Keep all personnel not engloading procedure back and away from area to avoid injury, should slings break lift.

Caution: Do not allow crane-shovel or twist during lift. The added stress on li might cause them to break and drop crane causing extensive damage to the equipme

(4) Lift crane-shovel (on signal) an it over carrier and lower to position for the contract of the contract of

# 2-11. Reinstallation After Movement

For installation after movement to a ne site, refer to paragraphs 2–2 and 2–3.

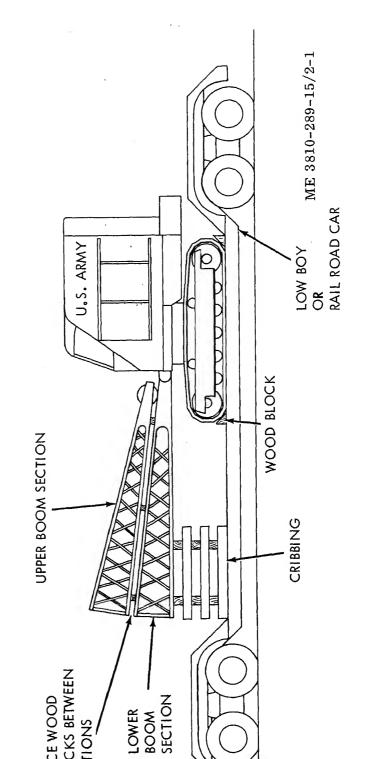
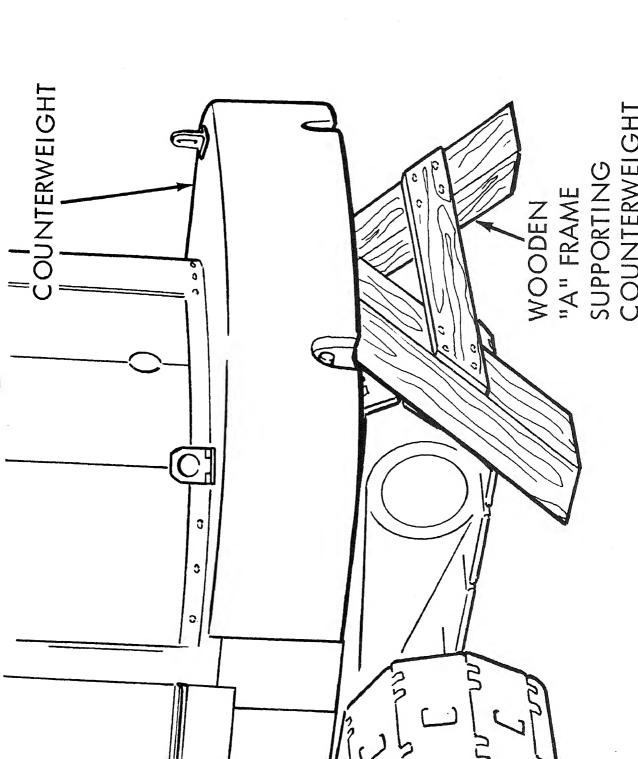


Figure 2–30. Crane-shovel mounted on trailer.



## Section III. CONTROLS AND INSTRUMENTS

### 2. General

s section describes, locates, illustrates, and hishes operator, crew, or organizational mainnce personnel sufficient information about ous controls and instruments for proper

ation of the model 22BM crane-shovel.

# 2-13. Controls and Instruments

The purpose of controls and instruments and the normal and maximum reading are illustrated if figures 2-32 through 2-37.

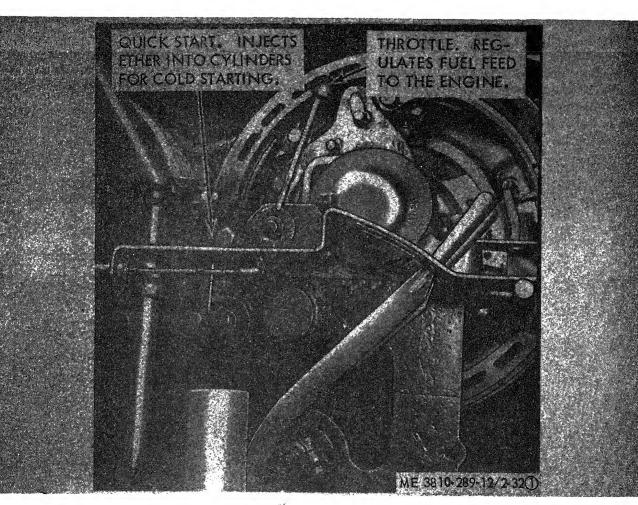
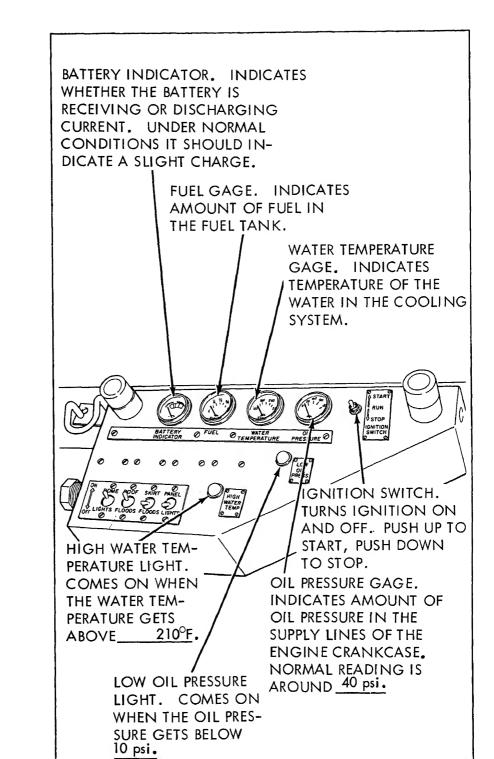
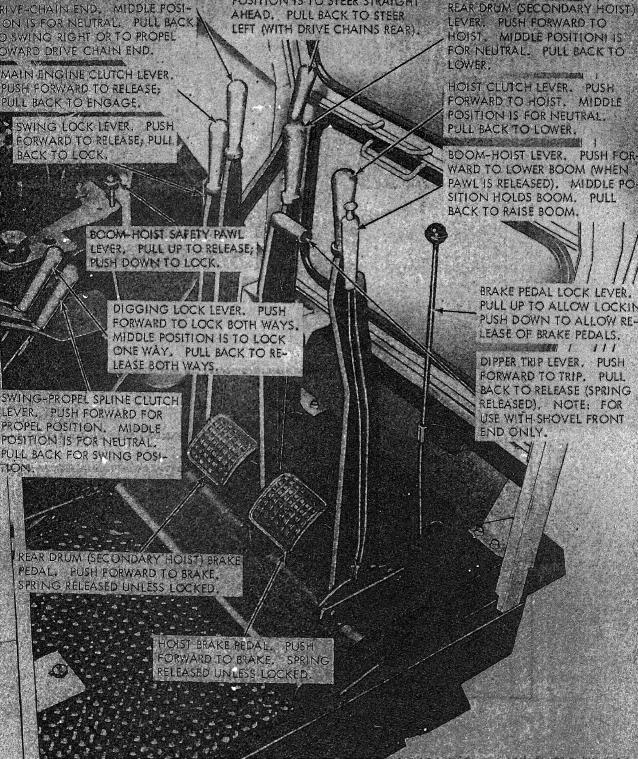
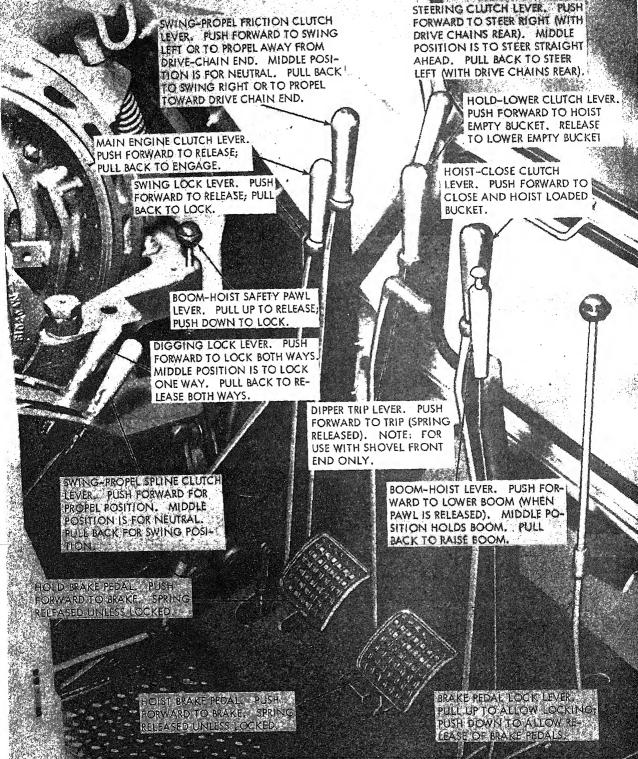


Figure 2-32. Engine controls and instruments (sheet 1 of 2).





DRIVE-CHAIN END. MIDDLE POSI-AHEAD. PULL BACK TO STEER TION IS FOR NEUTRAL. PULL BACK LEFT (WITH DRIVE CHAINS REAR). TO SWING RIGHT OR TO PROPEL DRAG CLUTCH LEVER. PUSH TOWARD DRIVE CHAIN END. FORWARD TO DRAG. PULL BACK TO RELEASE TO SWING MAIN ENGINE CLUTCH LEVER BUCKET OUT UNDER BOOM PUSH FORWARD TO RELEASE; POINT. PULL BACK TO ENGAGE. HOIST CLUTCH LEVER. PUSH SWING LOCK LEVER. PUSH FORWARD TO RELEASE; PULL FORWARD TO HOIST. MIDDLE POSITION IS FOR NEUTRAL. BACK TO LOCK. BOOM-HOIST SAFETY PAWL LEVER. PULL UP TO RELEASE, PUSH DOWN TO LOCK. DIGGING LOCK LEVER. PUSH FORWARD TO LOCK BOTH WAYS. MIDDLE POSITION IS TO LOCK ONE WAY. PULL BACK TO RE-LEASE BOTH WAYS, DIPPER TRIP LEVER. PUSH FORWARD TO TRIP (SPRING SWING-PROPEL SPLINE CLUTCH RELEASED). NOTE: FOR LEVER. PUSH FORWARD FOR USE WITH SHOVEL FRONT PROPEL POSITION. MIDDLE END ONLY. POSITION IS FOR NEUTRAL. PULL BACK FOR SWING POSI-BOOM-HOIST LEVER. PUSH FOR-TION. WARD TO LOWER BOOM (WHEN PAWL IS RELEASED). MIDDLE PO-SITION HOLDS BOOM. PULL BACK TO RAISE BOOM. DRAG BRAKE PEDAL. PUSH BRAKE PEDAL LOCK LEVER. FORWARD TO BRAKE, SPRING PULL UP TO ALLOW LOCKING: RELEASED UNLESS LOCKED. PUSH DOWN TO ALLOW RE-LEASE OF BRAKE PEDALS. HOIST BRAKE PEDAL. PUSH FORWARD TO BRAKE, SPRING RELEASED UNLESS LOCKED.



DRIVE-CHAIN END. MIDDLE POSI-TION IS FOR NEUTRAL. PULL BACK TO SWING RIGHT OR TO PROPEL TOWARD DRIVE CHAIN END. MAIN ENGINE CLUTCH LEVER. PUSH FORWARD TO RELEASE;

PULL BACK TO ENGAGE.

SWING LOCK LEVER. PUSH FORWARD TO RELEASE; PULL BACK TO LOCK.

BOOM-HOIST SAFETY PAWL LEVER. PULL UP TO RELEASE; PUSH DOWN TO LOCK.

> DIGGING LOCK LEVER. PUSH FORWARD TO LOCK BOTH WAYS. MIDDLE POSITION IS TO LOCK ONE WAY. PULL BACK TO RE-LEASE BOTH WAYS.

> > DIPPER TRIP LEVER. PUSH FORWARD TO TRIP (SPRING RELEASED). NOTE: FOR

USE WITH SHOVEL FRONT

END ONLY.

SWING-PROPEL SPLINE CLUTCH LEVER PUSH FORWARD FOR PROPEL POSITION. MIDDLE POSITION IS FOR NEUTRAL. PULL BACK FOR SWING POSI-TION.

DRAG BRAKE PEDAL : PUSH FORWARD TO BRAKE. SPRING RELEASED UNLESS LOCKED.

> HOIST BRAKE PEDAL. PUSH FORWARD TO BRAKE. SPRING RELEASED UNLESS LOCKED

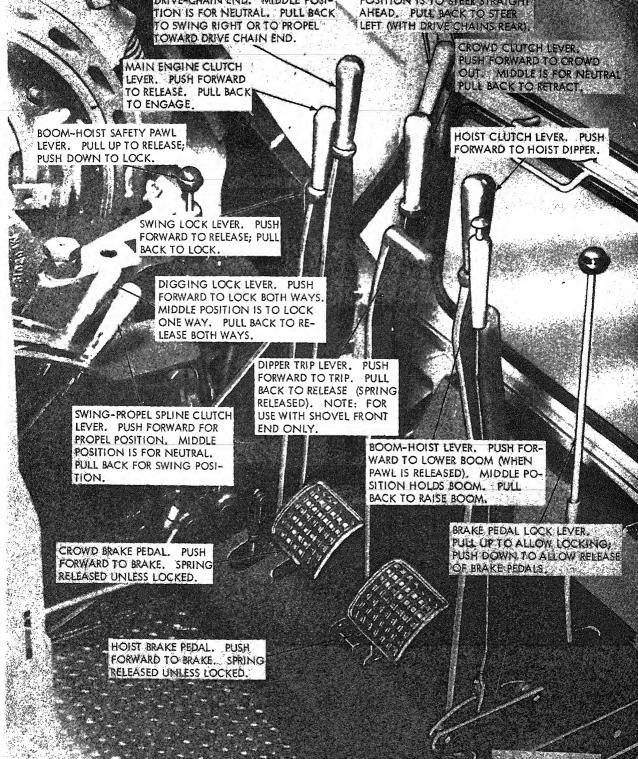
POSITION IS TO STEER STRAIGHT AHEAD. PULL BACK TO STEER LEFT (WITH DRIVE CHAINS REAR).

DRAG CLUTCH LEVER. PUSH FORWARD TO DRAG DIPPER IN! USE HOIST CLUTCH TO RUN DIPPER OUT.

> HOIST CLUTCH LEVER. PUSH FORWARD TO HOIST. RE-LEASE BRAKE TO LOWER.

BOOM-HOIST LEVER. PUSH FOR-WARD TO LOWER BOOM WHEN PAWL IS RELEASED). MIDDLE PO-SITION HOLDS BOOM. PULL BACK TO RAISE BOOM.

> BRAKE PEDAL LOCK LEVER. PULL UP TO ALLOW LOCKING: PUSH DOWN TO ALLOW RE-EASE OF BRAKE PEDALS



# Section IV. OPERATION UNDER USUAL CONDITIONS

preventive

#### Instructions in this section are published

4. General

ie-shovel.

- information and guidance of personnel reasible for operation of the crane-shovel.
- The operator must know how to perform y operation of which the crane-shovel is
- able. This section gives instructions on startand stopping the crane-shovel, basic mos of the crane-shovel, and on coordinating
- c motions to perform specific tasks for which equipment is designed. Since nearly every job
- sents a different problem, the operator may e to vary given procedures to fit the individual
- 5. Starting Preparation for Starting.

(1) Perform necessary daily

ntenance operations (para 3–6).

- ntenance services (para 3–6). (2) Check load requirements. Starting. Refer to figure 2–38 and start the
- 6. Stopping
- Refer to figure 2-39 and stop the craneæl. Perform the necessary daily preventive
- 7. Operation of Crane
- General.(1) Be sure the boom length and boom angle such that the load to be lifted comes within

limit given in the table of maximum allow-

lifting loads (para 1-5b, (9)). (2) Crane ratings are based on a firm and I foundation for the crane and if the footing oft enough so that the crane will sink in to any

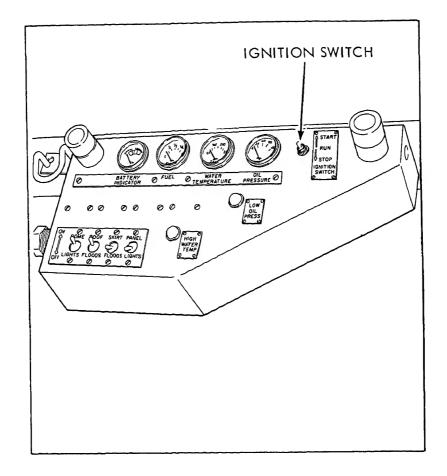
- (5) If necessary to propel with the loa suspended, snub it to the foot of the boom to prevent it swinging out beyond the boom point.
- (6) Keep the load as low as possible and us extreme care when traveling with a high boom. (7) Use the auxiliary hoist line for light
- loads only. (8) Be sure hoist and boom suspension cables are in good condition before making an

b. Operation.

operate the crane.

terials.

- heavy lifts. (9) Use the boom hoist to change the boom angle for accurately spotting the load, but avoi using the boom hoist with heavy loads suspended
  - (1) Start the crane-shovel (para 2–15). (2) Refer to figures 2-40 through 2-44 throu
- 2-18. Operation of Dragline
  - a. General.
- (1) Work with boom at highest angle the will allow the reach and accuracy needed for the particular job.
- (2) Avoid pulling the drag cable socket int the fairlead. (3) Be sure that the bucket teeth are kep
- sharp. (4) Do not use bucket of larger capacit
- than recommended for normal rapid operation Overloading results in extra maintenance an delay.
- (5) Take an even cut and fill the bucket, be ing sure to fill the back corners. Keep the dra hitch adjusted for the best penetration of ma
- (6) Piling dirt under the boom foot waste time and power and makes a wearing trap for th drag cable.
  - (7) It is important to use the proper lengt

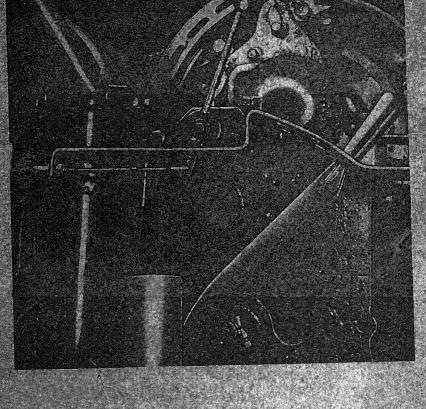


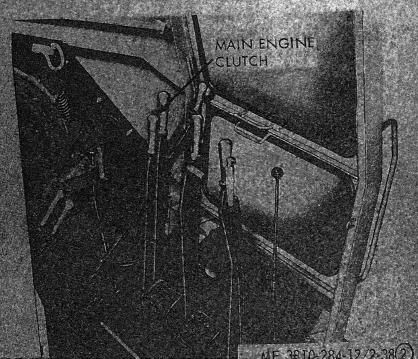
STEP 1. SET THROTTLE FOR IDLE SPEED.

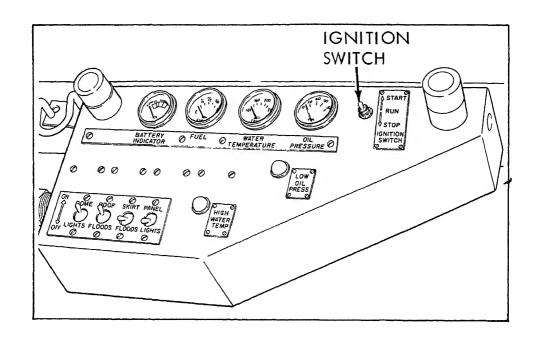
STEP 2. DISENGAGE THE MAIN ENGINE CLUTCH (PUSH FORWARD).

STEP 3. PUSH THE IGNITION SWITCH UP TO START THE ENGINE.

CAUTION. TO PREVENT PERMANENT CRANKING MOTOR DAMAGE, DO NOT CRANK ENGINE FOR MORE THAN 30 SECONDS CONTINUOUSLY. IF ENGINE DOES NOT FIRE WITHIN FIRST 30 SECONDS. WAIT ONE TO







NOTE. IT IS IMPORTANT TO IDLE AN ENGINE 3 TO 5
MINUTES BEFORE SHUTTING IT DOWN TO ALLOW
LUBRICATING OIL AND WATER TO CARRY HEAT
AWAY FROM THE COMBUSTION CHAMBER,
BEARINGS, SHAFTS, ETC.

CAUTION. LONG PERIODS OF IDLING ARE NOT GOOD FOR AN ENGINE BÉCAUSE OPERATING TEMPERATURES DROP SO LOW THE FUEL MAY NOT BURN COMPLETELY. THIS WILL CAUSE CARBON TO CLOG THE INJECTOR SPRAY HOLES AND PISTON RINGS.

IF ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE BECOMES TOO LOW, RAW FUEL WILL WASH LUBRICATING OIL OFF CYLINDER WALLS AND DILUTE CRANKCASE OIL SO ALL MOVING PARTS OF THE ENGINE WILL SUFFER FROM POOR LUBRICATION.

STEP 1. THE ENGINE CAN BE SHUT DOWN COMPLETELY



BOOM HOIST

EVER

BOOM HOIST SAFETY PAWL HAS A TENDENCY TO CONTINUE LOWERING
AFTER THE BOOM HOIST LEVER HAS BEEN PLACED
IN NEUTRAL, PULL THE BOOM HOIST LEVER BACK
PAST NEUTRAL. THIS SETS THE CLUTCH FOR
RAISING THE BOOM AND QUICKLY STOFS THE
BOOM. AS SOON AS THE BOOM HAS STOPPED
LOWERING, ENGAGE THE BOOM HAS STOPPED
LOWERING, ENGAGE THE BOOM HAS STOPPED
PAWL BY PUSHING DOWN ON THE BOOM-BOIST
SAFETY PAWL LEVER.

THE EXACT SPOT WITH

THE BOOM AND SMING MOVEMENTS

SAFETY PAWL LEVER.

TO RAISE THE BOOM, PULL BACK ON THE BOOM-HOIST LEVER (IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO RELEASE THE BOOM-HOIST SAFETY PAWL). WHEN THE

BOOM HAS REACHED THE DESIRED POSITION, RE-TURN THE BOOM-HOIST LEVER TO METHALL 2017-2-2-4

ERING BY RETURNING THE

THE SPRINGESET BRAKE AND PERMITS

BOOM-HOIST SAFETY PAWL LEVER E BOOM-HOIST LEVER FORWARD.

Y, BY PULLING BACK ON THE BOOM

NTING OR OVERSHOOTING. ER THE BOOM, RAISE THE BOOM RELEASE PAWL BY PULLING U

A RATE DEPENDENT

IF THE BOOM

OIST LEVEL TO NEUTRAL

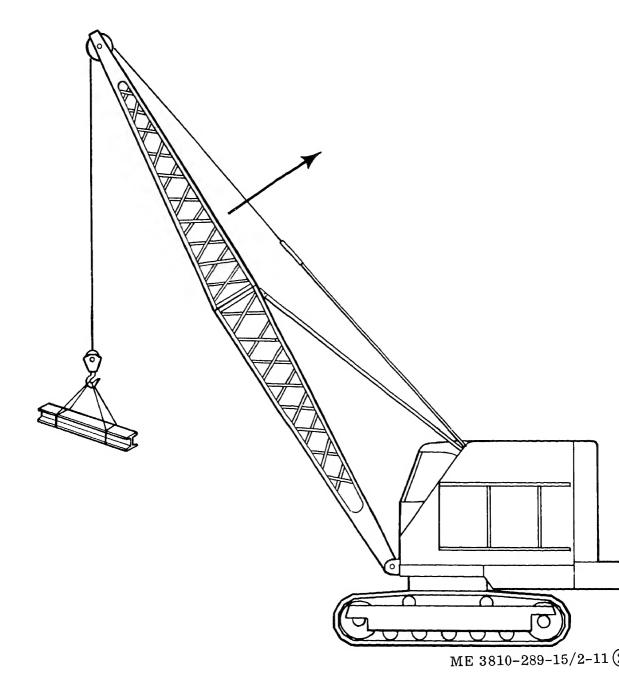
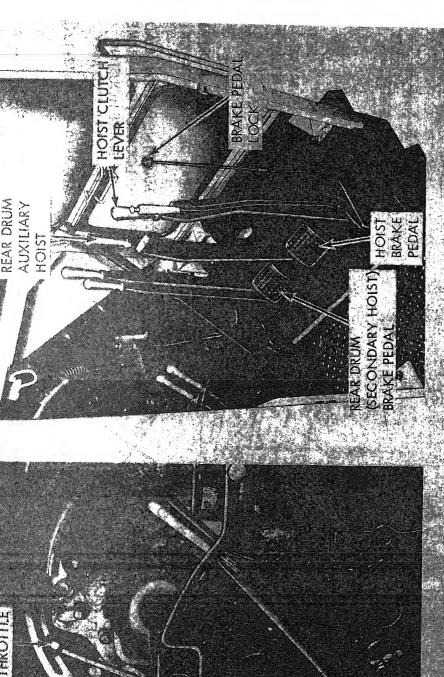


Figure 2-40. Operating the crane-shovel, spotting operation (sheet 2 of 2).



HÖIST CABLE. HOIST THE LOAD TO THE DESII HEIGHT. APPLY THE HOIST BRAKE PEDAL AND DISENGAGE THE HOIST CEUTCH LEVER BY PUL ING IT INTO NEUTRAL POSITION. APPLY THE BRAKE BEFORE DISENGAGING THE CLUTCH TO PREVENT THE LOAD FROM FALLING FREE.

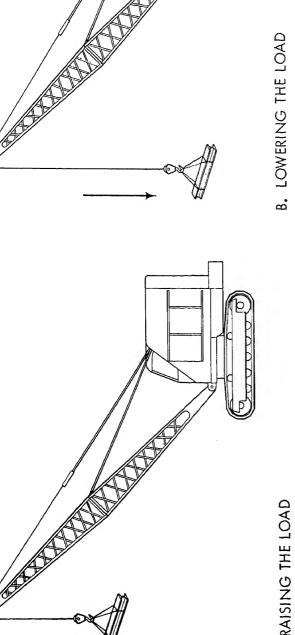
AT THE PROPER ANGLE FOR THE LOAD

ST THE LOAD, POSITION THE CRAI

ORKING CONDITIONS (FIGURE 2-11). HE CORRECT ANGLE PROM THE LOAD

THE CRANE HOOK TO THE LOAD

4. LOCK THE BRAKE PEDAL BY PULLING UP ON THE BRAKE PEDAL LOCK. TO LOWER THE LOAD



RELEASE THE BRAKE, PUSH DOWN THE I ONLY THE PEDAL PUSHED DOWN WILL PEDAL LOCK LEVER THEN DEPRESS THE

> ENGINE, PULL THE HOIST CLUTCH LEVER BACK-TO LOWER THE LOAD UNDER CONTROL OF THE

\_-

SCENDS CAN BE CONTROLLED BY THE ENGINE

THROTTLE CONTROL.

PEDAL. THE SPEED AT WHICH THE LOAD DE-

WARD WHILE RELEASING THE HOIST BRAKE

TO LOWER THE LOAD BY GRAVITY, LEAVE THE HOIST CLUTCH LEVER IN NEUTRAL AND CON-

TROL THE RATE OF DESCENT WITH THE HOIST

BRAKE PEDAL ONLY.

ENGAGE THE LOCK.

THE AUXILIARY HOIST LINE REEVED TO REAR DRUM IS CONTROLLED BY THE RE STEP 4.

BRAKE PEDAL AND THE REAR DRUM AU) **NEVER LEAVE THE MACHINE WITH HOIST** 

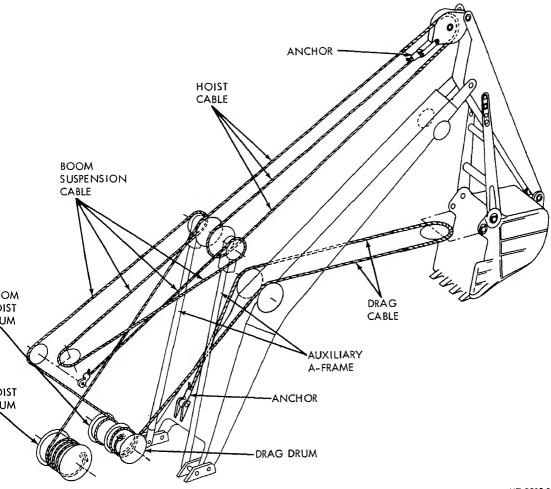
SUSPENDED ON THE LOCKED FOC THE COOLING OF THE BRAKE HO tends to release the brake an DROP THE LOAD. ME 3810-289-1

WARNING.

TO LOCK THE BRAKE IN POSITION, PULL UP ON

THE BRAKE PEDAL LOCK LEVER, THEN DEPRESS

THE PEDAL UNTIL THE LATCH ENGAGES.



ME 3810-289-12/2-16

Figure 2-16. Backhoe cable reeving.

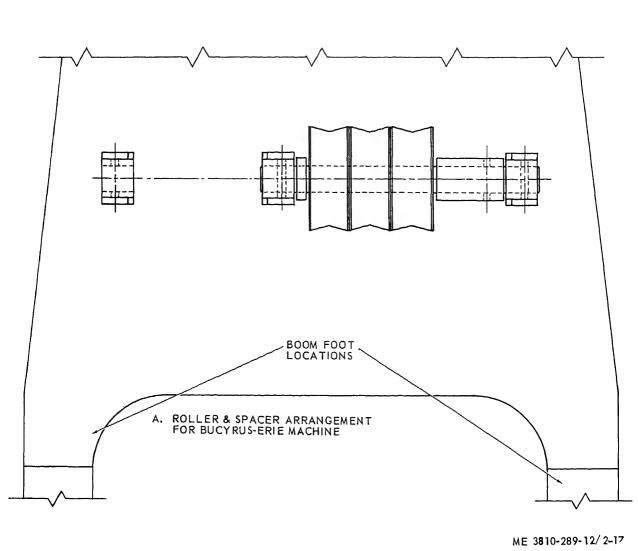
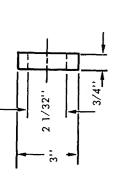
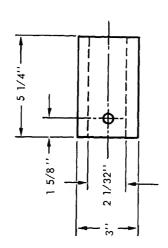
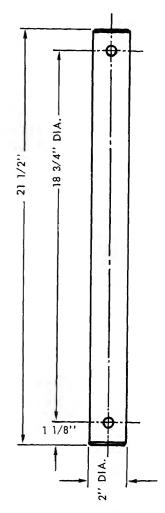


Figure 2-17. Roller and spacer arrangement.







ME 3810-289-12/2-18

Figure 2-18. Roller assembly, shaft and spacers.

Figure 2-19. Crowd chain sprocket, removal and installation.

(a) Refer to table 4-3 for correct cable

(b) Lead cable (1) over left A-frame sheave and attach to boom hoist drum.

length.

- (c) Lead cable under left boom point sheave.
- (d) Lead cable (2) around upper A-frame yoke sheave and over right boom point sheave.
- (e) Lead cable (4) over right A-frame sheave and under right boom point sheave. (f) Lead cable (6) around lower A-frame
- yoke sheave and over left boom point sheave. (g) Attach cable (8) to anchor on A-
- frame. (11) Boom raised to 45° angle. Refer to figure 2-23.
  - (a) Hoist (fig. 2-23). 1. Refer to table 4-3 for correct cable

(12) Shovel cable reeving.

2. Remove cable guard on

3. Loop middle of cable

4. Lead right end of cal

5. Lead left end of cab

6. Install cable guard an

1. Refer to table 4-3 for

(d) Dipper trip (fig. 2-24).

around shipper shaft drum, through tion of boom to the right groove, socket at right side of crowd drum.

around shipper shaft drum, through of boom to the left groove, and anch

1. Refer to table 4-3 for

(0) Crowa (ny. z-zo).

length.

handle.

casting.

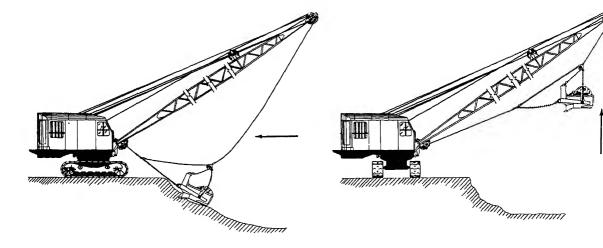
all the way out until stops rest a block. (c) Backhaul (fig. 2-23)

left side of crowd drum.

- length. 2. Insert cable in drum soc
- 3. Wind one wrap on cen drum and attach.
- 4. Lead other end over groove on shipper shaft drum and justing bolt on dipper handle. 5. Turn nuts on adjustme
  - - 1. Lead end over sheave of boom and through guide sheave le foot on right side.

down as possible.

- 2. Lead cable under deck, sheave, and attach to dipper trip 3. Attach other end to d
- top of dipper. (13) Adjustments.
  - (a) Dipper trip clutch (fig
    - 1. Dipper trip cable show



#### A. DRAGING THE BUCKET

- STEP 1. LOWER BUCKET TO DIGGING AREA. IF CUT IS BELOW MACHINE LEVEL, IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO PAY OUT DRAG CABLE TO OBTAIN MAXIMUM BOOM REACH.
- STEP 2. RELEASE THE DRAG BRAKE, ENGAGE DRAG CLUTCH, AND EASE OFF THE HOIST BRAKE TO ALLOW HOIST CABLE TO FOLLOW BUCKET.
- NOTE: DO NOT PULL THE DRAG CABLE ANCHOR INTO THE FAIRLEAD.

#### B. HOISTING THE BUCKET

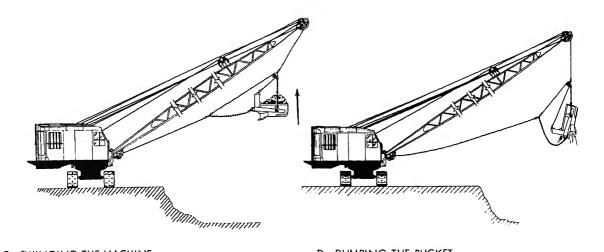
ENGAGE DRAG CLUTCH, RELEASE HOIST BR.
AND ENGAGE HOIST CLUTCH. AS THE BUC
RISES, EASE OFF THE DRAG BRAKE SO THAT
DRAG CABLE WILL FOLLOW THE BUCKET.

STEP 3. AS SOON AS THE BUCKET IS FILLED, DIS-

STEP 4. HOIST BUCKET UNTIL IT IS CLEAR OF OBSTRI
TIONS. DISENGAGE HOIST CLUTCH AND
ENGAGE HOIST AND DRAG BRAKES.

ME 3810-289-12/2-4

Figure 2-45. Operating the dragline (sheet 1 of 2).



C. SWINGING THE MACHINE

STEP 5. SWING THE MACHINE (FIGURE 2-42) TO THE DUMPING AREA.

D. DUMPING THE BUCKET

STEP 6. DUMP THE BUCKET BY RELEASING THE DRAG BRAKE. WHEN THE LOAD IS DUMPED RETURN TO DIGGING AREA.

ME 3810-289-12/2-45(2)

Figure 2-45. Operating the dragline (sheet 2 of 2).

# (1) Keep the boom as high as conditions will not, but be careful not to let the bucket swing

9. Operation of Clamshell

General.

- nst the underside of the boom.

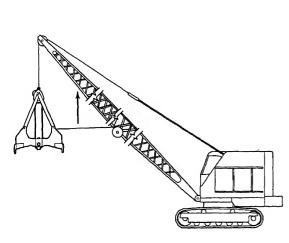
  (2) Keep sufficient tension on the bucket ne so that the bucket will not spin and foul
- ables.

  (3) When transferring material from a spile, always excavate the center of it so that material falls inwards and helps to insure
- material falls inwards, and helps to insure l bucket every time.

  (4) Start and stop the swing motion slowly at the loaded bucket will not swing excessive-
- the cab when the bucket is off the ground. Operation.

(5) Do not disengage the main clutch or

Start the crane-shovel (para 2-15).
 Refer to figure 2-46 to operate the clam-



STEP 1. HOIST OPEN BUCKET BY RELEASING HOLD AND

CLUTCH LEVER FORWARD. HOIST UNTIL

HOIST BRAKES AND PUSHING HOLD-LOWER

A. RAISING OPEN BUCKET

# a. General.

vation during the shutdown hours.

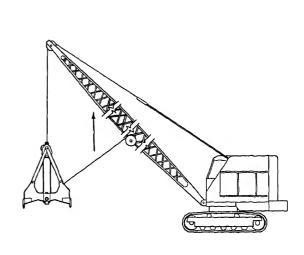
2-20. Operation of Backhoe

- (1) Be sure that the dipper teeth are kept
- sharp and built up to proper size.

  (2) When dragging in the dipper, keep a slight pressure on the hoist brake; this will in-
- slight pressure on the hoist brake; this will insure that the weight of the boom is not transferred to the dipper.
- (3) Don't swing into trench walls. Be sure to clear bank or trench wall when hoisting out of the cut before attempting to swing.(4) Do not allow the machine to stand at the end of the trench or near the edge of other exca-
- (5) Do not propel the machine back over a partly excavated trench.
  - b. Operation.

hoe.

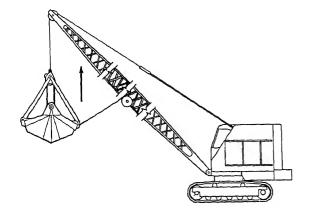
- (1) Start the crane-shovel (para 2-15).
- (2) Refer to figure 2–47 to operate the back

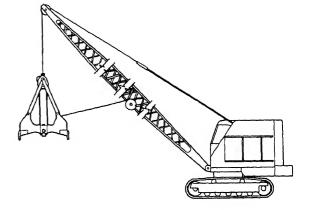


B. LOWERING OPEN BUCKET

STEP 3. SWING MACHINE (FIGURE 2-42) TO DIGGING

STEP 4. LOWER OPEN BUCKET BY RELEASING HOLD





### C. RAISING CLOSED BUCKET

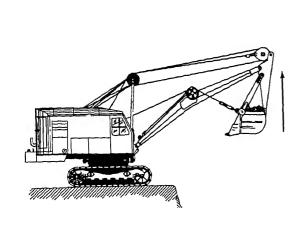
STEP 5. FILL, CLOSE, AND HOIST BUCKET BY PUSHING HOIST-CLOSE CLUTCH LEVER FORWARD AND PUSHING HOLD-LOWER CLUTCH LEVER FORWARD JUST ENOUGH TO PLACE SLIGHT DRAG ON REAR DRUM CLUTCH. DRAG WILL CAUSE REAR DRUM TO WIND HOLDING CABLE WHILE BUCKET IS BEING CLOSED AND HOISTED BY THE GLOSING CABLE.

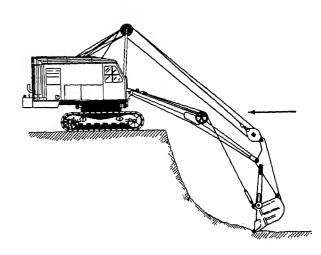
D. DUMPING BUCKET

STEP 6. SWING MACHINE (FIGURE 2-42) TO DUMP AREA. STEP 7. DUMP BY RELEASING HOIST BRAKE.

ME 3810-289-12/2-46(2)

Figure 2-46. Operating the clamshell (sheet 2 of 2).





A. HOISTING THE DIPPER

B. DRAGING THE DIPPER

STEP 1. HOIST AND EXTEND DIPPER BY PUSHING HOIST CLUTCH LEVER FORWARD AND RIDING DRAG

STEP 4. DRAG DIPPER BY PUSHING DRAG CLUTCH LEVER FORWARD AND EASING OFF THE HOIST BRAKE.

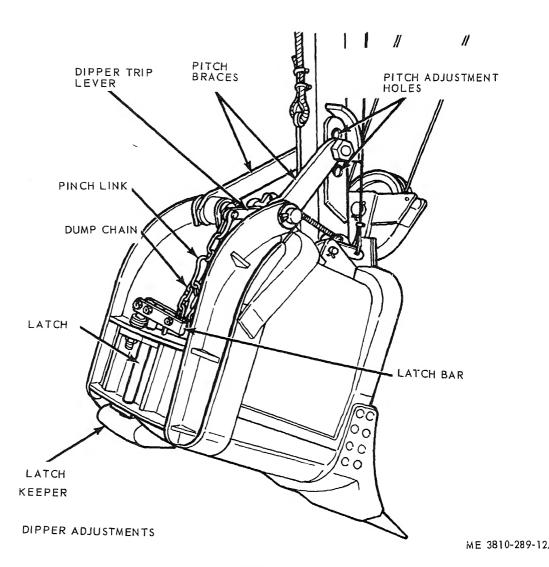


Figure 2-26. Dipper adjustment.

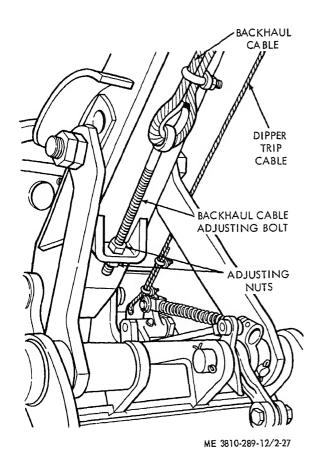


Figure 2-27. Backhaul cable adjustment.

- $c.\ Disassembly.$
- (1) To disassemble catwalk, reverse procedure in b, above.
- (2) To disassemble lead sections, lower boom so lead assembly rests on ground. Back up machine and lower boom simultaneously, coordinating the two movements until lead assembly rests on blocks or ground.
  - d. List of Common Hardware (fig. 2-29).

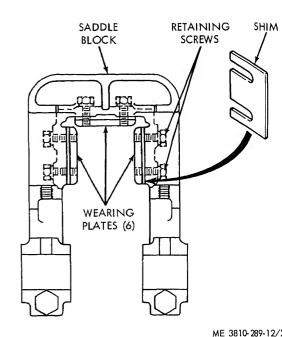


Figure 2-28. Saddle block wearing plate adjusts

(1) Lead assembly top section (each)

Twelve hexagon bolts, ¾ in. x 2 in. long Twelve lockwashers

Twelve hexagon nuts, ¾ in.

Four hexagon bolts, % in. x 3 in. long Four lockwashers

Four hexagon nuts, 34 in.

(2) Lead assembly lower section (ea

Sixteen hexagon bolts, 34 in. x 2 in. long

Sixteen lockwashers

Sixteen hexagon nuts, ¾ in.

Four hexagon bolts, % in. x 3 in. long Four lockwashers

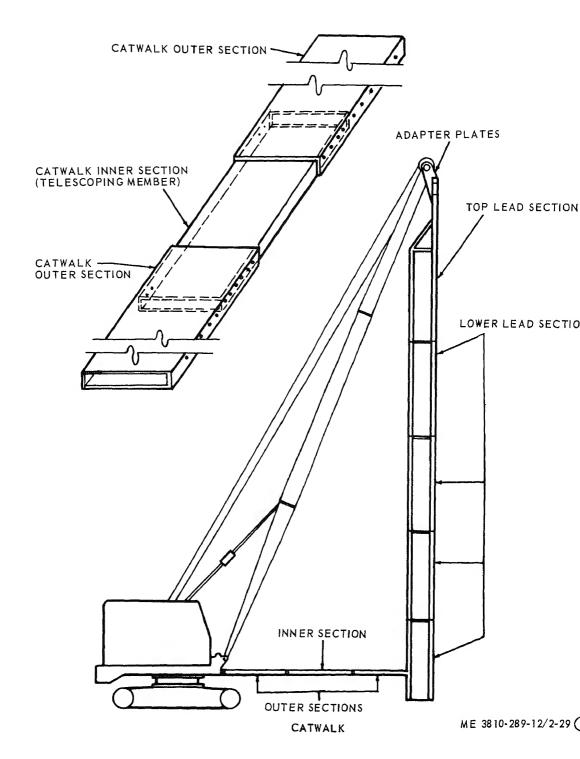
Four hexagon nuts, ¾ in.

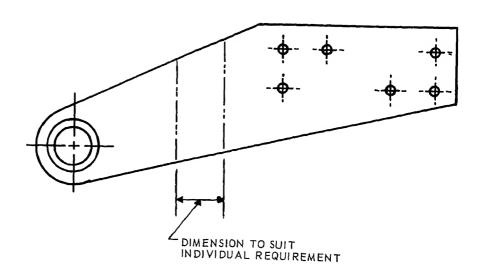
(3) Catwalk assembly.

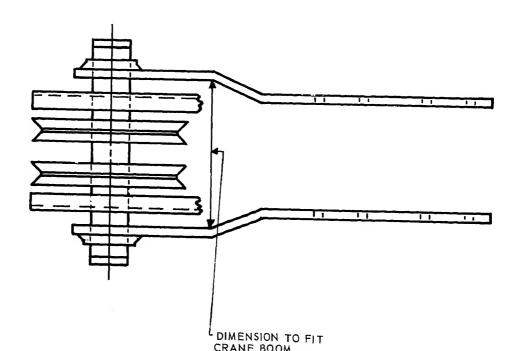
Two square bolts,  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. x 26% in. long Eight hexagon bolts,  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. x 2 in. long

Ten lockwashers

Ten hexagon nuts, 1/2 in.







or propelling over average soft ground. Where round is too soft to support the machine, timber nats should be used. These can be made by drilling holes through logs or timber and inserting and bolts or wire rope to hold them together. Use

d. The crane-shovel has sufficient bearing area

f rope gives completed mat more flexibility to

ollow uneven ground conditions than use of rod

olts. Addition of timbers or planks along sides

f mat will help prevent machine slipping side-

rays off mat. Mats can be made in sections about

feet wide by 12 feet long with rope slings at

nds. Sections can be hoisted with a separate rope

r chain sling and swung from rear to front as

e. If material or time for mat construction is ot available, logs or branches can be laid cross-

ays of tracks to form corduroy road for pro-

achine progresses.

elling over soft ground.

the drilled holes will in some cases provide textra traction required.

2-26. Operation in Salt-Water Areas

If machine is operated within a few miles of s

short lengths of chain. The use of bolts only

coast, paint exposed painted surfaces (outside cab, boom, etc.) carefully with suitable paint a take care in repainting wherever and whenev paint becomes scratched or worn away. Expose metal parts that cannot be painted should be keewell coated with oil or grease. If machine operations with lower works immersed in salt water,

well coated with oil or grease. If machine opera with lower works immersed in salt water, parts that are in contact with water should kept well coated with asphaltum.

The crane-shovel is designed to operate at al

2–27. Operation in High Altitudes

air and fuel mixture.

tudes up to 5,000 feet above sea level. High altitudes will require readjustment of the fupump and fuel injectors to maintain the prop

f. Extra traction for unusually soft or loose poting can be improvised by drilling four holes a every fourth tread and bolting on bars or



### **CHAPTER 3**

### OPERATOR'S MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

### Section I. BASIC ISSUE ITEMS

### —1. Tools and Equipment

Tools, equipment, and repair parts issued with authorized for the model 22BM crane-shovel re listed in the basic issue items list, appendix C.

# 3-2. Maintenance and Operating Supplies

Maintenance and operating supplies require for initial operation are listed in section III appendix C.

### Section II. LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS

### -3. General

This section contains lubrication instructions hich are supplemental to, and not specifically

overed, in the lubrication order. For the current brication order, refer to DA PAM 310-4 (Miliry Publications).

### –4. Detailed Lubrication Information

liners and store in a clean, dry place, away from cternal heat. Allow no dust, dirt, or other foreign aterial to mix with the lubricants. Keep all

brication equipment clean and ready for use.

a. General. Keep all lubricants in closed con-

b. Cleaning. Keep all external parts not re-

airing lubrication clean of lubricants. Before bricating the equipment, wipe all lubrication

points free of dirt and grease. Clean all lubrition points after lubricating to prevent accum lation of foreign matter.

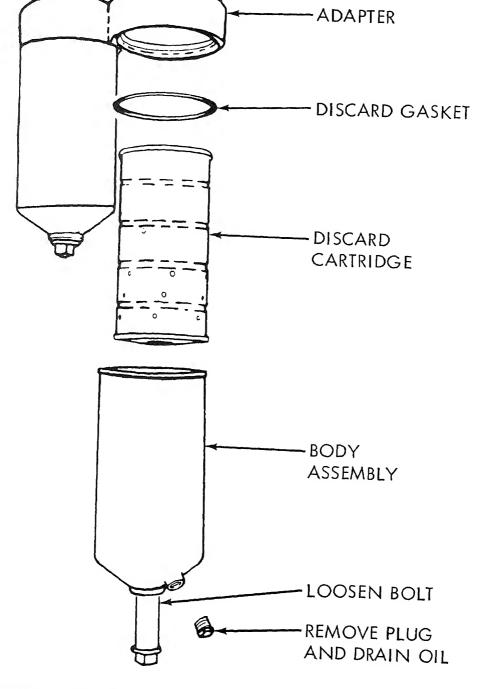
c. Points of Lubrication. Service the lubri tion points at proper intervals as illustrated on lubrication order.

## d. OES Oil.

- (1) Crankcase oil level must be checked f quently, as oil consumption may increase.
- (2) Oil may require changing more f quently than usual because contamination by di tion and sludge formation will increase und

cold weather operation conditions.

e. Oil Filter Service. Refer to figure 3-1 a service the oil filter.



NOTE: THE OIL FILTER SHOULD BE CHANGED AFTER 800 GALLONS OF FUEL HAVE BEEN USED, OR AFTER 250 HOURS, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST.

### Section III. CONTROLS AND INSTRUMENTS

### 2-12. General

This section describes, locates, illustrates, and furnishes operator, crew, or organizational maintenance personnel sufficient information about various controls and instruments for proper operation of the model 22BM crane-shovel.

### 2-13. Controls and Instruments

The purpose of controls and instruments and t normal and maximum reading are illustrate figures 2-32 through 2-37.

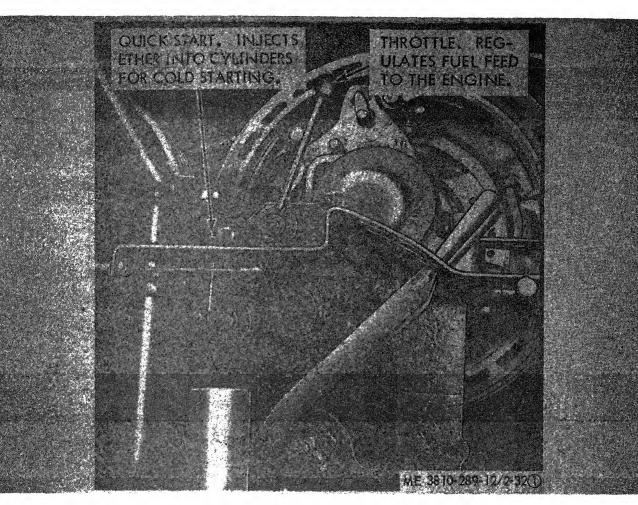


Figure 2-32. Engine controls and instruments (sheet 1 of 2).

BATTERY INDICATOR. INDICATES WHETHER THE BATTERY IS RECEIVING OR DISCHARGING CURRENT. UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS IT SHOULD IN-DICATE A SLIGHT CHARGE. FUEL GAGE. INDICATES AMOUNT OF FUEL IN THE FUEL TANK. WATER TEMPERATURE GAGE. INDICATES TEMPERATURE OF THE WATER IN THE COOLING SYSTEM. STOP IGNITION SWITCH IGNITION SWITCH. TURNS IGNITION ON AND OFF. PUSH UP TO HIGH WATER TEM-START, PUSH DOWN TO STOP. PERATURE LIGHT. COMES ON WHEN OIL PRESSURE GAGE. THE WATER TEM-INDICATES AMOUNT OF PERATURE GETS OIL PRESSURE IN THE 210°F. SUPPLY LINES OF THE ABOVE ENGINE CRANKCASE. NORMAL READING IS LOW OIL PRESSURE AROUND 40 psi. LIGHT. COMES ON WHEN THE OIL PRES-SURE GETS BELOW 10 psi.

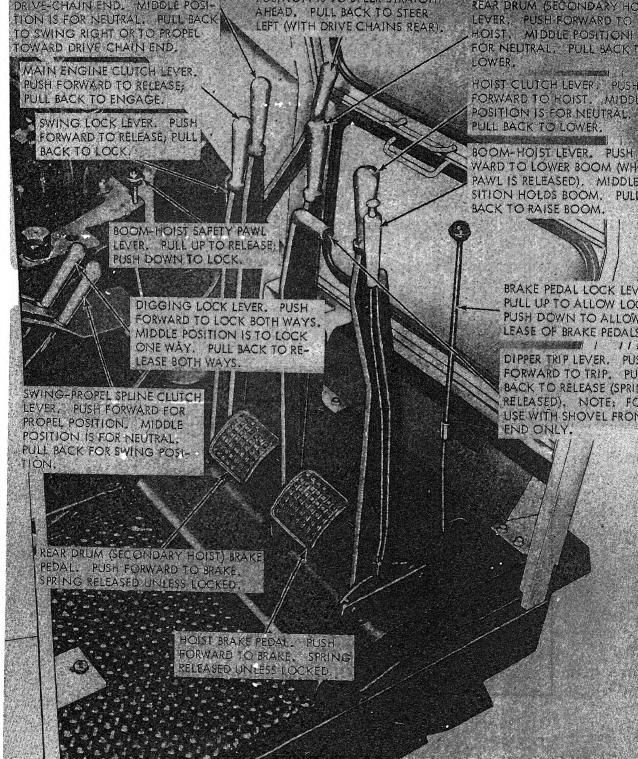


	Chart 3-1. Troubleshooting—Continue	d
Malfunction	Probable cause	

	c. Lack of lubrication.	c. Lubricate (see LO).
3. Clamshell bucket fails to close.	Closing line jammed in sheaves.	Lower bucket and free line.
d. Clamshell bucket fails to open.	Holding line jammed in sheaves.	Lower bucket and free line.
). Dragline not operating properly.	<ul> <li>a. Dump cable not adjusted properly.</li> </ul>	a. Shorten or lengthen dump cable until proper operation is obtained
	b. Fairlead rollers and sheaves.	b. Lubricate (refer to LO).

Section V. MAINTENANCE OF ENGINE CLUTCH ASSEMBLY, RELEASE

a. Hoist brake grabbing.

a. Dipper trip cable jammed.

b. Dipper latch bar bent.

b. Clutches grabbing.

Shovel bucket fails to close. a. Door or latch jammed. b. Dipper trip handle stuck. Shovel not operating properly. a. Dipper pitch not correct. b. Crowd brake not adjusted. Backhoe not operating properly. a. Cable out of sheave groove. b. Brakeband dragging.

b. Adjust brake (para 3-30).

3-11. Control Levers Adjustment

in the main lever bank (fig. 3-4).

# MECHANISM CONTROL LEVERS, AND TURNTABLE SWINGLOCK –9. General Instructions in this section are published for

Clamshell operates erratically.

1. Shovel bucket fails to open.

ne information and guidance of the operator to aintain the crane-shovel. -10. Clutch Assembly

# a. General. The main engine clutch (fig. 3-2)

hould engage smoothly with a distinct snap and reasonably hard lever action. It should be adisted at the first sign of slippage. b. Inspection (fig. 3-3). Check to see if operatng clutches hold securely when engaged and are

ompletely free when operating levers are in eutral position. Check operating linkage for

rear and proper operation, and see that con-

teeth.

3-12. Swing Lock Adjustment (fig. 3-5) a. Pull the swing lock lever back and che the engagement of the lock between the teeth

(fig

the fixed gear ring. The lock should extend at lea half way along the teeth profile; if it does no put the control lever in the forward position, move pins'"A" and "B" and unscrew the adju

check that the lock does not foul the top of t

Adjust linkage by tightening or loosening a

justing nuts on rod ends or adjustable device

adjust until control levers are in a vertical po tion when in neutral and alined with each oth

ing screw one or two turns. b. Reassemble the pins in the toggle links a

Corrective action

a. Adjust brakeband (para 3-30).

a. Check dipper trip cable reeving

(fig. 2-24).

b. Operate handle.

2-26).

b. Check bar (fig. 2-26).

a. Remove foreign material.

a. Correct the dipper pitch

b. Adjust crowd brake (fig. 2-21).

a. Replace cable in sheave groove.

b. Adjust clutch (para 3-29).

ecting pins and bolts are secure. c. Service. The engine clutch pilot bearing may e sealed-type or may be greased sparingly every

BOLT (12)

CLUTCH

HOUSING

HYDRAULIC FITTING

INSTRUCTION PLATE

Transmission. Chain

ME 3810-289-15/3-11

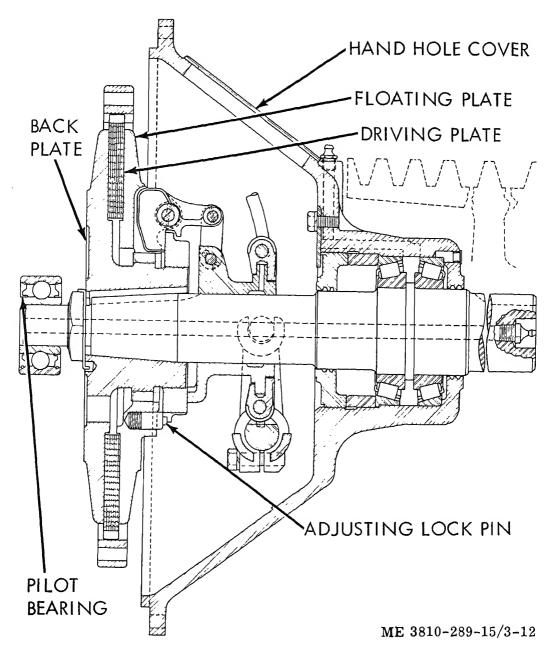
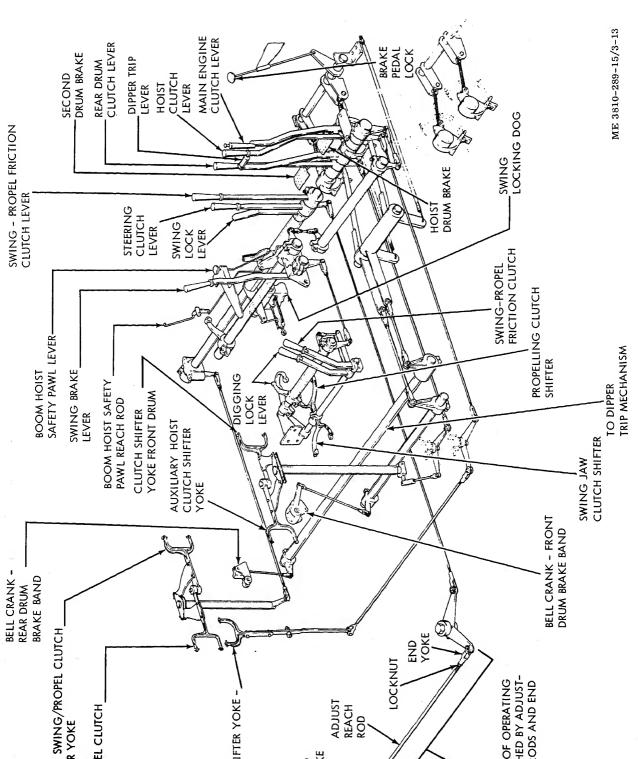


Figure 3-3. Engine clutch assembly inspection.



# Section IV. OPERATION UNDER USUAL CONDITIONS

ng and stopping the crane-shovel, basic mocons of the crane-shovel, and on coordinating asic motions to perform specific tasks for which he equipment is designed. Since nearly every job resents a different problem, the operator may

ave to vary given procedures to fit the individual

a. Instructions in this section are published

or information and guidance of personnel re-

b. The operator must know how to perform

very operation of which the crane-shovel is

apable. This section gives instructions on start-

ponsible for operation of the crane-shovel.

-14. General

ob.

-15. Starting

rane-shovel.

a. Preparation for Starting.

(2) Check load requirements.

- (1) Perform necessary daily preventive naintenance services (para 3-6).
- –16. Stopping

b. Starting. Refer to figure 2-38 and start the

- a. Refer to figure 2-39 and stop the cranehovel.
- b. Perform the necessary daily preventive naintenance operations (para 3-6).
- -17. Operation of Cranea. General.(1) Be sure the boom length and boom angle
- (1) Be sure the boom length and boom angle re such that the load to be lifted comes within the limit given in the table of maximum allowble lifting loads (para 1-5b, (9)).

  (2) Crane ratings are based on a firm and

vel foundation for the crane and if the footing

s soft enough so that the crane will sink in to any

- (5) If necessary to propel with the losuspended, snub it to the foot of the boom to p
- (6) Keep the load as low as possible and extreme care when traveling with a high boom (7) Use the auxiliary hoist line for light

vent it swinging out beyond the boom point.

- loads only.

  (8) Be sure hoist and boom suspensicables are in good condition before making a
- heavy lifts.

  (9) Use the boom hoist to change the boangle for accurately spotting the load, but avousing the boom hoist with heavy loads suspendent.

b. Operation.

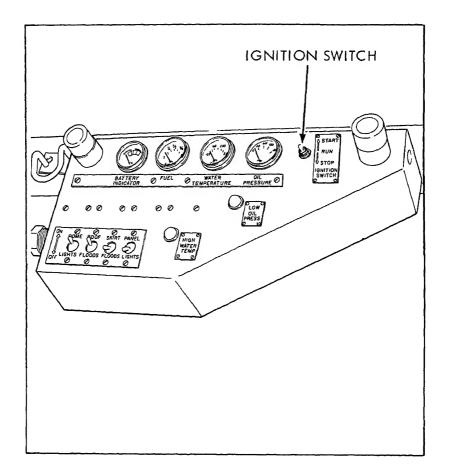
- (2) Refer to figures 2–40 through 2–44 operate the crane.
- 2-18. Operation of Dragline a. General.
- (1) Work with boom at highest angle the will allow the reach and accuracy needed for the state of the state o
- particular job.

  (2) Avoid pulling the drag cable socket in the fairlead.

(1) Start the crane-shovel (para 2-15).

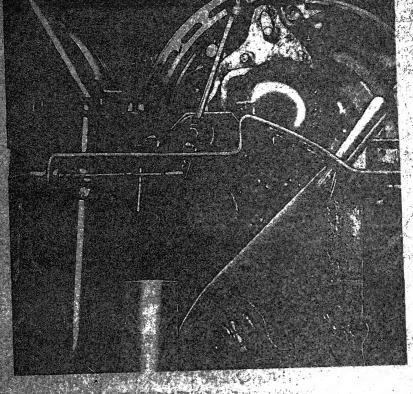
- (3) Be sure that the bucket teeth are ke sharp.
- (4) Do not use bucket of larger capac than recommended for normal rapid operation Overloading results in extra maintenance a delay.
- (5) Take an even cut and fill the bucket, I ing sure to fill the back corners. Keep the dr hitch adjusted for the best penetration of m
- (6) Piling dirt under the boom foot was time and power and makes a wearing trap for t
- drag cable.

  (7) It is important to use the proper leng

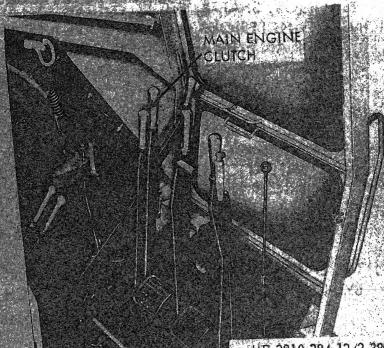


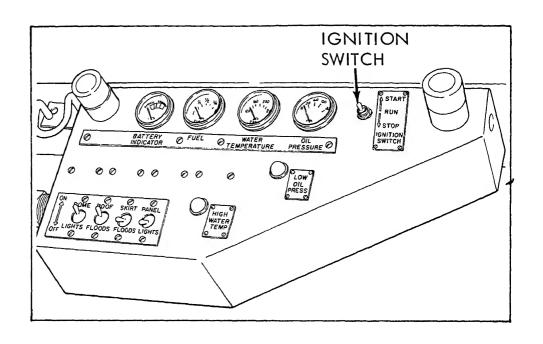
STEP 1. SET THROTTLE FOR IDLE SPEED.

- STEP 2. DISENGAGE THE MAIN ENGINE CLUTCH (PUSH FORWARD).
- STEP 3. PUSH THE IGNITION SWITCH UP TO START THE ENGINE.
- CAUTION. TO PREVENT PERMANENT CRANKING MO-TOR DAMAGE, DO NOT CRANK ENGINE FOR MORE THAN 30 SECONDS CONTIN-UOUSLY. IF ENGINE DOES NOT FIRE WITHIN FIRST 30 SECONDS, WALT ONE TO









NOTE. IT IS IMPORTANT TO IDLE AN ENGINE 3 TO 5 MINUTES BEFORE SHUTTING IT DOWN TO ALLOW LUBRICATING OIL AND WATER TO CARRY HEAT AWAY FROM THE COMBUSTION CHAMBER, BEARINGS, SHAFTS, ETC.

### CAUTION.

LONG PERIODS OF IDLING ARE NOT GOOD FOR AN ENGINE BECAUSE OPERATING TEMPERATURES DROP SO LOW THE FUEL MAY NOT BURN COMPLETELY. THIS WILL CAUSE CARBON TO CLOG THE INJECTOR SPRAY HOLES AND PISTON RINGS. IF ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE BE-COMES TOO LOW, RAW FUEL WILL WASH LUBRICATING OIL OFF CYLINDER WALLS AND DILUTE CRANKCASE OIL SO ALL MOV-ING PARTS OF THE ENGINE WILL SUFFER FROM POOR LUBRICATION.

STEP 1. THE ENGINE CAN BE SHUT DOWN COMPLETELY

#### -15. Radiator Inspection and Service a. Inspect the belt frequently for proper te sion, cracks, and wear.

- a. Check coolant level in radiator. Proper level
- 2 inches below filler neck. b. Check radiator for leaks, dents, and other

amage.

- –16. Fan Belt Inspection and Service
- b. Tighten belt so pressure of index finger e

Section VII. MAINTENANCE OF ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM COMPONENTS

- tended straight down will depress belt (A, fi 3-8) to value shown. Force applied will be a
  - proximately 13 lbs for each foot of belt free spa (B, fig. 3-8). The fan belt is 11/16 inches wide.

ELT WIDTH

DEFLECTION PER FT. OF SPA IN.

N.

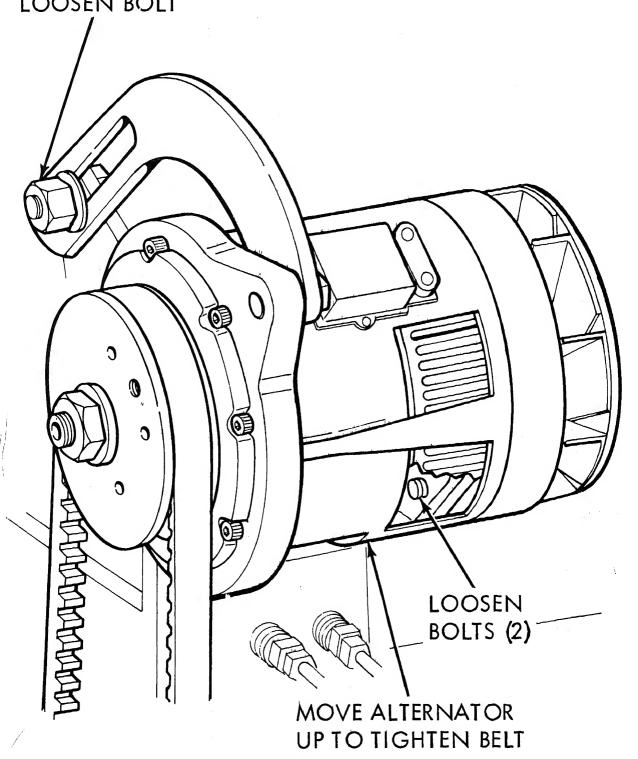
# Section VIII. MAINTENANCE OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEM COMPONENTS

# 3—17. Alternator Belt Inspection and Adjustment

- a. Inspect alternator belt frequently for proper tension, cracks and wear.
- b. Refer to figures 3-8 and 3-9 and adjust alternator belt.

### 3-18. Starting Motor Service

Every 200 hours, add at least 3 to OE-30 lubrication oil in each oil reservation.



## Section IX. MAINTENANCE OF TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY

### –19. Inspection

Inspect transmission assembly for evidence of

leakage. Report leaky transmission to organi tional maintenance.

# Section X. MAINTENANCE OF WHEELS AND TRACKS

# —20. Track Support Rollers and Brackets

- a. Inspection.
- (1) Make sure rollers and brackets are seurely mounted.

(2) Check for proper lubrication of rollers

- and evidence of wear.
- b. Service. Lubricate rollers in accordance with
- ubrication order.

# 1–21. Track Idlers and Brackets (fig. 3–10 and 3-11)

- a. Inspection. (1) Make sure idlers and brackets are se-
- urely mounted. (2) Check for proper lubrication and for
- vidence of wear. b. Service. Lubricate track idlers in accordance vith lubrication order.

# 3–22. Track Assembly

- a. Inspection.
- (1) Watch the belts closely when the ma-

- chine is working in loose dirt, sand, or mud, a loosen the adjustments of the belt if the d takes up all the slack. Propelling with tight be
- (2) See that tracks are free before move machine. Check closely in freezing weather.

is extremely hard on the propelling machinery.

(3) Check condition of track, links, a pins. Check pins and keeper pins to see that the are secure.

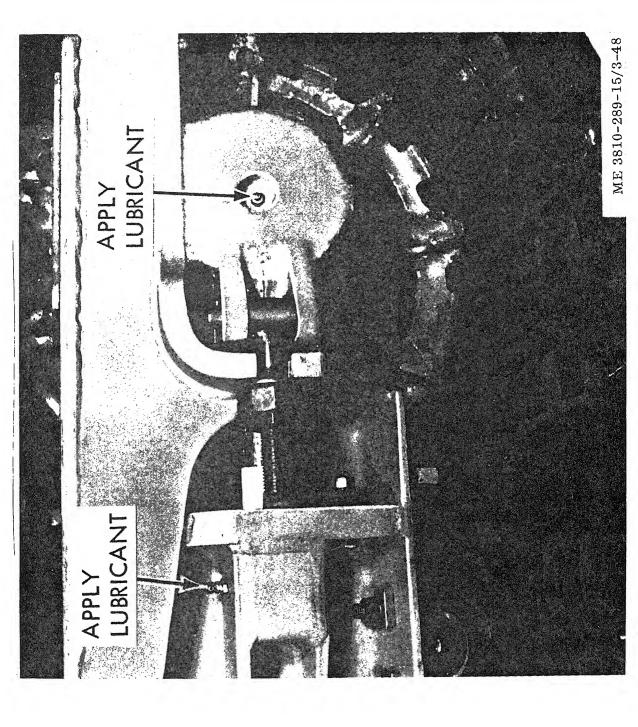
(1) Loosen the takeup tumbler shaft clar

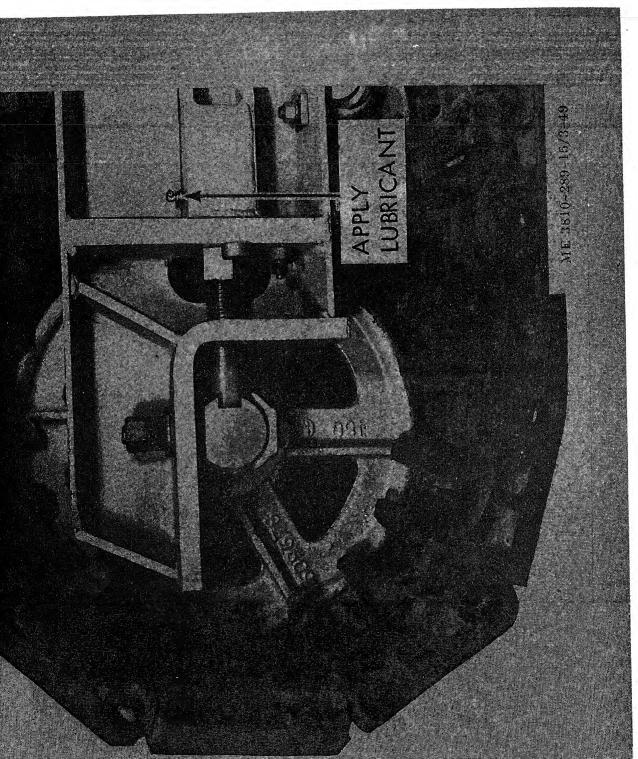
- b. Adjustment (fig. 3-12).
- ing bolts (opposite chain drive end). Remove adjusting screw nut locks and turn the adjust nuts until the correct adjustment is obtain (4-5 inch slack of upper belt section).
- (2) Turn the adjusting nuts on both si of the track frame the same amount, to keep

track frame.

(3) After adjustment, replace the adjust nut locks and retighten the clamping bolts.

takeup tumbler shaft parallel to the front of





ADJUST RIGHT AND LEFT TUMBLERS AN EQUAL AMOUNT DOSEN LOCKING

UTS

URN ADJUSTING

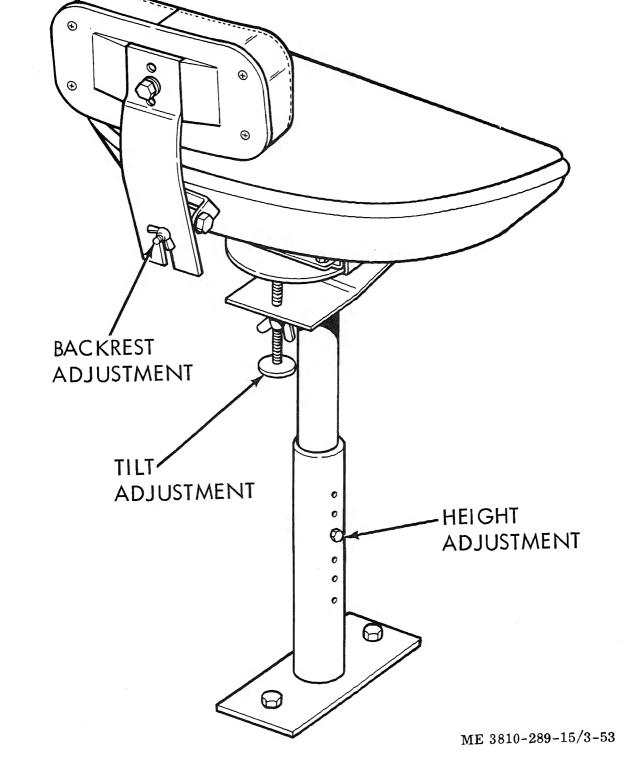
### Section XI. MAINTENANCE OF CAB COMPONENTS

## 3-23. Cab Assembly Inspection

- a. Check for cracks and loose bolts.
- b. Check for proper operation of doors and hinged panels.

# 3-24. Seat Assembly Adjustment

Refer to figure 3-13 to adjust the bly.



# Section XII. MAINTENANCE OF CRANE, SHOVEL, AND **EARTHMOVING EQUIPMENT COMPONENTS**

- 3-25. Cable Harness and Cable Inspection
  - Examine cables frequently for flats or broken
- wires.
- 3-26. Crane Boom Assembly Inspection and Service a. Inspection.
  - (1) Lower the boom and support on crib-
- bing (fig. 3-14). (2) Spool off a few turns of the suspension
- and hoist ropes so boom point sheaves can be rotated by hand.
- rope grooves. (4) Inspect block and hook for secure mount-

(3) Examine all sheaves for side wear of

- ings and proper lubrication. (5) Inspect crane boom for bent or damaged
- cords and lacings and for loose bolt mountings of butt joints. Tighten loose bolts; replace missing bolts.
- (6) Inspect the boom foot pins; make sure they are secure.
- b. Service. Lubricate all points on boom and hook block in accordance with lubrication order.
- and Adjustment a. General. Operating clutches (fig. 3-15 and 3-16) should hold securely when engaged and be

3-27. Operating Clutches Inspection, Service,

- completely free when levers are in neutral position. b. Inspection.
- (1) Check linkage and shifter yokes for wear and damage. See if all connecting pins and bolts are secure.
- (2) See if shifter yoke reach arms are adjusted so that clutches fully engage and release. Adjust if necessary (para 3-11).

c. Service.

- d. Adjustment (fig. 3-16).
- (1) Set clutch in engaged position.
- (2) Adjust eyebolt until the gap between lugs (of toggle-link and bellcrank) at the spr
- bolt is no more than \( \frac{1}{8} \) inch with the clutch co
- If clutch is adjusted while hot, the gap should smaller than 1/8 inch. (3) Adjust guide screws so band clears ho ing by about 1/32 inch all the way around wh
- clutch is released. (4) Adjust the dead end screw to prov about 1/32 inch clearance between the lining a housing when clutch is disengaged.
- 3-28. Steering Spline Clutch Adjustment
- Adjustment should seldom be required, but

adjusted so that both clutches are in full enga

- needed, adjust the reach rods in the bevel g case (fig. 3-17). With the steering spline clu lever in neutral, the reach rod lengths should
- ment. 3-29. Boom Hoist Clutch Band Inspection
- and Adjustment a. Inspection.
- (1) Inspect boom hoist clutch and boos bands for wear or damage. If satisfactory ope tion cannot be obtained by adjustment, worn ba should be replaced.
- (2) Report defective or worn band to org izational maintenance.
  - b. Adjustment. (1) Booster band. With control lever in n tral position, adjust booster clutch band wear
  - mum clearance all around its housing and enga the main clutch on pulling hand lever. A go way to determine sufficient clearance is to har grasp the booster band at joint. If it can be more sideways freely, clearance should be satisfacto

(9) Marin alast 1 A 7: 1 17

justment nuts until booster band will have mi

(1) Remove oil and groups from lini

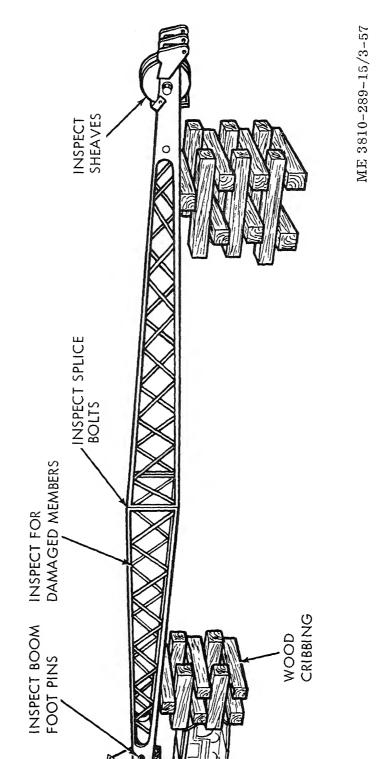


Figure 3-14. Boom assembly inspection.

DRUM

LINING

SHIFTER YOKE REACH ARMS

SHIFTER YOKE

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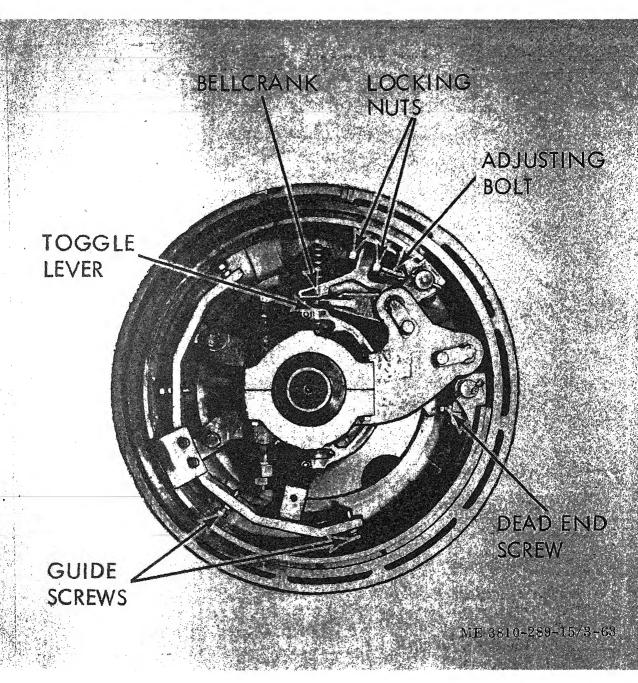
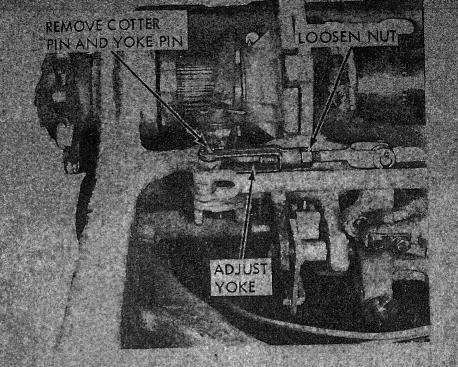
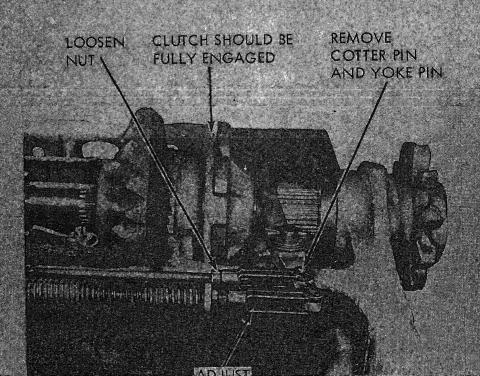
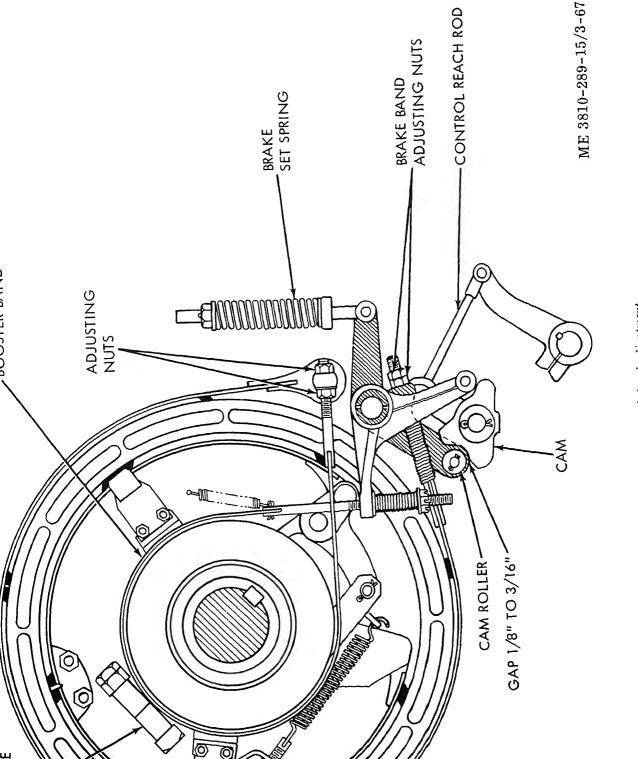


Figure 3-16. Operating clutch adjustment.







1/2 to 3/16 inch (between cam rear detent faces nd brake cam roller). semblies for wear or damage. (3) The above adjustment must be made b. Service. Check for proper lubrication a eriodically as brake lining wears, to secure lubricate if necessary. Refer to lubrication ord roper timing between clutch set and brake reease during boom raising. 3-36. Hoist Assemblies Inspection and Servi (4) The brake set spring, which supplies the a. Inspection. rakeband setting force, is adjusted at the factory nd should not require any further adjustment (1) Boom hoist. Check for proper operation

he two pawls (fig. 3-19) drop into full engagenent with the ratchet teeth. b. Service. (1) Grind or file ends of pawls if a bur preents full engagement. (2) Clean and oil pawl pins so that the pawls love freely.

b. Adjustment (fig. 3-18). Adjustment must be

ljust length of control reach rod until rear

djust brakeband wear adjustment nuts until gap

or loads within the rated capacity of the ma-

a. Inspection. The digging lock has no fraction

inings or springs to get out of adjustment. It will

eldom require attention, but if it is not operating

roperly, place the digging lock lever in the for-

vard notch of its quadrant and check to see that

—31. Digging Lock Inspection and Service

etent in cam is centered by brake cam roller.

(1) With control lever in neutral position,

(2) With control lever in neutral position,

ade in sequence as follows:

hine.

- —32. Chain Case Assembly Inspection and Service
- a. Inspection. Inspect chain case for secure ounting and proper oil level. b. Service.
  - (1) Tighten loose mounting. (2) Fill chain case to proper oil level. Refer

Refer to current lubrication order and lubrication

3-34. Cone Roller Service

- the cone rollers as required.
- 3-35. Vertical and Horizontal Swing and **Propel Shafts Inspection and Service** a. Inspection. Inspect shaft couplings and
- and secure mounting. Proper operation, in t case, means the boom responds correctly to bei raised or lowered according to the position of boom hoist lever, and that, when the lever placed in the neutral position, the boom ho brake effectively holds the boom in position.

the boom continues to creep lower after putti

the boom hoist lever in neutral, the boom ho

brake must be adjusted (para 3-30) or replac

(3) Lowering chain. Check condition a

b. Service. Lubricate as required. Refer to

- If the boom hoist clutch slips, it should be justed (para 3-29) or replaced.
- (2) *Hoist*. The hoist should respond prope while raising or lowering a load. If the hoist cluslips, it should be adjusted (para 3-29) or placed.
- tension of power load lowering chain and shor if necessary. To shorten chain, remove conne ing link by taking out cotter pins. Take off desir number of links and reconnect again with co
- brication order.

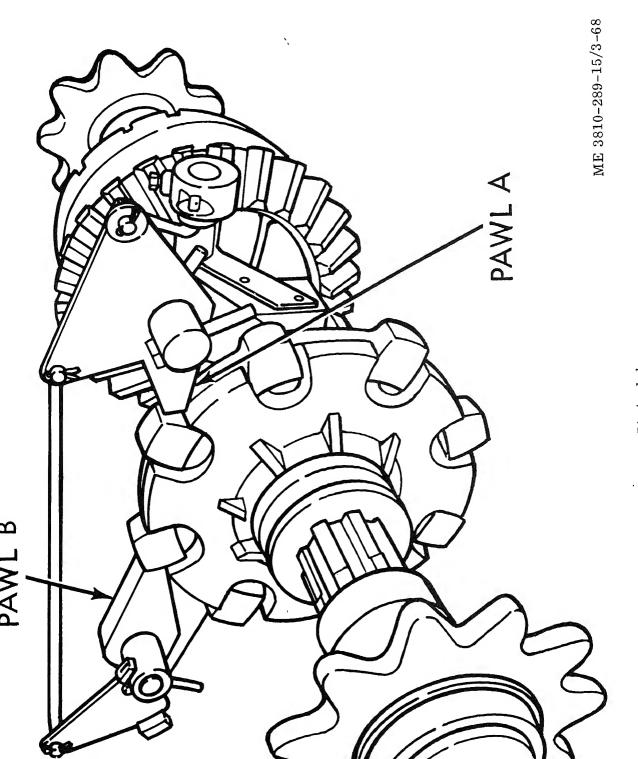
necting link.

#### 3-37. Piledriver Service

In normal operation with drop hammers, lea should be lubricated once per shift with open ge lubricant. After applying lubricant, run hamn

-33. Center Gudgeon Bushing Service

lubrication order.



		*	
		;	

#### CHAPTER 4

#### ORGANIZATIONAL MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

#### Section I. REPAIR PARTS, SPECIAL TOOLS, AND EQUIPMENT

#### 4—1. Tools and Equipment

Tools and equipment issued with or authorized for the crane-shovel are listed in the basic issue items list, appendix C.

### 4–2. Special Tools and Equipment

Special tools and equipment required for o ganizational maintenance are listed in table 4-

Table 4-1. Special Tools and Equipment

Reference

Item	part no.	Fig.	Para	Use
Belt tension gage	ST-968	4-20	4–32	Check belt tension.
Wrench adapter	ST-669	4-3	4–13	Adapts torque wrench to loc nuts of valve crossheads.

#### Repair parts and equipment are listed and illus-

1–3. Maintenance Repair Parts

rated in TM 5-3810-289-20P.

FSN or

### Section II. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE CHECKS AND SERVICES

### I–4. General

This section contains instructions for preventive maintenance checks and services which must be performed by organizational maintenance per-

sonnel at quarterly intervals. A quarterly interval

s equal to three calendar months, or 250 hours of

### 4~5. Preventive Maintenance Checks and

Services

Refer to table 3-1 for the quarterly preventive maintenance checks and services. The item numbers in the tabular list indicate the sequence of

#### Section III. TROUBLESHOOTING

### **I–6. General**This section provides information useful in

peration, whichever occurs first.

liagnosing and correcting unsatisfactory opera-

### 4–7. Troubleshooting Chart

minimum requirements.

In chart 4-1, each malfunction listed is followed by a list of probable causes. The corrective action

b. Lack of fuel.

	o. Back of fact.	
	c. Clogged fuel filters.	c. Clean element in primary filter. Replace elements in final filter (para 4-23).
Irregular firing of engine.	a. Clogged fuel filter elements.	<ul> <li>a. Clean element in primary filter.</li> <li>Replace elements in final filter</li> <li>(para 4-23).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>b. Inlet or exhaust valves, improper adjustment.</li> </ul>	b. Adjust valves (para 4-12).
Engine overheating indicated.	$\alpha$ . Loose fan belts.	a. Adjust fan belt (para 4-32).
	b. Radiator clogging.	b. Clean radiator (para 4-31).
	c. Water temperature gage defective.	c. Replace gage (57, fig. 4-31).
	d. Thermostats defective.	d. Test thermostats (para 4-33).
	e. Radiator sealed pressure overflow defective.	e. Clean or replace (para 4-31).
. Engine knocks excessively.	<ul> <li>α. Main bearings worn or burned out.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>α. Replace main bearings (report to direct support maintenance).</li> </ul>
	b. Connecting rod bearings worn or burned out.	b. Replace connecting rods (report to direct support maintenance).
. Low or no lubricating oil pressure indication.	Defective gage.	Replace gage (56, fig. 4-31).
3. Low or no fuel pressure indication.	a. Clogged fuel filters.	a. Clean element in primary filter. Replace elements in final filter (para 4-23).
	b. Defective gage.	Replace gage (56, fig. 4-31).
: Starter will not crank engine.	a. Batteries weak.	a. Test batteries and charge if necessary (para 4-46).
	b. Loose connection or defective wiring.	b. Inspect and replace damaged wiring. Inspect all connections to starter, magnetic switch, ignition switch, and batteries.
	c. Defective switch.	c. Inspect all switches to determine their condition. Connect jumper lead around any switch suspected of being defective; if system functions, replace the bypass

d. Commutator dirty or worn.

Chart 4-1. Troubleshooting

Corrective action

a. Use starting aid.

b. Check fuel tank.

switch.

under

d. Inspect commutator by removing

inspection plugs. If commutator is dirty or slightly grooved, polish by placing a strip of fine sandpaper around commutator and brushes

toward commutator) and rotate armature. Blow dust from com-

(rough

side

b. Defective battery.

ting properly.

a. Short in electrical system.

Probable cause

c. Alternator regulator not operat-

Corrective action

(para

a. Check cables and wiring.

c. Refer to paragraph 4-35.

(1) Remove all gasket material from sealing

4-46).

b. Replace defective battery

Malfunction

–12. Valve Cover and Gasket

0. Batteries will not hold charge.

α. Bulb burned out.		a. Replace bulb (para 4-43).		
b. Defective circuit	breaker.	b. Replace circuit breaker.		
c. Loose connection.		c. Tighten connections.		
		d. Turn switch to ON position.		
Cables wear excessively.  Clamshell bucket fails to close.  Cables of wrong specification.  Tooth in bucket twisted.		Check for correct specifications.		
		Replace tooth (para 4-60d).		
n IV. RADIO INTE	RFERENCE SUP	PRESSION		
Attain		acement of Suppression		
	Components			
ained by provid- and for the stray ade shielding the	a. General. Replacement of suppression con ponents requires positive metal-to-metal conta with washers and ground straps.			
mition and high-frequency wires, grounding the rame with bonding straps, and using capacitors nd resistors.		b. Replacement. Replace defective suppressi components.		
Components	4-11. Testir	ng of Radio Interference		
onents. The pri-	Suppression Components			
are those whose radio interfer- omponents. The ts have radio in-	Test capacitors for leaks and shorts on a capacitor tester; replace defective capacitors. If the equipment is not available and interference is indicated, isolate the cause of interference by trium and error method of replacing each capacitor turn until the cause of interference is located an eliminated.			
C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	b. Defective circuit is c. Loose connection. d. Electrical system switch is in OF Cables of wrong specation. Tooth in bucket twise in IV. RADIO INTERMEDIATE  Attain  ained by provident for the stray and shielding the stray and shielding the using capacitors  Components  onents. The price those whose radio interfer-  omponents. The	b. Defective circuit breaker. c. Loose connection. d. Electrical system disconnect switch is in OFF position. Cables of wrong specification. Tooth in bucket twisted.  Tooth in bucket twisted.  Attain  4-10. Replace Companied by providand for the stray ponents required shielding the stray grounding the using capacitors  Components  Components  Test capacitor tester; pequipment is components. The many ponents.  The components of the principle of		

**VALVE MECHANISM** 

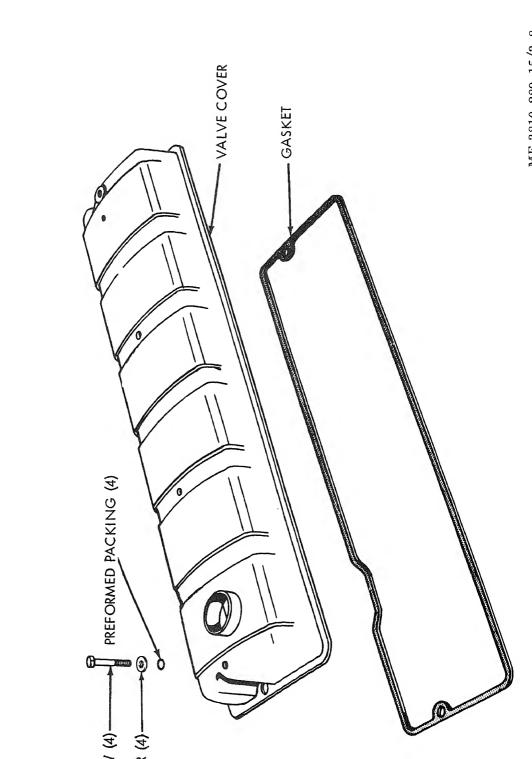


Figure 4-2. Rocker arm adjustment (tappet clearance).



—13. Rocker Arm Assembly Adjustment a. Loosen locknut and back off adjustment crew (fig. 4-2). Insert feeler gage between

ocknut.

il cooler.

ooler.

-14. Oil Cooler

a. Removal and Disassembly.

ith heat while soldering.

ocker lever and top of valve stem or crosshead. Turn screw down until lever just touches feeler age; lock adjusting screw in this position with

### Section VI. MAINTENANCE OF ENGINE OIL COOLER AND OIL FILTER ASSEMBLY, AND MAIN CLUTCH ADJUSTMENT

4-3).

## 4-15. Oil Filter Assembly

- (1) Refer to figure 4-4 and remove
- (2) Refer to figure 4–5 and disassemble the il cooler. b. Repair. (1) Repair damaged tubes by inserting a
- ged tube. Do not restrict more than 5 percent of otal number of tubes in this manner. (2) If more than 5 percent of tubes are de-

maller o.d. (outside diameter) tube inside dam-

ective, discard element.

### Caution: Do not damage adjacent tubes

- c. Reassembly and Installation.
  - (1) Refer to figure 4-5 and reassemble oil
  - (2) Refer to figure 4–4 and install oil cooler.

assemble oil filter (fig. 3-1). b. Cleaning, Inspection and Repair.

take) and 0.025 inch (exhaust).

(1) Clean parts with an approved cleani solvent.

b. Torque locknut to 60/70 foot-pounds (f

c. Always make final valve adjustment with t

engine at operating temperature (para 1-

(7) ). Valve tappet clearances are 0.015 inch (

a. Removal and Disassembly. Remove and d

(2) Inspect for cracks, breaks, and oth damage.

(3) Replace defective parts.

c. Reassembly and Installation. Reassemble a install oil filter assembly (fig. 3-1).

### 4-16. Clutch Adjustment

- a. Remove handhole cover (fig. 3-3).
- reached. c. Disengage the pin and turn adjusting yo

b. Turn clutch until adjusting lockpin can

- clockwise until pin will seat in a new hole. d. Turn adjusting yoke one hole at a time un any tendency of the clutch to slip under norm
- load conditions is overcome. e. Install handhole cover.

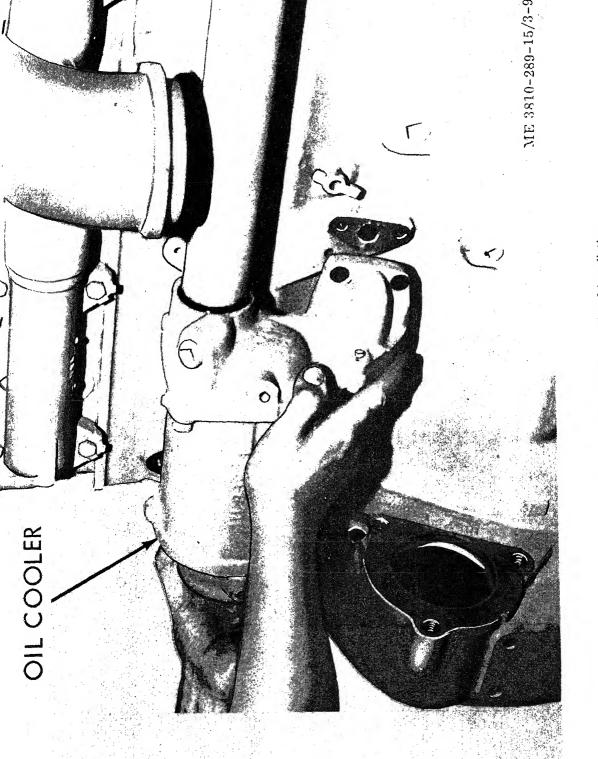
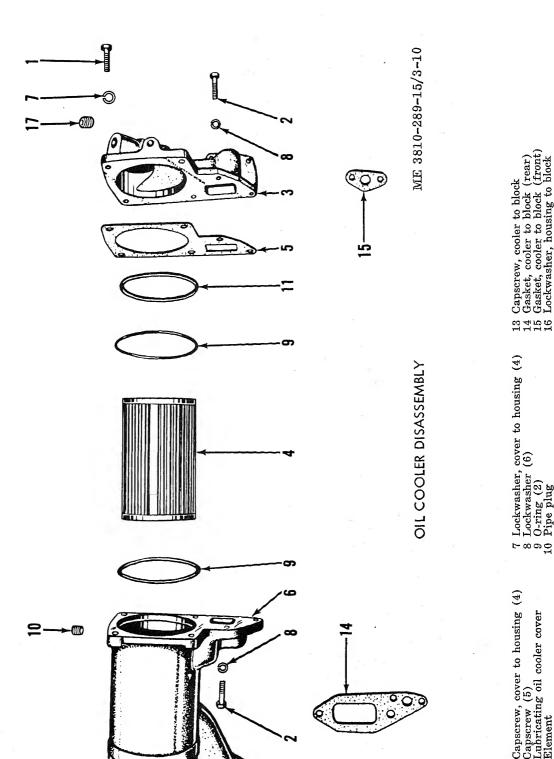


Figure 4-4. Oil cooler, removal and installation.



### Section VII. MAINTENANCE OF CLUTCH RELEASE MECHANISM CONTROL LEVERS, AND TURNTABLE SWING LOCK

- efer to figure 3-4.
  - (1) Remove any grease fittings likely to

–17. Control Levers

a. Removal.

- e damaged in disassembly. (2) Remove any springs in the assembly.
- (3) Remove reach rods. Most reach rods ave an adjusting arrangement at one end. Do ot disassemble this adjusting arrangement un-
- ess necessary and then retain setting if pos-
- ible. If parts are not to be replaced immeditely, mark adjustment setting so it can be renade if accidentally disturbed. If a number of
- ontrols are disassembled at the same time, umber the reach rods from left to right of nachine (taking left as operator's left as he
- n reassembly. While off from machine, be sure each rods are placed in a safe place where they re not likely to be bent. Replace pins and cotter oins in rods for convenience in reassembly.

its in his seat facing controls), to save time

- (4) To remove bellcranks, remove their fulrum pins. If fulcrum pin is headed with nut beaind bellcrank brackets, it is sometimes more onvenient to remove the bracket bolts and then lisassemble the crank from bracket by removing
- ulcrum pin. (5) Control shafts (these are fulcrums for rouped levers) slide out after members locked o shaft have been freed by loosening clamp bolts and opened by inserting a small wedge in slot.
- front left to right) for convenience in reassemlv. b. Installation. (1) Insert control shafts (fulcrums for

Before removing, number the units on the shaft

rouped levers), through holes in operating levers nd bearings in revolving frame. Remove wedges rom slots in levers and tighten lever clamp bolts

ust enough to support levers. Tighten bolts when

inal adjustment is made.

- (2) Bolt on bellcranks, being sure to pla them in correct position.
- original adjustment is retained. If reach rod to be replaced and original length is still appared adjust new rod to match old before inserting. original rod is badly bent or destroyed set a fasten both control and operating lever in neut
  - position and adjust reach rod to make prop connection. Call change to attention of operat who will have to make final adjustment after e perimenting with operating performance.
    - (4) Attach springs. (5) Check to be sure all clamp connections a
  - securely tightened, and that cotter pins are safe spread. Safe operation of the machine depends a reliable control system. c. Adjustment. Adjust linkage by tighteni

or loosening adjusting nuts on rod ends or adju

able devices until levers are in a vertical positi

when in neutral and alined with each other in t

(3) Attach reach rods, checking to be su

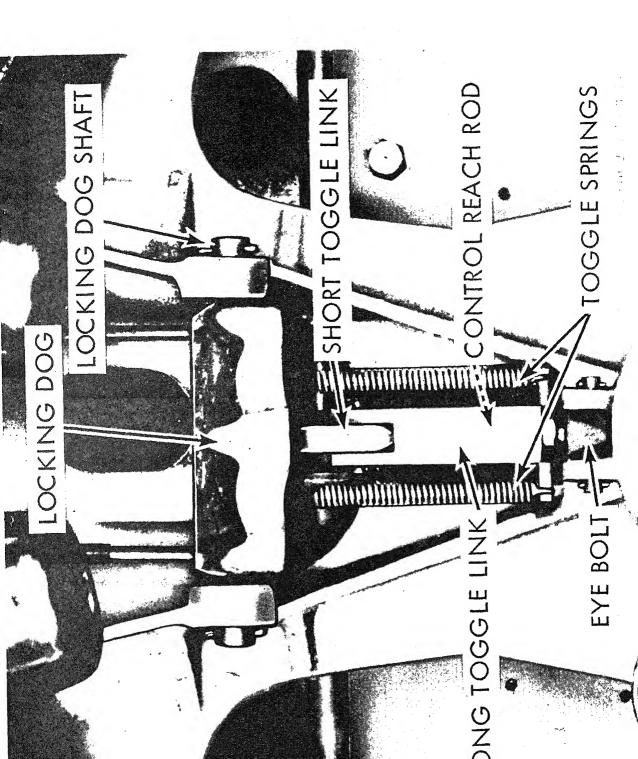
4-18. Swing Lock

main lever bank.

### Refer to figure 4-6.

- a. Removal. (1) Remove toggle springs and detach co
- trol reach rod which is attached with two cot pins and washers. (2) Remove pin connecting short toggle li
- to eyebolt in locking-dog.
- (3) Remove pin from one end of locking-d shaft and slide out shaft. (4) Remove pin connecting long toggle li
- to center casting. (5) Remove center pin from toggle linka
- (6) Remove eyebolt from locking-dog, note original position so same adjustment can

secured when locking-dog is reassembled.



lter screen.

ng.

eaner.

### b. Installation.

nk pin (14) and cotter pin.

he fuel lines and fittings.

- (1) Insert eyebolt in locking-dog in original osition if engagement has been satisfactory.(2) Place locking-dog in frame, insert shaft
- nd lock with two cotter pins.

  (3) Assemble two toggle links with toggle

#### Section VIII. MAINTENANCE OF ENGINE FUEL SYSTEM COMPONENTS

## —19. Fuel Pump Service Refer to figure 4–7 and service the fuel pump

-20. Fuel Lines, Fittings, Shutoff Valve
 Replacement
 Refer to figures 4-8, 4-9 and 4-10 to replace

-21. Shutdown Valve Replacement
a. Removal.

(1) Refer to figure 4–11 and remove the hutdown valve.(2) Discard preformed packing.

(2) Discard preformed packing.

b. Installation. Refer to figure 4–11 and install

he shutdown valve, using new preformed pack-

# -22. Air Cleaner Service and Replacement a. Regular service intervals, along with close

a. Regular service intervals, along with close isual inspection of the dry-type air cleaner, are ecessary for proper cleaning of the engine inlet ir. The service interval will vary with the reather and working conditions. Where dust con-

itions are severe, it will be necessary to service

ne air cleaner frequently. Refer to paragraph -13 and service the air cleaner.

b. Refer to figure 4-12 and replace the air

c. Adjustment of Swing Lock Levers. Refer paragraph 3-12.

(4) Place split end of short toggle link or

(5) Insert end of long link in recess in c

eyebolt (18), insert pin and lock with cotter p

ter casting, insert pin and lock with cotter pin

4–23. Fuel Filters, Service and Replaceme

a. Refer to figure 4-13, disassemble, as necesary, to replace or clean the fuel filters.
b. Discard filter cartridge assemblies.

c. Wash strainer element (7) and filter bod

in an approved cleaning solvent; blow dry w compressed air.

4-24. Primer Assembly Replacement

Refer to figure 4-14 and replace the prinunit, lines and fittings.

4-25. Throttle Control Replacement
Refer to figure 4-15 to replace the throttle of

trol.
4—26. Tank Cap Strainer Service and

Replacement

fuel tank cap strainer.

4-27. Fuel Tank Inspection and

4–27. Fuel Tank Inspection and Replacement

Refer to figure 3–7 and service and replace to

a. Inspect fuel tank for leaks and loose mouing bolts or fuel line connections.

b. Tighten loose mounting bolts or fuel laconnections if necessary. See that cap vent open.

c. Refer to figure 3–7 and replace the fuel tar

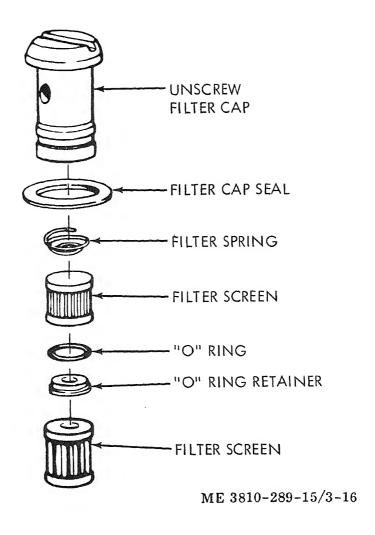
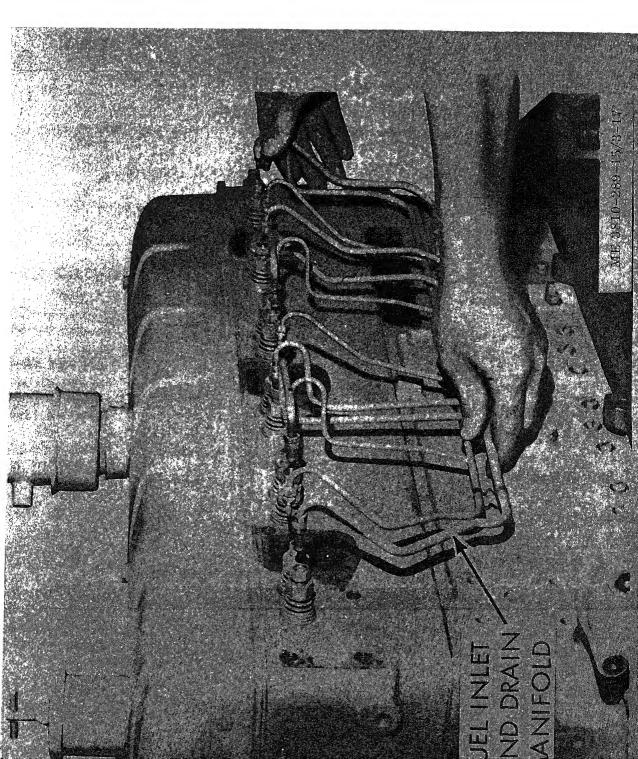
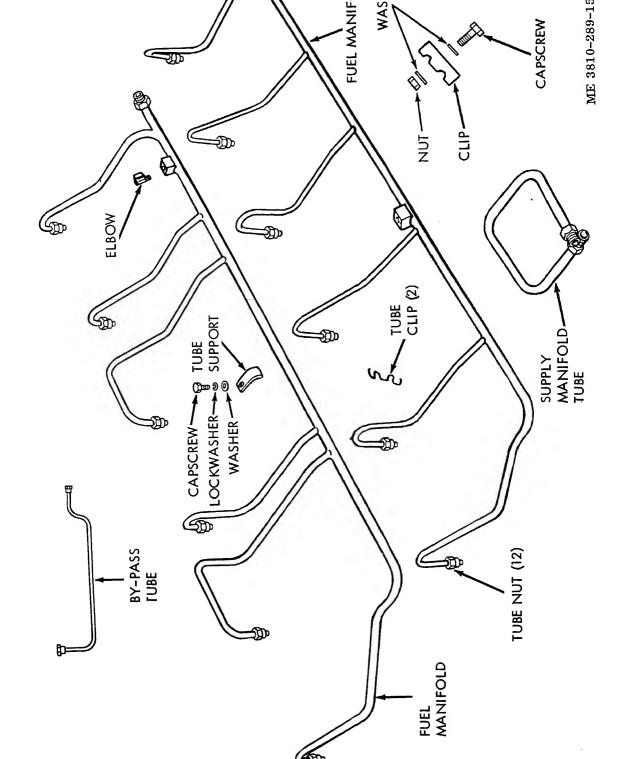
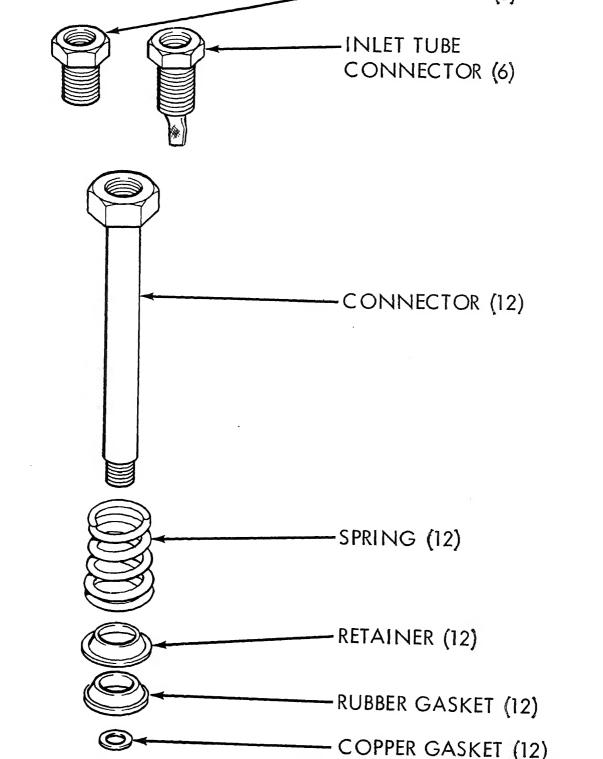
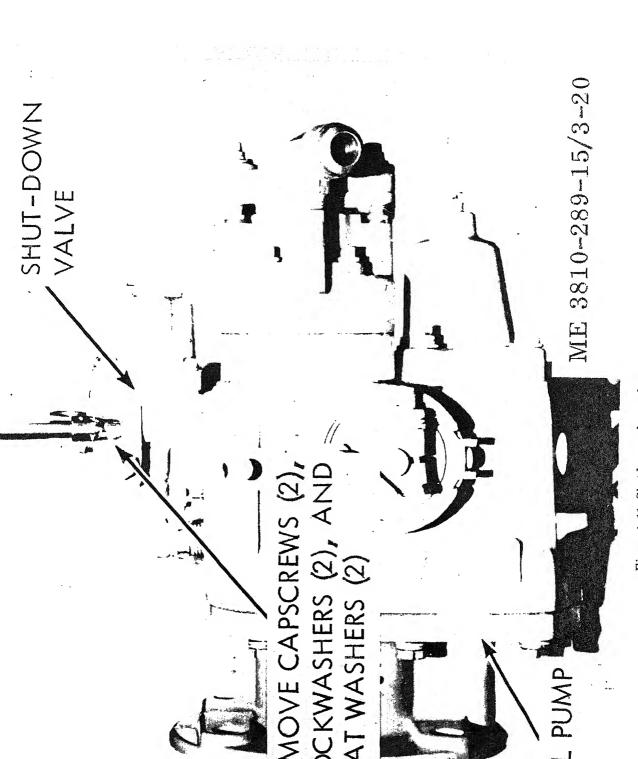


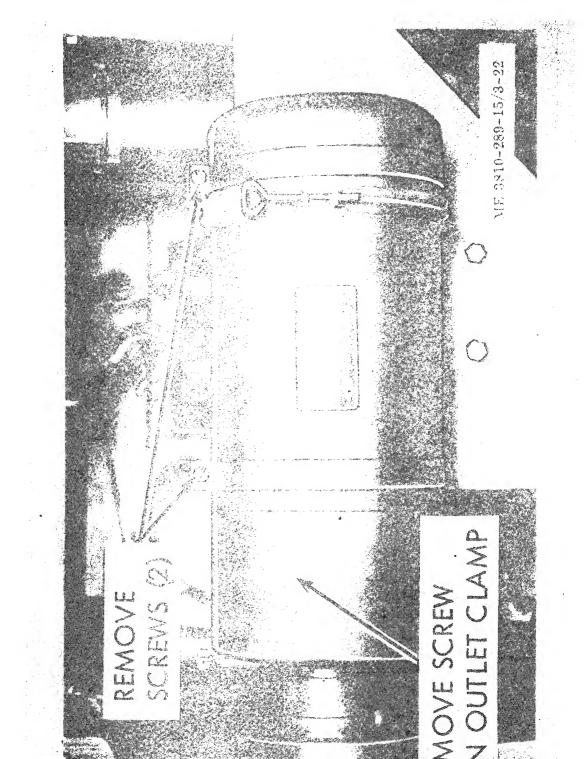
Figure 4-7. Fuel pump filter screen service.

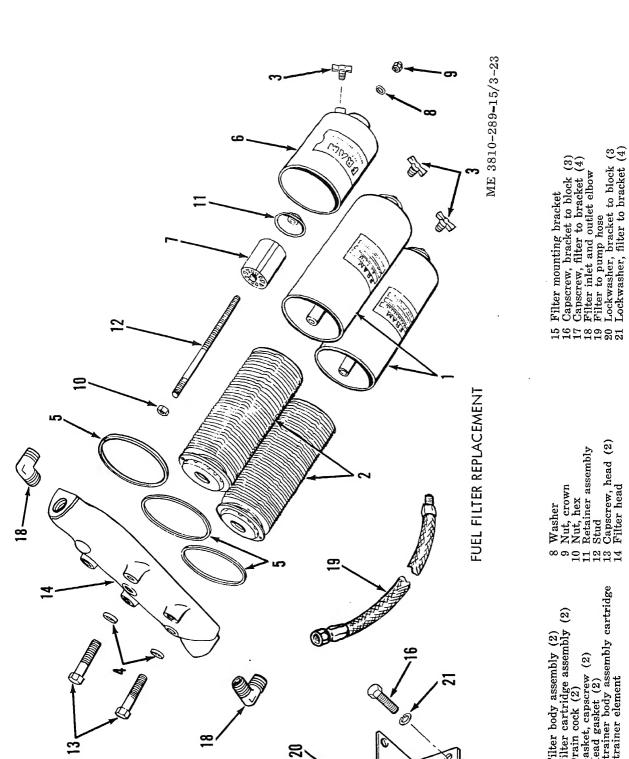








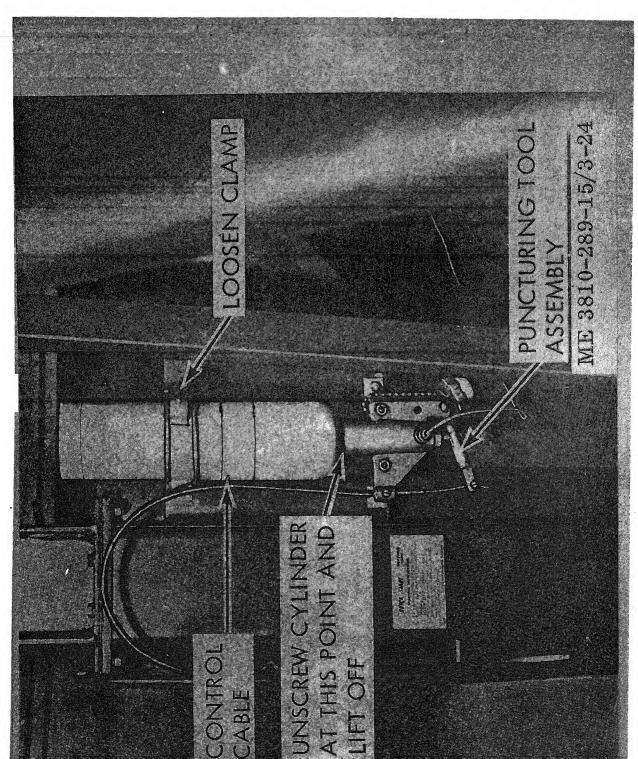


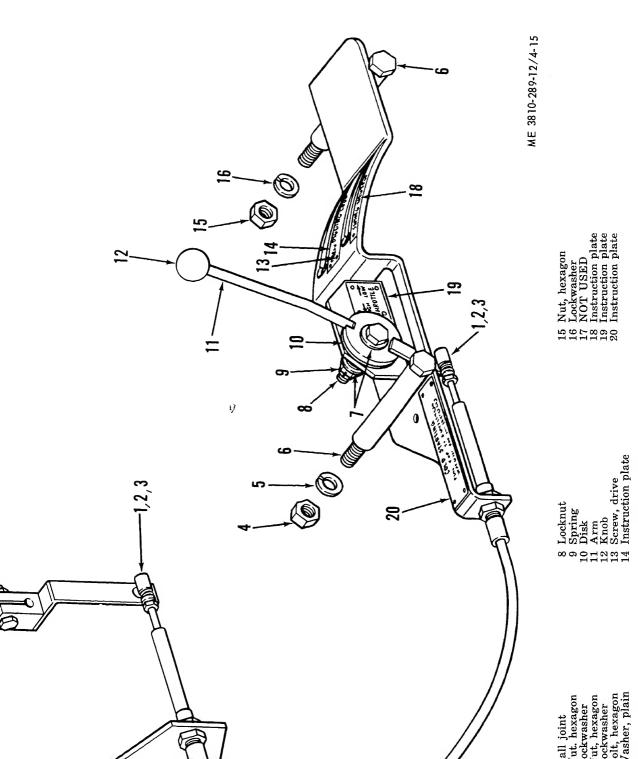


Capscrew, head (2) Filter head

Stud

asket, capscrew (2)
ead gasket (2)
trainer body assembly cartridge
trainer element





### Section IX. MAINTENANCE OF ENGINE EXHAUST SYSTEM COMPONENTS

#### 4-28. Air Intake Manifold Replacement

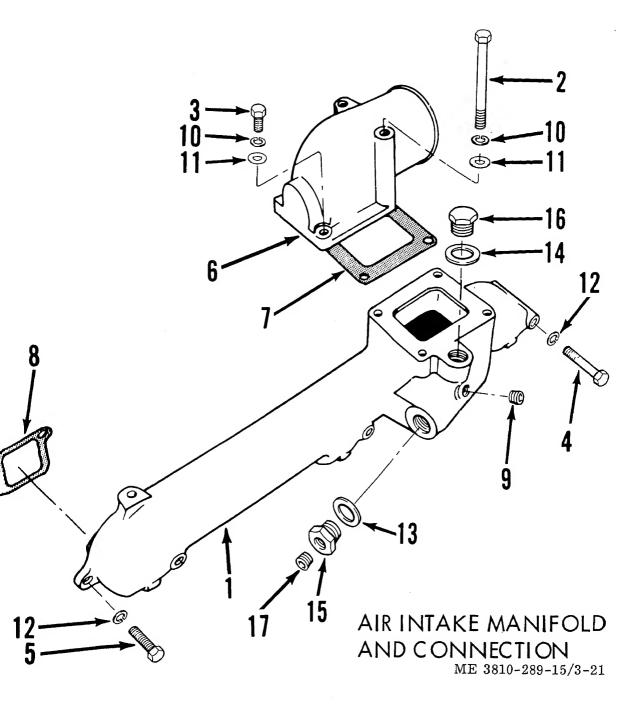
Refer to figure 4-16 and replace the air intake manifold.

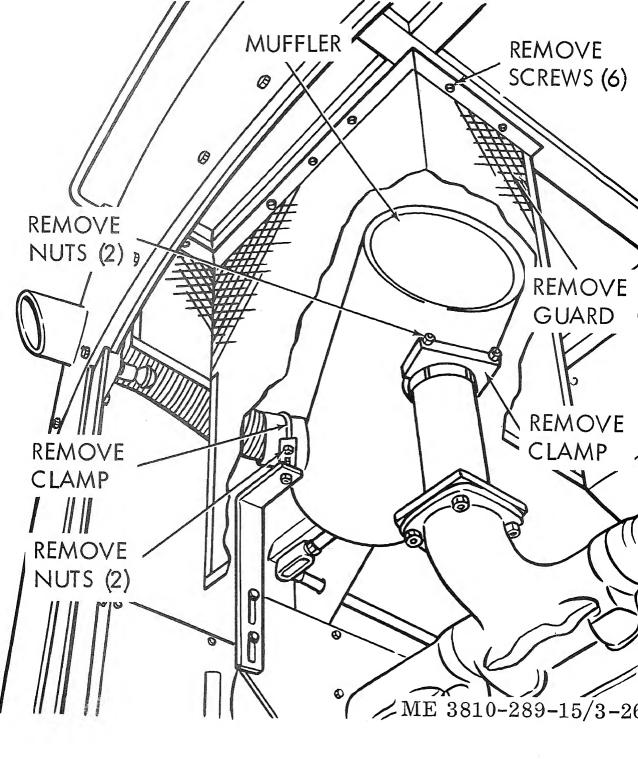
#### 4-29. Muffler and Pipes Replacement

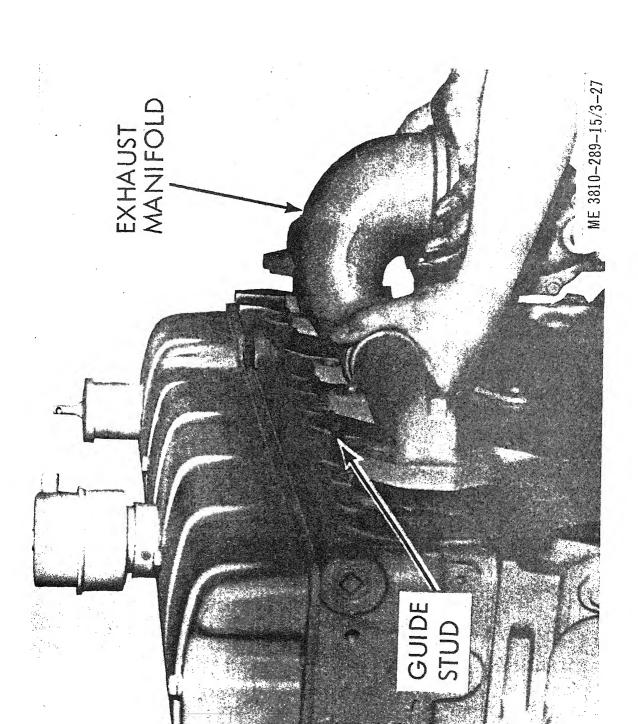
Refer to figure 4-17 to replace the muffler and pipes.

#### 4-30. Exhaust Manifold Replacem

Refer to figure 4-18 to replace manifold.







### Section X. MAINTENANCE OF ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM **COMPONENTS**

#### —31. Radiator Test and Replacement

a. Refer to TB 750-651 and clean and test radi-

b. Refer to figure 4-19 and replace the radiator. c. Replace cracked or frayed hose and defective

lamps.

### –32. Fan Belt Replacement

tor.

a. General. When a new belt is installed, it

hould be tightened until a reading of 90-to 110-

bs (pounds) force is obtained as registered on

ST-968 gage. All new belts will loosen after run-

ing an hour or more and may require readjust-

nent. Recheck belt tension with ST-968 gage; if reading is less than 80 lbs, loosen the fan bracket nounting screws. Turn the adjusting screw, as re-

quired, to obtain a reading of 90 to 110 lbs. Re-

gighten the fan bracket mounting screws. Belt

tension should be checked every 400 to 500 hou operation.

b. Replacement. Refer to figure 4-20 and

place the fan belt.

4-33. Thermostat and Thermostatic Housin

a. Testing. The opening and closing of the hi

range (180/195° F) thermostat can be check

against a thermometer while immersed in wat

as the water is brought up to temperature

heating. See figure 4-21. b. Replacement. Refer to figure 4-22 and

place the thermostat and thermostat housing.

4-34. Fan Blade Replacement

a. Refer to figure 4-19 and remove the f

blade guard.

b. Refer to figure 4-23 and replace the f

blade.

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REMOVE REMOVE SCREWS (8)
CLAMPS AND GUARD

REMOVE BOLTS (4)
DRAINI
RADIATOR

REMOVE

CLAMP

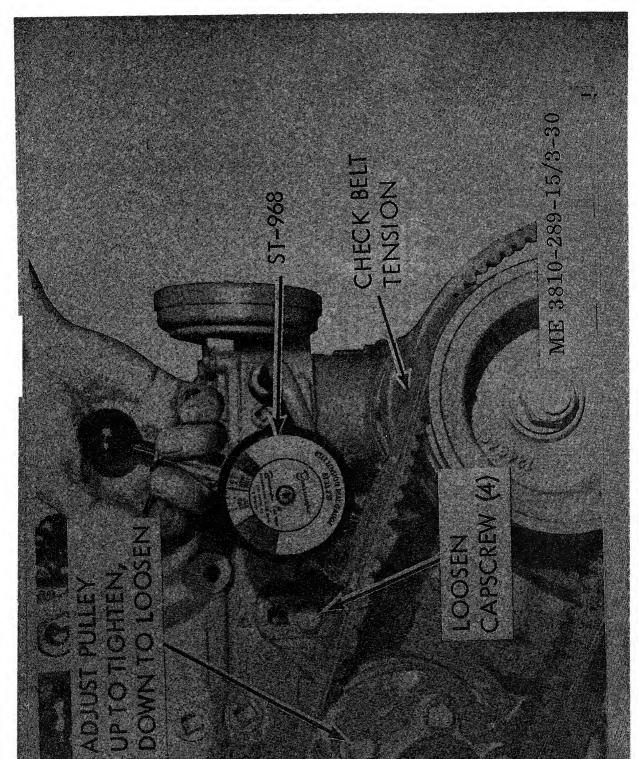
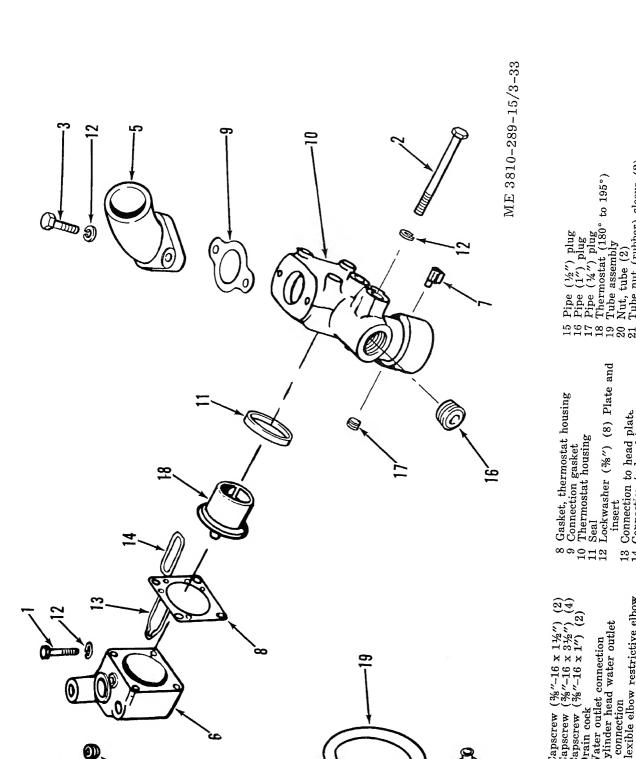


Figure 4-21. Thermostat testing.

ME 3810-289-15/3-32



Nut, tube (2)
Tube nut (rubber) sleam (9)

13 Connection to head plate

connection lexible elbow restrictive elbow

insert

Tube assembly



#### (2) Negative heat sink-rectifier test (fig. —35. Alternator Assembly Service, Test, 24).

Section XI. MAINTENANCE OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEM COMPONENTS

(1) The self-rectifying charging alternator designed to give long life and satisfactory serice with a minimum amount of maintenance, but he following precautions must be observed.

Caution: Do not make, or break, any alterator connections while alternator is operating. his would damage the voltage regulator.

Caution: Never operate alternator without attery being connected in circuit. Caution: When charging batteries from an xternal source of power, be sure battery is disonnected from circuit before beginning charging

peration, to prevent damage to alternator rectiying diodes. (2) Before removing alternator for repair or eplacement, inspect the drive belt, mounting rackets, and wiring harness, in the following

and Replacement

a. General.

nanner:

onnections.

(a) Check belts for proper tension, excess vear, or the presence of oil or grease which could ause them to slip. (b) Check pulleys for discoloration which ould indicate overheating due to belt slippage. nspect pulleys for wear which could allow belts

o bottom in the pulley grooves. Replace worn or efective parts. (c) Check mounting brackets and tension djusting arm. Wear or looseness of these parts vill prevent proper belt adjustment and may reult in misalinement which will cause premature

vear on belts, pulleys, and bearings. Tighten or eplace parts as necessary. (d) Inspect all wiring and terminals for gns of wear, looseness, or corrosion. Check for orn or frayed insulation which could result in norts or grounds. Clean and tighten all terminal

stud. Be sure that these screws are clean a tight so that the negative heat sink makes go contact with the housing. (b) Correct the negative lead of ohmmeter to check point one and touch the po tive lead to terminals 4, 5, and 6. A high resistance

(a) The negative heat sink is grounded

the housing by means of its mounting screws a

ance reading should be obtained. If a low resign ance reading is obtained the diode is shorted. F

place the alternator. c. Alternator Replacement. Refer to figure 4and replace the alternator. d. Alternator Belt Replacement. (1) Refer to figure 3-9 and replace the alte

nator belt. (2) Refer to figure 4-20 and adjust altern tor belt. 4-36. Reverse Current Polarity Protective

a. General. Since alternators are sensitive electric current polarity, incorrect wiring w cause the diodes in the alternator to short out. protect against this, a reverse current polari

Relay

lay.

protective relay is installed in the engine electric system (fig. 1-4). b. Removal.

(1) Disconnect the three cannon-plug-ty electrical connections to the reverse polarity r

(2) Remove the two mounting capscrev and lockwashers and remove the protective rela c. Installation. Installation is reversed of r moval procedures.

4-37. Starting Motor Service, Test and Replacement

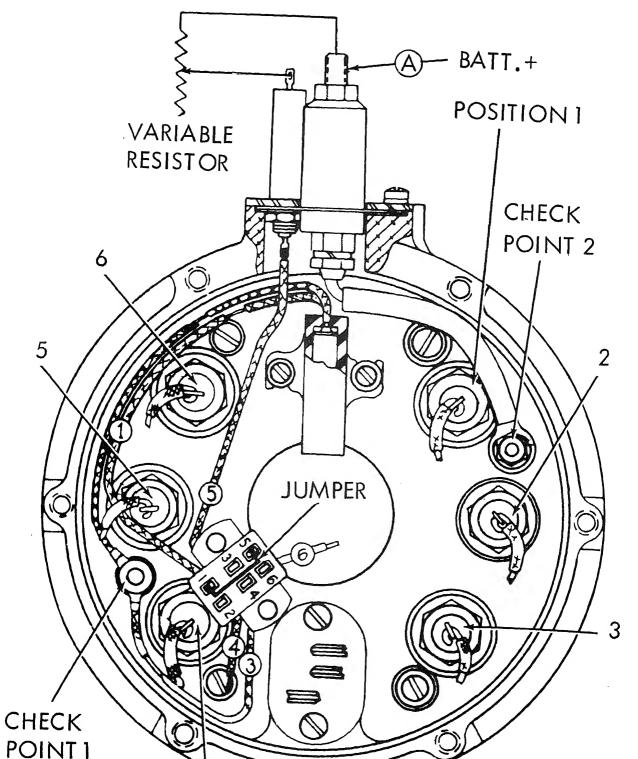
a. Removal and Installation. Refer to figure 27 to remove or install the starting motor.

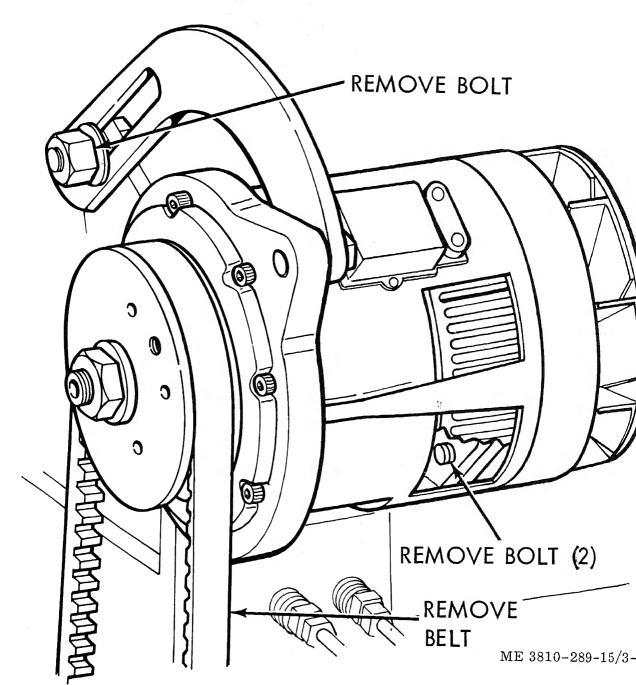
ONNECT NEGATIVE BATTERY POST TO ALTERNA-RHEOSTAT BATTERY LOAD VOLTMETER AMMETER JUMPER LEAD O) GRD. TERNATOR. OR FRAME,

AUTION: ON NEGATIVE GROUND ALTERNATOR

Figure 4-24. Alternator test connection (sheet 1 of 2).

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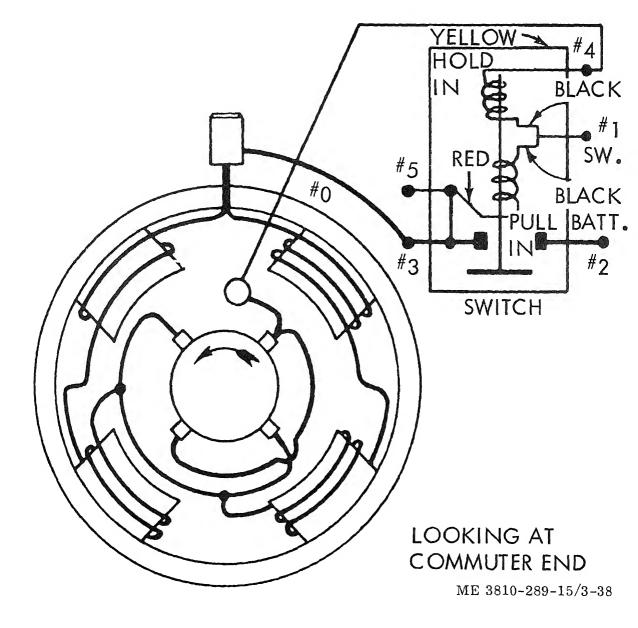


Figure 4-26. Starting motor, internal wiring diagram.

ith gasoline or kerosene to remove any gummy eposit; then, apply a thin film of light graphite rease so the pinion will move freely. Note. Do not use excessive oil or heavy oil or

ease. c. Test.

- (1) Field coil. Make test only after coils
- ave been dried if they have been cleaned. With st lamp prods, one held on the field ring and the ther on the field terminal, determine that the
- indings are not grounded to field ring or pole leces. If coils are shorted or grounded, remove nd inspect if they can be reinsulated to eliminate ne trouble. Replace coils if short or ground canot be eliminated. Refer to internal wiring diaram (fig. 4–26).
  - (2) Armature. (a) Check the armature for grounds with
- ommutator bar riser and the other to the armaire core. Test all commutator bars in this maner. If test light glows, the armature is grounded nd must be replaced.

110-volt test light by touching one probe to a

ith a growler. Place the armature in the growler,

(b) Check armature for short circuits

against the armature core, and cause the strip vibrate. If a short circuit is found, the armatu must be replaced. (3) Load test.

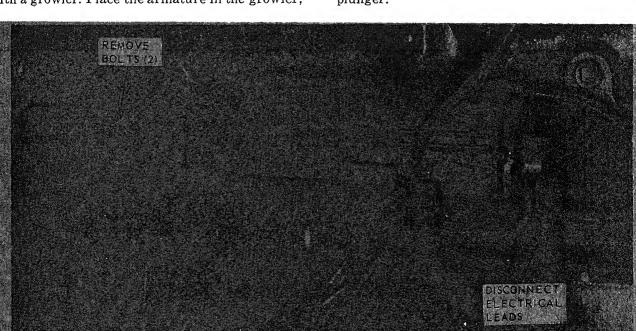
- (a) Connect the starting motor in ser
- specific gravity of 1.250) and an ammeter. (b) The starting motor, turning close wise from the drive end, should draw between

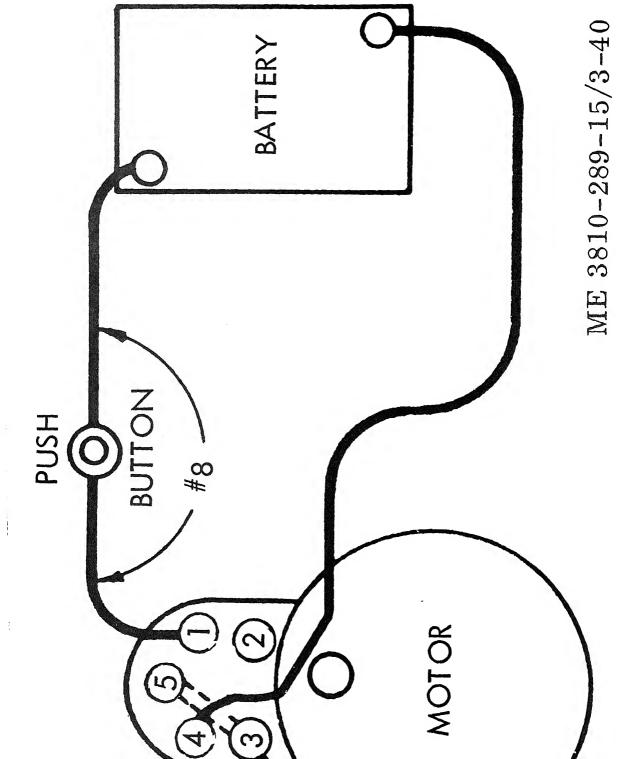
with a 12-volt, fully charged battery (a minimu

85-90 amps at 3800 rpm. 4-38. Solenoid Test and Replacement

## a. Removal and Installation. Refer to figu

- 4-29 to remove or install the solenoid. b. Test.
  - (1) After reassembly of the motor, t
- switch solenoid is installed on the field ring a the timing checked for proper travel of the dri pinion on the armature shaft. (2) The shaft lever is inserted through t
- switch cover seal. Make certain the nylock inse is in position in the threaded shaft, and that t shaft is alined with the threaded hole in t plunger.





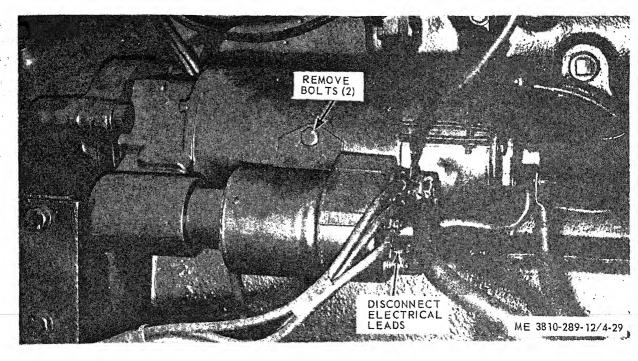


Figure 4-29. Solenoid replacement.

hrough the access hole in the switch terminal ousing, and turn the shaft clockwise until it ottoms. Back off counterclockwise approximately ve turns and push the switch forward into the haft housing. Aline the mounting holes in the witch with the ones in the field ring and install

(3) Insert the switch shaft adjusting tool

(4) Connect a 12-volt battery to the switch erminals, numbers 1 and 4 (fig. 4-28). With the olenoid switch energized, gently push the drive

wo mounting screws.

- ssembly back against the shift arm cams and heck the spacing between the face of the pinion nd thrust washer, using a 0.187 inch thick gage. The final adjustment is accomplished by turning he adjusting tool clockwise or counterclockwise ntil the 0.187-inch gage just fits between the inion and thrust washer.
- oid switch deenergized.

  (5) Replace the pipe plug in the switch terninal housing and seal with gasket sealer.

Note. This adjustment must be made with the sole-

- adjusted to react within a pressure range of 10 70 psi, in increments of ten, and a temperaturange of 170-210 degrees, in increments twenty. The engine safety control is not service.
- ment of the entire unit.

  b. Removal. Refer to figure 4-30 and remothe engine safety control.

able. Failure to operate properly requires replace

- c. Installation. Follow the reverse procedure removal.
- 4-40. Switches, Gages, Meters Replacement Refer to figure 4-31 and replace the switcher

gages and meters on the engine control panel.

**4-41.** Lamp Replacement
Refer to figure 4-31 and replace the lamps a fuses.

4-42. Wiring Harness Repair

Refer to figure 4-31 and repair wiring harness.

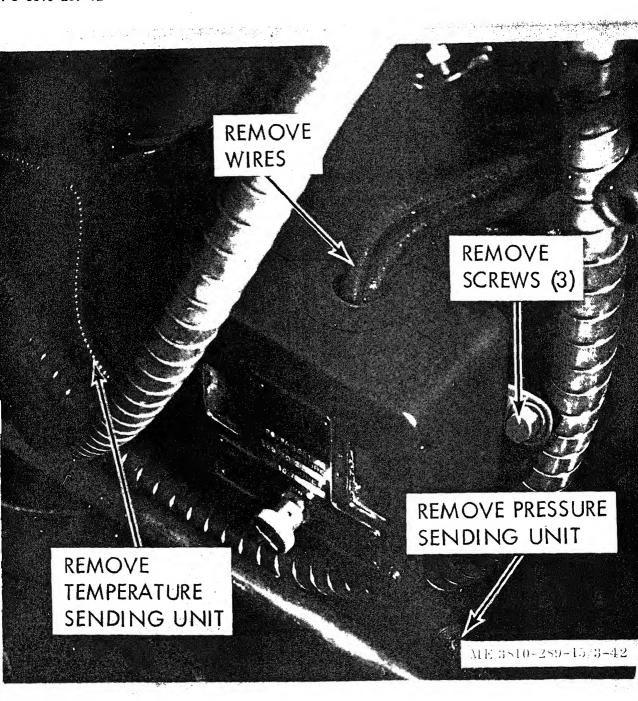
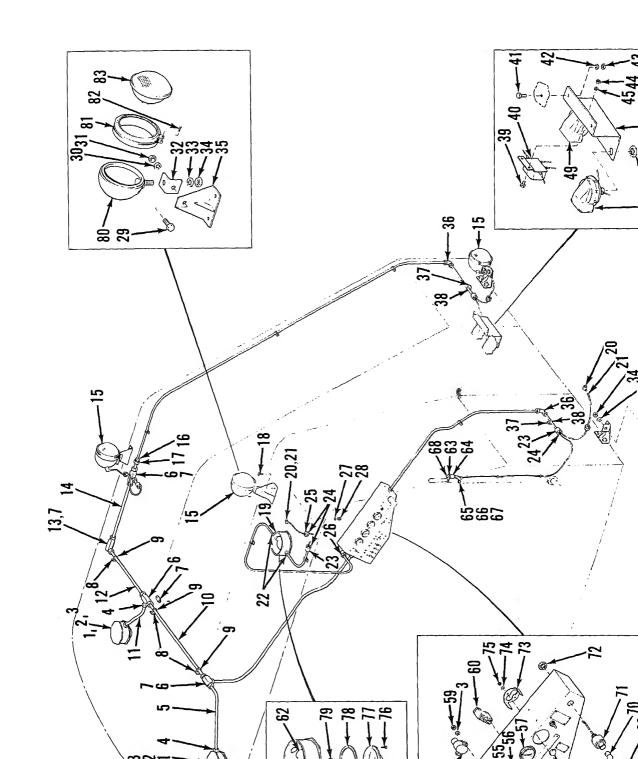


Figure 4-30. Engine safety control replacement.



33 Washer, spring lock %" 61 Light, warning Conduit ¾" 62 Socket, lamp 34 Nut, full %" Box ¾" 63 Bracket 35 Support Cover 64 Switch 36 Elbow 1/2" Bracket 65 Terminal 37 Bracket V-bolt 66 Screw #10 x 1/2" 38 V-bolt Conduit ¾" 67 Washer, spring lock #10 39 Screw, cap 1/4" x 3/4" Conduit ¾" 68 Button, horn 40 Relay Conduit %" 69 Shield 41 Screw, cap \%" x 1" Box ¾" 70 Lamp 42 Washer, spring lock 3/8" Conduit 34" 71 Socket, lamp 43 Nut, full %" Floodlamp Reducer 3/4"--1/2" 72 Nut 44 Nut, full 1/4" 45 Washer, spring lock 1/4" 73 Clamp Conduit 34" 74 Washer, spring lock 46 Bracket Screw, cap %" x 14" 75 Nut 47 Nut Dome light box 48 Horn 76 Screw, cap Nipple, terminal 77 Lens 49 Horn Tongue, terminal ring 78 Gasket 50 Gauge, oil pressure Connector 1/2" 51 Screw #8-32 x ½" 52 Panel, instrument 79 Lamp Coupling, pipe 1/2" 80 Body assembly Nipple, chase ½" Locknut, conduit 1/2" 53 Screw #10-24 x 34" 81 Ring 82 Screw, cap 54 Lamp, panel Elbow 1/2" 83 Sealed beam unit 55 Gauge, battery indicator Washer, spring lock %" 56 Gauge, fuel Nut, full %" Figure 4-31. Horns, lights and control panel. (3) Clean vent hole in filler caps before -46. Battery and Battery Cables stalling. a. Inspection. If the battery requires frequent ddition of water and is gassing excessively, test (4) Replace a cracked or leaking battery. . If in good condition, it is undoubtably due to vercharging. If one or more cells continually rec. Test. Test the specific gravity of each uire more water than others, it is an indication with a hydrometer. A reading of 1.270 to 1. f a damaged cell which should be checked by the indicates fully charged; 1.230, half charged; aintenance repair. 1.150, dead. Never take a reading just after a b. Service. ing water for the reading will not be true. (1) Do not allow the surface of the electrote to get below the top of the separators. Use Caution: Do not allow battery to stand nly clean, distilled water to keep the battery the discharged state. It will become ruined lled. Do not fill higher than just below the botsulphation. om of the filling tube, for "gassing" will cause the lectrolyte to spill over. Never add acid to the bat-Note. It is especially important in cold weather to the specific gravity. A battery freezes between the ery, as this will give a false reading as to the peratures 20 degrees above zero and 50 degrees below ondition of the battery. depending on the state of its charge. Do not add w (2) Keep the terminals tight and clean. If after shutting down for the night, or it will fr hey show a tendency to corrode, clean and apply quickly; see that it gets a charge after adding water thin coat of vaseline to protect them from the d. Replace. Refer to figure 4-32 to replace cid. Keep the outside of the battery clean. Neuralize any electrolyte that may be on the metal batteries or battery cables. urfaces with a cloth saturated with ammonia or icarbonate of soda solution (one pound of baking Caution: Always disconnect the negative cable first when removing batteries and com oda to one gallon of water), then wash off with

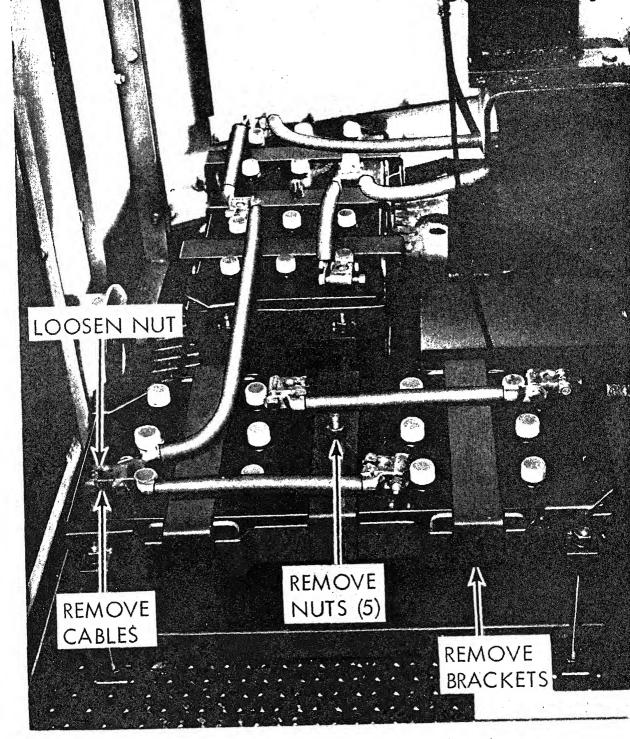


Figure 4-32. Battery and battery cable replacement.

# Section XII. MAINTENANCE OF TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY WHEELS AND TRACK COMPONENTS -47. Transmission Assembly Inspection

- Inspect the gears for damage and wear. Lubrite the shaft in accordance with the current brication order. See figure 4–33.
- -48. Track Support Rollers and Brackets, Replacement and Repair

and Service

- a. General. Check rollers for flat spots, cracks, other damage. Flat spots or cracks in rollers
- in be built up by welding. Repair dust shields by elding. b. Replacement of Upper Support Rollers. The
- pper idler rollers (fig. 4-34) which support the op of the tread belt can be removed without disonnecting the belt, as follows:
- (1) With machine on firm level ground, avel it forward for a distance equal to length of achine so that all slack in belt is at the top. (2) Pry up track near roller for clearance
- nd insert blocking to hold tread belt clear of (3) Remove blank bolt. Withdraw roller
- naft and remove roller. (4) Installation is the reverse process of the moval steps.
- c. Replacement of Lower Support Rollers. Any ne or all of the lower idler rollers (fig. 4–35) on e side frame may be removed without taking e tread belt apart by proceeding as follows:
- (1) Propel onto a block of wood so block is ider tumbler nearest roller to be removed. This ould allow enough sag of treads to clear roller. not, release takeup tumbler adjustment.
- (2) Remove the two lower U-bolts which will low roller shaft assembly to drop down. (3) Installation is the reverse process of the

moval steps.

-49. Track Roller Chain Adjustment,

- (3) Turn the adjusting nuts until there 3-or 4-inches slack on the lower side of the cha
- with the top being tight. (4) Be sure to turn both nuts of a pair same amount (fig. 3-12) so as to keep the ch
- sprockets in correct alinement. When correct justment is obtained, replace the adjusting nu tighten the bearing bolts, and tighten the lo nuts. (5) Readjust the crawler track belts
- correct tension as described in paragraph 3-22 b. Replace.
- (1) Remove propelling chain adjusting lo nuts and turn adjusting nuts as far as possible slack off roller chain adjustment.

(2) Select a pin link in mesh with one

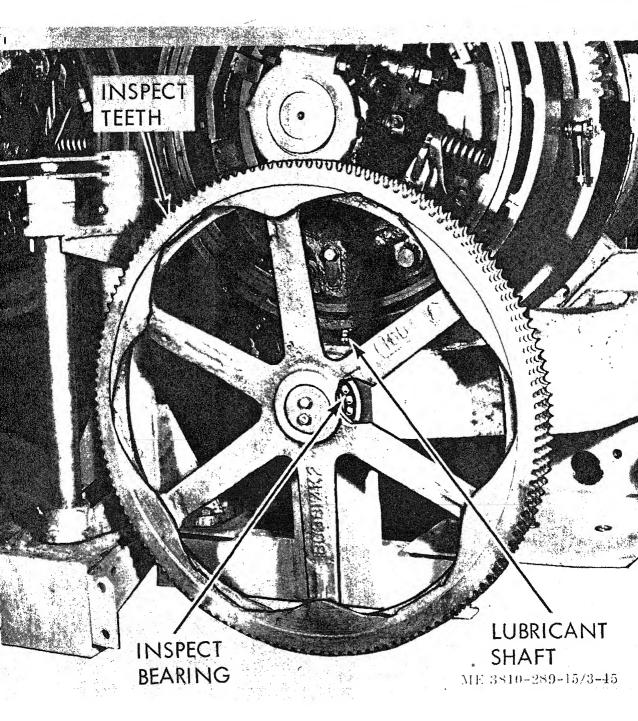
- the sprockets and remove cotter pin from that li and drive out. (3) Slide pin fully out to separate cha
- and remove chain from sprockets. Insert cot pin in chain pin to prevent loss. (4) To install roller chain, follow the
- moval steps in reverse order. c. Repair. To repair a defective link, follow to

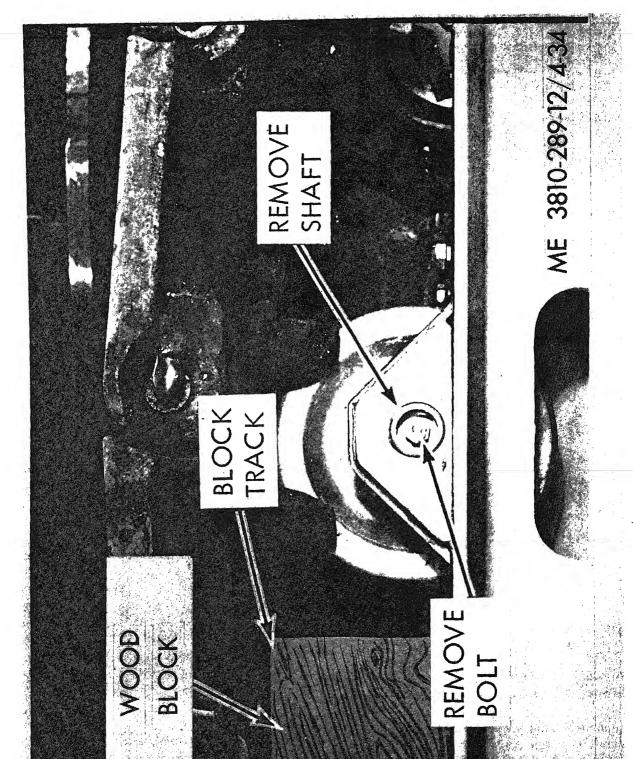
# and remove the defective link only.

- 4-50. Track Assembly Repair
- a. Loosen clamping bolts on tumbler shaft. b. Loosen the nuts on the track adjusti

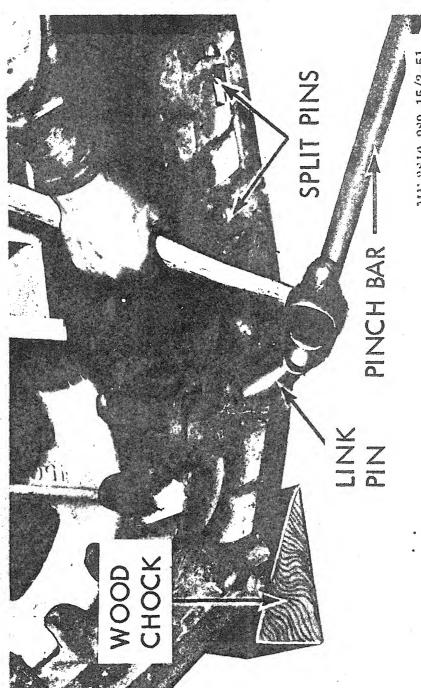
instructions for removing the propelling cha

- screws at the takeup tumbler end by equ amounts. c. Propel machine so that the damaged link
- in a position corresponding to ten o'clock on t driving tumbler. d. Secure the link below the faulty one to t driving tumbler by means of a rope and put
  - chock under the belt. e. Remove the keeper pins securing the tra link pins. If necessary, get a purchase on t





REMOVE ROLLER AND SHAFT REMOVE U BOLTS, WASHERS, NUTS



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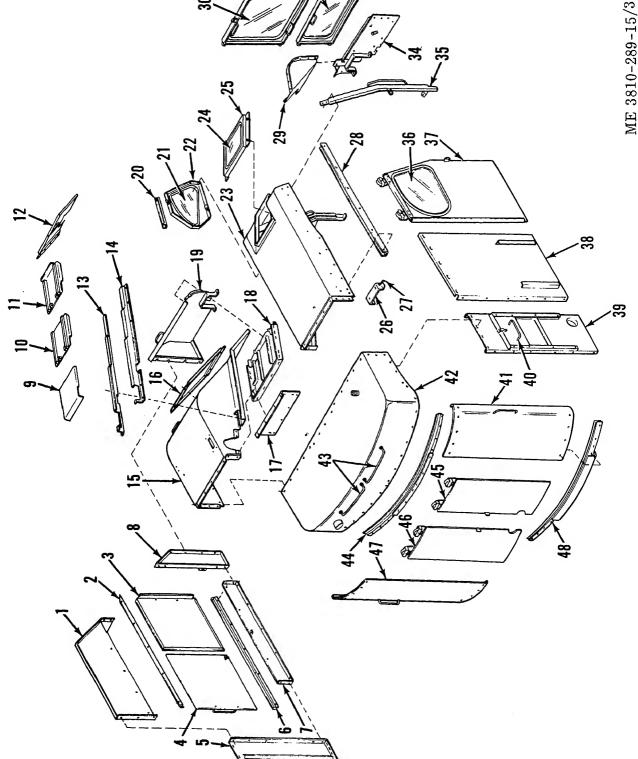
### Section XIII. MAINTENANCE OF CAB COMPONENTS

### 4-51. Cab Assembly Replacement

Inspect for cracks and loose bolts, and check for proper operation of doors and hinged panels. Refer to figure 4-37 to replace parts of the cab assembly.

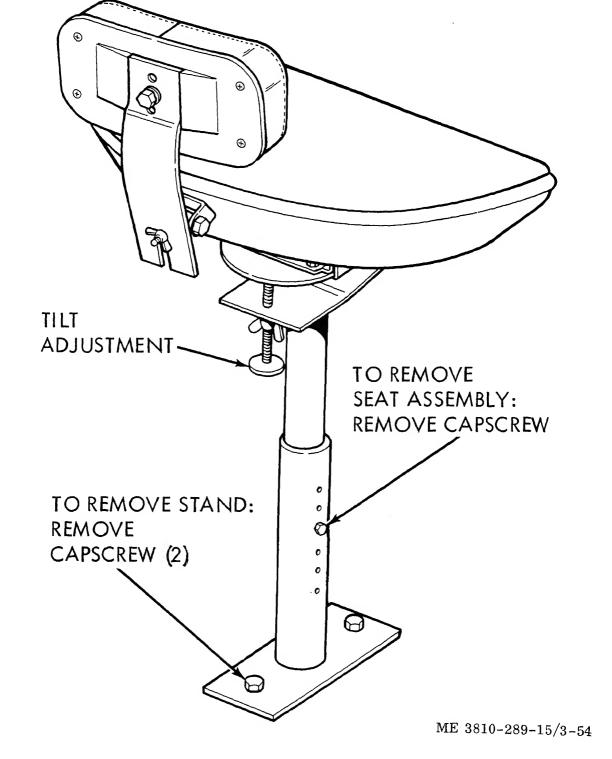
# 4—52. Seat Assembly Replacement an Repair

Refer to figure 4-38 to replace or reseat assembly.



2 3	L.H. front panel Rail, upper door Sliding door Sliding door	18 19	Strip A-frame cover L.H. front panel Strip	34 35	Sash R.H. front panel Corner post Glass
	L.H. side panel		Glass	37	R.H. door
	Rail, lower door		Sash	38	R.H. side panel
	L.H. lower side panel		R.H. front roof	39	Radiator panel
	L.H. front panel	24	Glass	40	Grab iron
	Center panel cover	25	Sash		Corner post
	Center panel cover	26	Spring bracket	42	Rear roof
	Center panel cover		Spring bar		Grab irons
12	Lower center panel cover	28	Strip		Strip
	L.H. guide rail	29	Lower R.H. center panel		R.H. rear door
	R.H. guide rail	30	Glass		L.H. rear door
	L.H. front roof	31	Sash		Corner post
16	L.H. front roof cover	32	Glass	48	Rear lower rail

Figure 4-37. Cab assembly.



### Section XIV. MAINTENANCE OF CRANE BOOM ASSEMBLY, DRAGLINE, AND CLAMSHELL FRONT END EQUIPMENT

### –53. General.

The crane, clamshell, and dragline front end

tachments use a similar boom arrangements hich consists of the base section and an upper

ction which may be lengthened by insertion of oom sections (para 4-56e). For dragline opera-

on (para 2–18), a fairlead is installed. For clamrell operation (para 2-19), a tagline unit is used

stabilize the bucket. All of these attachments

se the boom backstop, boom angle indicator, and

oom harness spreader. All use drum cable lagng and cables, although size and lengths differ cording to operation being performed or length

### -54. Crane Boom Suspension Cable a. Removal.

boom in use (tables 4-2 and 4-3).

- (1) Engage engine clutch and throttle enne to slowest speed.
- (2) Release locking pawl and brake by powring boom hoist drum down. (3) Place boom at rest on ground or block-
- g. (4) Unspool, remaining cable from drum by
- ınd.
- (5) Drive wedge out of drum and remove ble.
- (6) Remove cable from A-frame, pendant
- idle, and yoke sheaves.
- (7) Remove cable socket from anchor on ke on the A-frame.

- (8) Inspect, lubricate, and coil the cable. b. Reeving (boom in horizontal position fig.
- 39)
- (1) Install one end of cable in socket whi is attached to the A-frame sheave yoke. (2) Reeve the cable from the anchor arou
- the lower left pendant bridle sheave from left right, then around the lower yoke sheave fro left to right, then around the lower right penda bridle sheave from left to right, around the rig hand A-frame sheave from bottom to top, arou the upper right hand pendant bridle sheave fro right to left, through the upper yoke sheave fro right to left, around the upper left hand penda bridle from right to left, over the left has

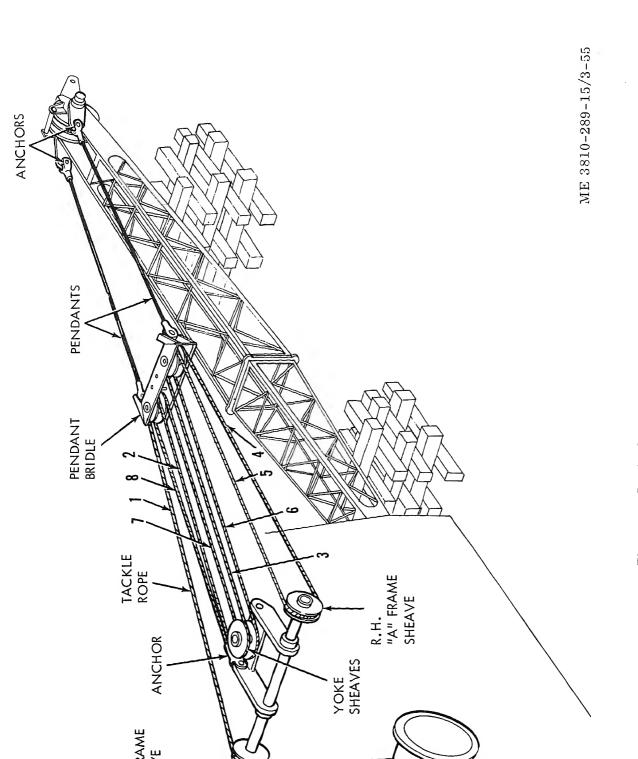
A-frame sheave from top to bottom and then

(3) Anchor the cable in the boom hoist dru socket and install wedge to take up the slack the cable.

# 4-55. Crane Hoist Cable

the boom hoist drum.

- a. Removal.
- (1) Unspool cable from the hoist dru drive out wedge, and remove the cable from dru (2) Remove cable from the boom point as
- hook block sheave.
  - (3) Inspect, lubricate, and coil the cable.
- b. Reeving (Boom in Horizontal Position). F fer to figure 4-40 and reeve the hoist cable.



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Figure 4-40. Reeving crane hoist cable.

# Table 4-2. Primary Hoist Cable Lengths

Boom length	Cable lengths (4-part)
30	250
40	300
50	350
60	400

Note. Add a 10' pendant for each additional section.

Table 4-3. Cable Specifications and Lengths

		able
ane (30 ft).	Dia.	Length
Boom suspension	½″ x	241'
Primary and secondary hoist	%″ x	250′
Boom suspension	Same	as cran
Hoist	%″ x	130'

Drag \_\_\_\_\_3/4" x 170'

Note. When adding boom sections, add cable accordingly.

### 4-56. Boom Assembly

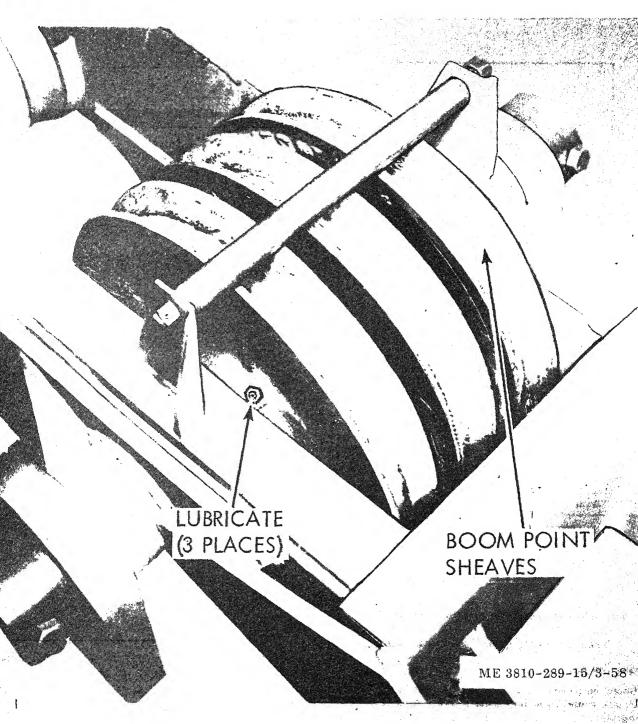
- a. Inspection.
- (1) Lower the boom and support on cribing (fig. 3-14). Spool off a few turns of t suspension and hoist ropes so that the boom poi sheaves can be rotated by hand.
- (2) Examine all the sheaves for side we of the rope grooves.
- (3) Inspect block and hook for secumountings and proper lubrication.
- (4) Inspect crane boom for bent or damage cords and lacings and for secure bolt mounting of butt joints. Tighten all attaching bolts and place any that may be missing. Inspect the boof foot pins to see that they are secure.
- b. Service. Lubricate all points on the bod (fig. 4-41) and the hook block, as instructed the lubrication order.
  - c. Removal.

4-54).

- (1) Remove crane hook by removing the hoist rope (para 4-55).(2) Build up cribbing about four feet his
- (2) Build up cribbing about four feet his which will support the boom foot and boom po at approximately the height at which it is tached to the revolving frame (fig. 4–32). Promachine up to the cribbing and lower boom
- (3) Remove lagging from front drum taking out the six attaching bolts, nuts and lowashers.

cribbing. Remove boom suspension rope (pa

(4) Drive wedges under boom foot as m be necessary to relieve boom foot pins of boweight. Remove boom foot pin locking screws a take out the pins. Back machine away from bow and put pins back into revolving frame for use



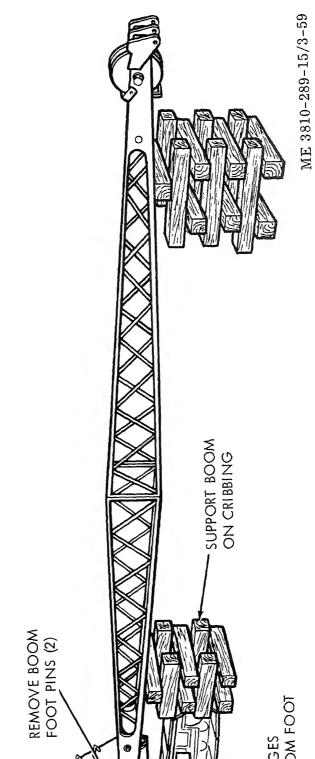


Figure 4-42. Boom, removal.

til there is sufficient slack to permit insertion the extra sections. Remove splice bolts attachg upper and lower section of boom (fig. 4-43). (3) By slowly propelling machine back-

(2) Pay off boom suspension and hoist ropes

- ards, separate boom halves to permit addition extra boom sections; put each section in place.
- Brace cribbing against drag of boom before prolling.) Be sure cross bracing at the ends of the ction do not interfere with the track if they are stalled in the boom. Bolt new sections to the

oper and lower sections of the boom.

- (4) Bolt pendents to boom. (5) Raise boom to position with boom ho
- (6) Install hoist rope in reverse order disassembly procedure.
  - f. Repair. Repair of crane boom is limited

wear-out type items of the point section : minor repair or replacement of lattice member Note. Bent, broken or kinked booms are restricted

repair by replacement.

g. Replace. Refer to figure 4-44 to repl parts of the boom assembly.

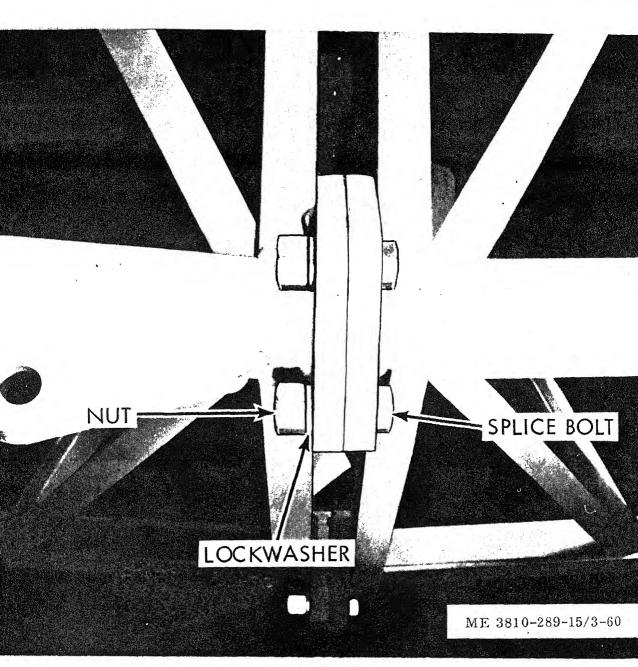
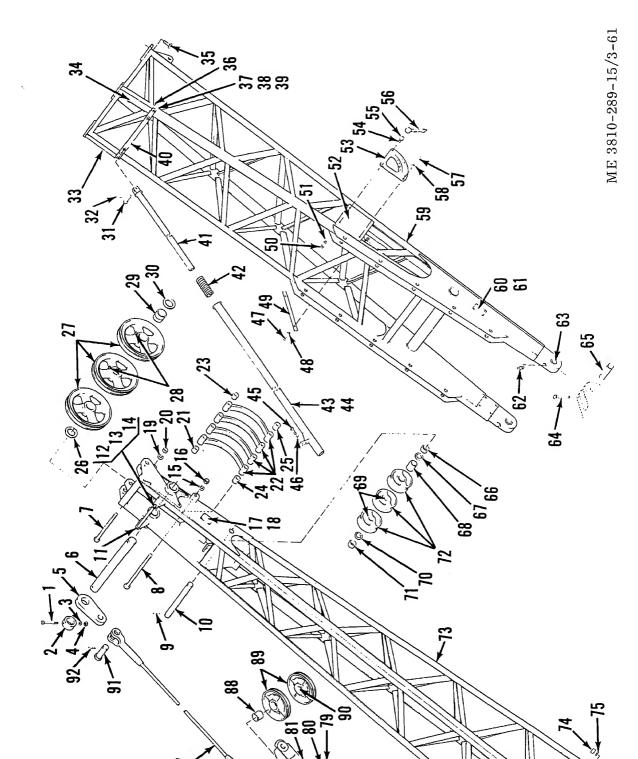
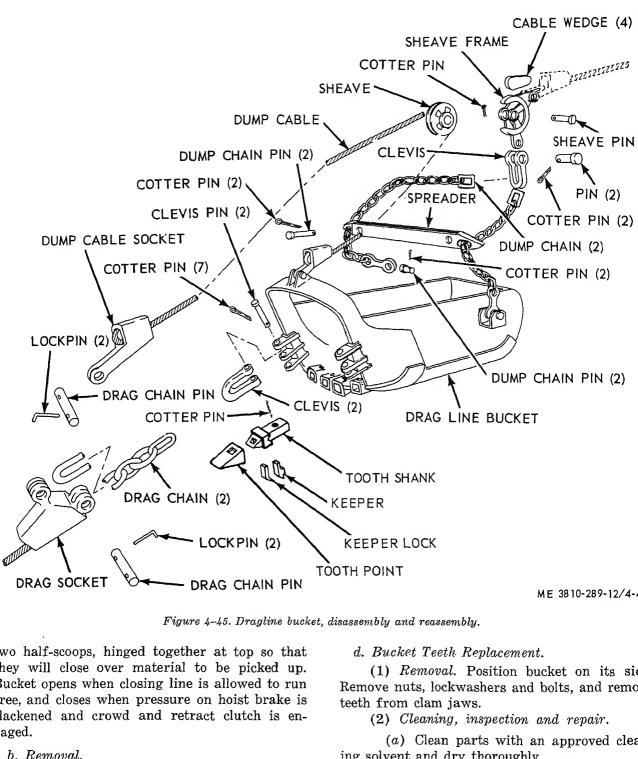
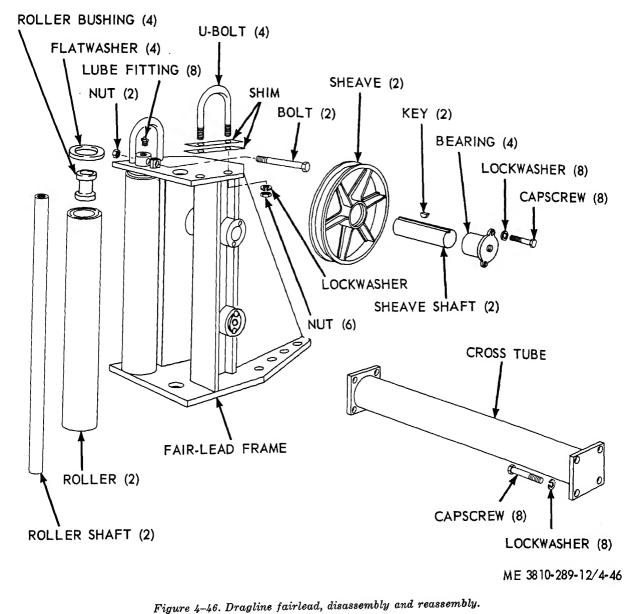


Figure 4-43. Splice bolts.



1 Screw, cap ¾" x 5½" UNC C.P. 2 Set collar 3 Washer, lock ¾" C.P. 4 Nut, full ¾" UNC C.P. 5 Pendant link 6 Boom paint pin 7 Bolt. hexagon hd. 1" x 17" UNC C.P. 8 Bolt, hexagon hd. 1" x 19" UNC C.P. 9 Pin, cotter ¾" x 3 C.P. 10 Pin 11 Spacer 12 Screw, cap ¾" x 14½" UNC C.P. 13 Washer, lock ¾" C.P. 14 Nut, full ¾" UNC C.P. 15 Washer, lock 1" C.P. 16 Nut, full 1" UNC C.P. 17 Identification plate 18 Screw, PK drive #4 x ¼" 19 Washer, lock 1" C.P. 20 Nut, full 1" UNC C.P. 21 Spacer 22 Cable guard 23 Spacer 24 Spacer 25 Spacer 26 Washer, thrust 27 Sheave 28 Fitting, lubrication ½"-45° 29 Bushing 30 Washer, thrust	31 Pin 32 Pin, cotter 3/16" 2 33 Angle 34 Angle 35 Screw, cap ¾" x 2 36 Angle 37 Screw, cap ½" x 4 38 Washer, lock ½" ( 39 Nut, full ½" UNO 40 Boom stop bracket 41 Upper boom stop 42 Spring 43 R.H. boom stop an 44 L.H. boom stop an 45 Screw, cap ½" x 1 46 Washer, lock ½" ( 47 Nut, full ¾" UNO 48 Washer, lock ¾" ( 48 Washer, lock ¾" 49 Brace 50 Nut, full ¾" UNO 51 Washer, lock ¾" 52 Boom angle indica 53 Indicator 54 Pivot 55 Bearing 56 Pointer 57 Screw, cap ¾" x 1 58 Washer, lead ¾" 59 Lower boom sectio 60 Identification plate 61 Screw, cap ¾" x 8 62 Fitting, lubrication  Figure 4-44. Boom asse	2½" UNC C.P.  C.P.  chor chor C.P.  C.P.  tor bracket  1¼ UNC m (15'0")  3" UNC	65 Boom foot pin 66 Spacer 67 Washer, plain 2" C.P. 68 Bushing 99 Bushing 70 Washer, plain 2" C.P. 71 Spacer 72 Guide roller 73 Upper boom section (15'0") 74 Nut, full ¾" UNC C.P. 75 Washer, lock ¾" C.P. 76 Nut, full ½" 77 Nut, jam ½" UNC 78 Spacer 79 Nut, full ¾" 80 Washer, lock ¾" 81 Pendant bridal 82 Sheave 83 Screw, cap ¾" x 9 UNC 84 Screw, cap ½" x 2 UNC 85 Sheave pin 86 Fitting & lubrication 87 Pendant 88 Bushing 89 Sheave 90 Bushing 91 Pin 92 Pin, cotter
4-57. Safety Boom Stop, Repl	f. Installa	tion. eve drag, hoist, and dump cable	
and Repair  Refer to figure 4-44 to replace safety boom stop.	e or repair the	2–11).	nnect cables to dead ends.
4-58. Dragline Bucket		_	line Fairlead
<ul> <li>a. Removal.</li> <li>(1) Lower dragline bucket slacken hoist and drag cables.</li> <li>(2) Remove drag, hoist, and from dead ends (fig. 2-11).</li> <li>(3) Wind cables on drum, ends are guided through sheaves</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. Removal. Refer to figure 2-10 and r fairlead.</li> <li>b. Disassembly. Refer to figure 4-46 an assemble fairlead.</li> <li>c. Cleaning, Inspection and Repair.</li> <li>(1) Clean parts with an approved clesolvent and dry thoroughly.</li> </ul>		
b. Disassembly. Refer to figur assemble bucket.	<ul><li>(2) Inspect bushings and bearings for and scoring.</li><li>(3) Inspect sheave shafts and sheav</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>c. Cleaning, Inspect, and Repart (1) Clean parts with an appropriate solvent and dry thoroughly.</li> <li>(2) Replace defective parts</li> </ul>	proved cleaning	wear, cracks (4) Ins bends, crack for stripped	-
<ul><li>d. Bucket Teeth Replacement.</li><li>(1) Position bucket on its s</li></ul>	side and remove	defects. (5) Rep	pair by welding cracks or l





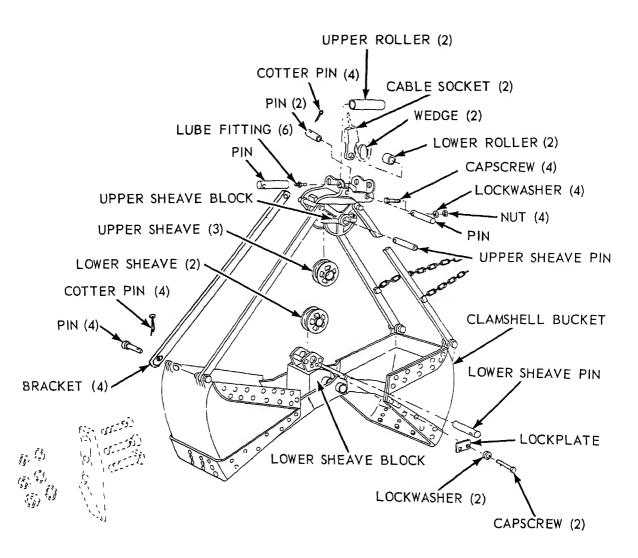
e. Reassembly. Refer to figure 4-47 and re-

- f. Installation. (1) Position boom over bucket. Reeve the olding and closing cables (fig. 2-14), and secure
- dead end sockets on bucket. (2) Attach tagline to bucket.

semble clamshell bucket.

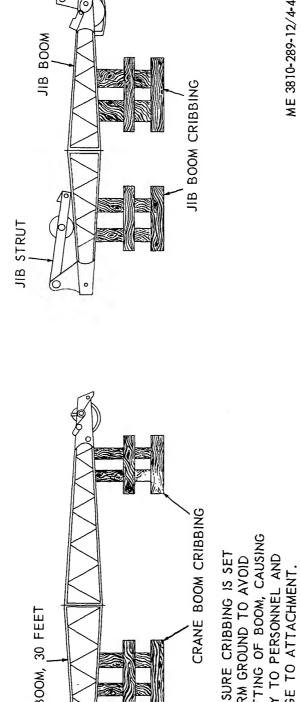
- (3) Remove weighted hook from cable.
  - (4) Remove jib cable from jib boom an
- right-hand drum. (5) Remove two cotter pins, capscrew lockwashers, jib boom pins, and jib boom, fro the crane boom. Remove the two rod ends fro

jib boom pins. h Disassembly Refer to figures 4-49 and 4-



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Figure 4-47. Clamshell bucket, disassembly and reassembly.



ME 3810-289-12/4-48

Figure 4-48. Boom cribbing method.

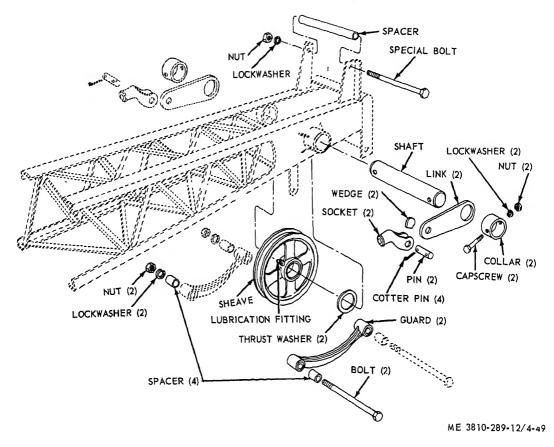


Figure 4-49. Jib boom assembly, exploded view.

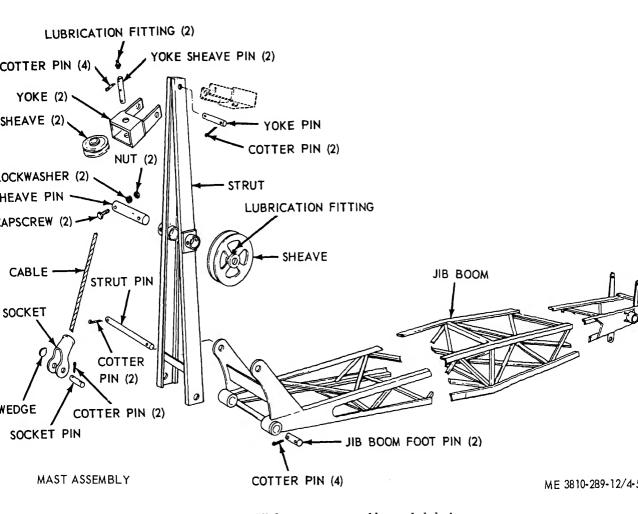


Figure 4-50. Jib boom mast assembly, exploded view.

nd reassemble jib boom and mast.

d. Reassembly. Refer to figures 4-49 and 4-50

a. Refer to figure 4-51 to remove and install

b. Refer to paragraph 3-27 for clutch adjust-

(1) Remove booster band joint bolt (10, fig.

(2) Remove booster band clutch adjusting

(3) Remove cushion spring nut (11), and

(4) Remove both sections of the booster

(2) Remove clutch release spring (13, fig.

(3) Take out the four cotter pins (14) hold-

(4) Slide main clutch band (12) out of hous-

(1) Remove booster band (a, above).

ng the main clutch bellcrank (9) in place.

ng and separate at splice, if necessary.

-51) and take off band guides (8).

–63. Boom Hoist Clutch Band, Removal

and Installation

and Installation

a. Booster Band Removal.

b. Clutch Band Removal.

ie clutch band.

ent.

-51).

uts (4).

and (1).

ashion spring (6).

#### c. Installation. –62. Operating Clutch Band, Removal

Section XV. MAINTENANCE OF CLUTCH AND BRAKE ASSEMBLIES

are installed in reverse of the removal procedu (2) When installing a replacement boos

4-51).

(2).

band, place band halves in place and connect ba splice at joint, leaving bolt (10, fig. 4-51) of half thread loose. Lock adjusting nuts (4) location where circumference of band match

e. Installation. Install jib boom (para 2-3c)

(1) The main clutch band and booster ba

circumference of booster drum. Then, with cushion spring (6) and booster band rele spring in place, tighten the cushion spring a (11) for 0.010-inch gap between the cam a booster band cam roller (3).

d. Adjustment. Refer to paragraph 3-29. 4-64. Boom Hoist Brakeband, Removal

and Installation a. Removal. (1) Remove guard.

(2) Remove brakeband joint bolt (10,

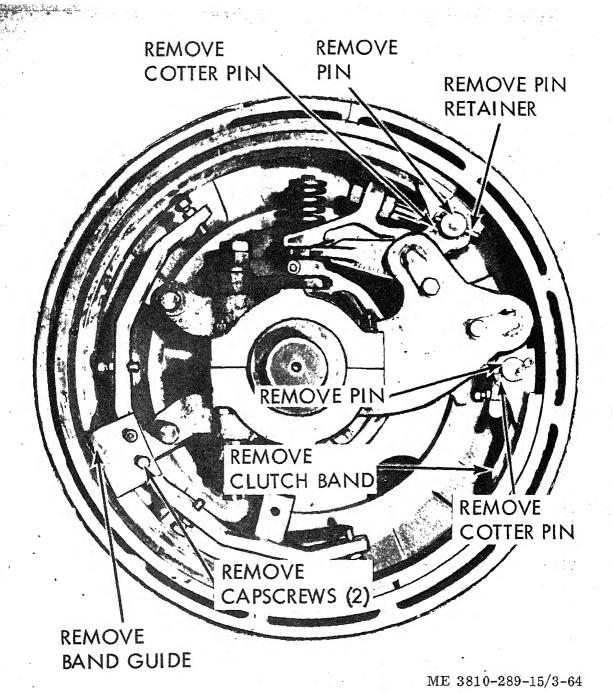
(3) Remove dead-end pin (7).

(4) Remove brakeband adjusting nuts (

(5) Remove both sections of the brakeba

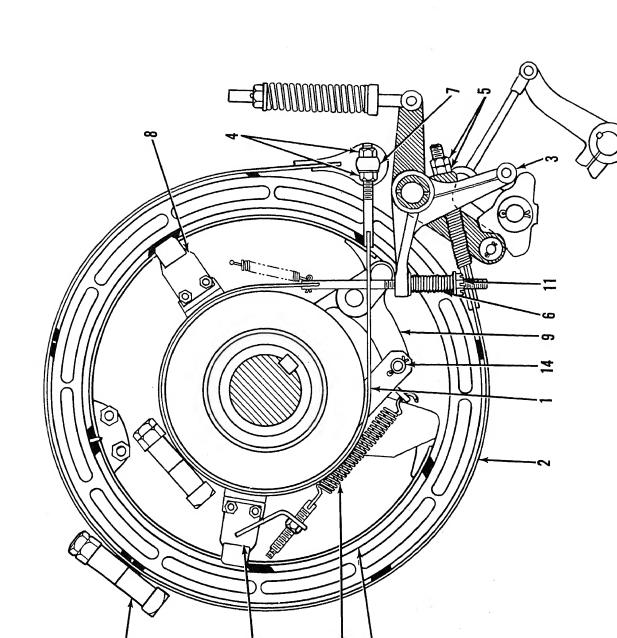
b. Installation. The brakeband is installed reverse of the removal procedure.

c. Adjustment. Refer to paragraph 3-30.



Operating clutch band.

Figure 4-51. Clutch and brakebands, removal and installation (sheet 1 of 2).



Brakeband 7 Dead end pin Booster band cam roller 8 Band guides Booster band clutch adjusting nuts 9 Main clutch bellcrank Brakeband adjusting nuts 10 Booster band joint bolt Boom hoist clutch and brakebands. Figure 4-51. Clutch and brakebands, removal and installation (sheet 2 of 2).

6 Cushion spring

Section XVI. MAINTENANCE OF CHAIN CASE ASSEMBLY,

matter.

## CONE ROLLERS, AND GEAR CASE COVERS

## -65. Chain Case Assembly

Booster band

tion order.

- a. Check chain case for cracks, breaks, and fective plugs, or hardware.
- b. Replace defective drain or oil level plugs or rdware (fig. 4-52). c. Lubricate in accordance with current lubri-
- -66. Cone Roller Replacement a. Removal (fig. 4-53).

## (1) Lift upper works just enough so cone

- llers are free in their path. Lift can be made
  - (a) Crane with sling fastened to lifting
- es provided on A-frame yoke and lugs near om foot pins.
- (b) Jacking up revolving frame and buildg cribbing to support it. Four jacks should be
- o not jack against light constructed decks). (2) Remove lockwire, nut, and washer.

ed, one under each corner of revolving frame

- (3) Remove cone roller, bushing, O-ring, and
- tainer.

- b. Installation. (1) Refer to figure 4-53 and reassemble
- numerical order.
  - (2) Check to be sure that rollers turn free (3) Install washer, nut, and lockwire.

11 Cushion spring nut

13 Clutch release spring

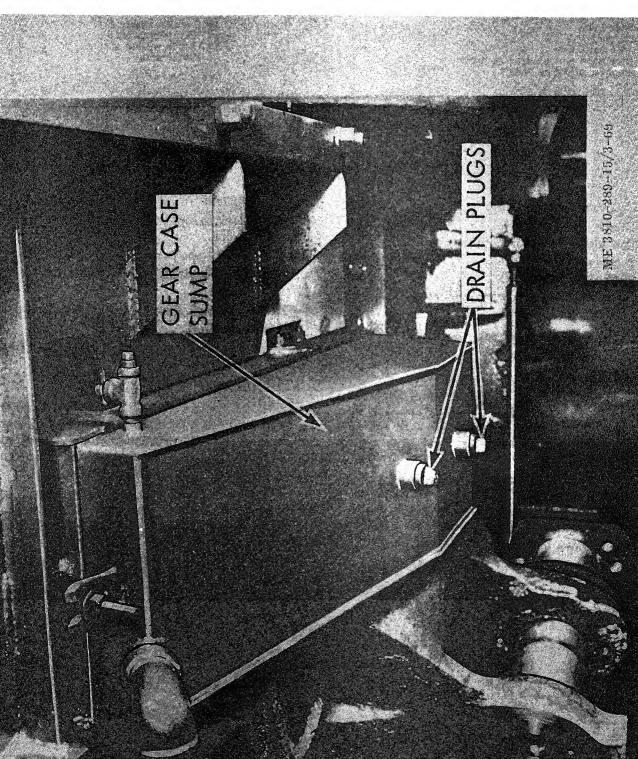
12 Main clutch band

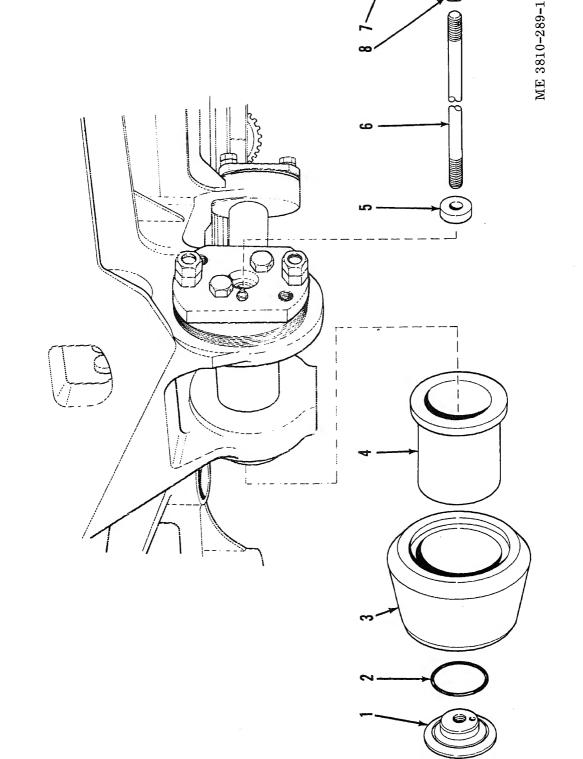
14 Cotter pins

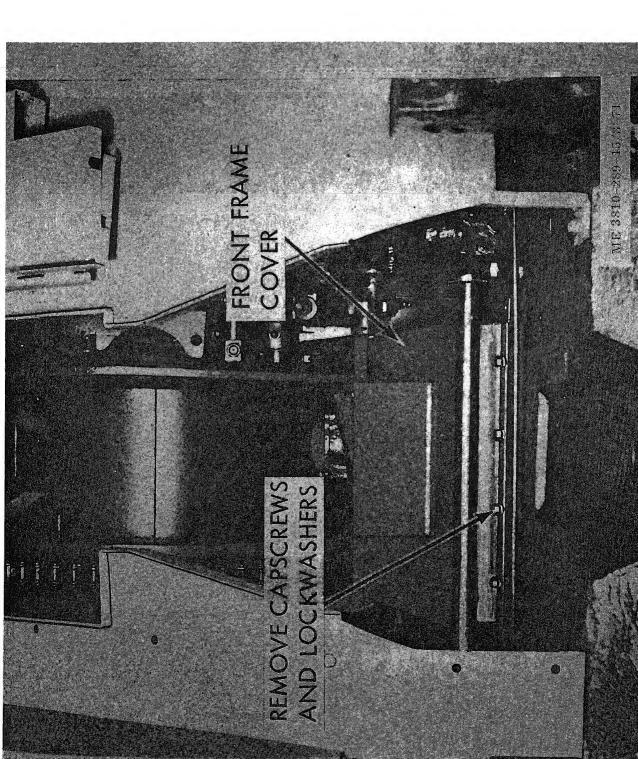
- 4-67. Frame and Bevel Gear Case Covers Replacement
- to replace the frame covers.

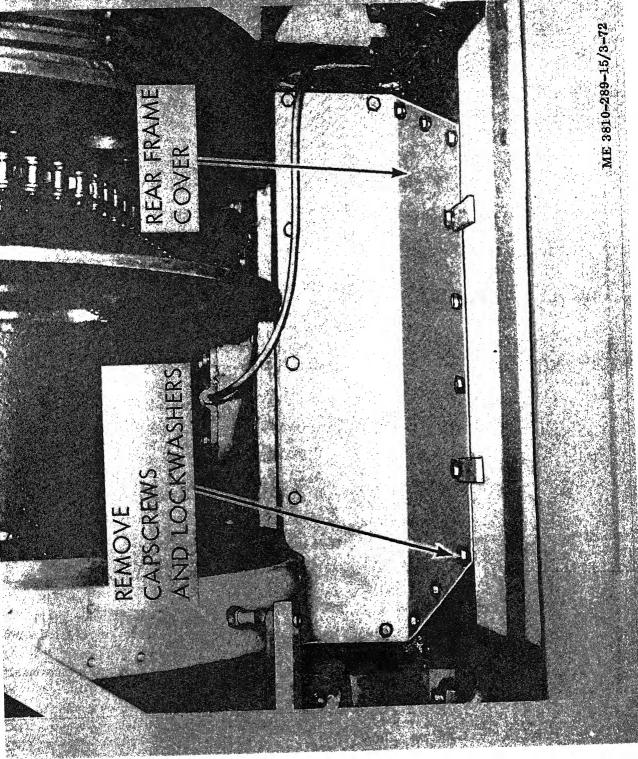
a. Frame Covers. Refer to figure 4-54 and 4-

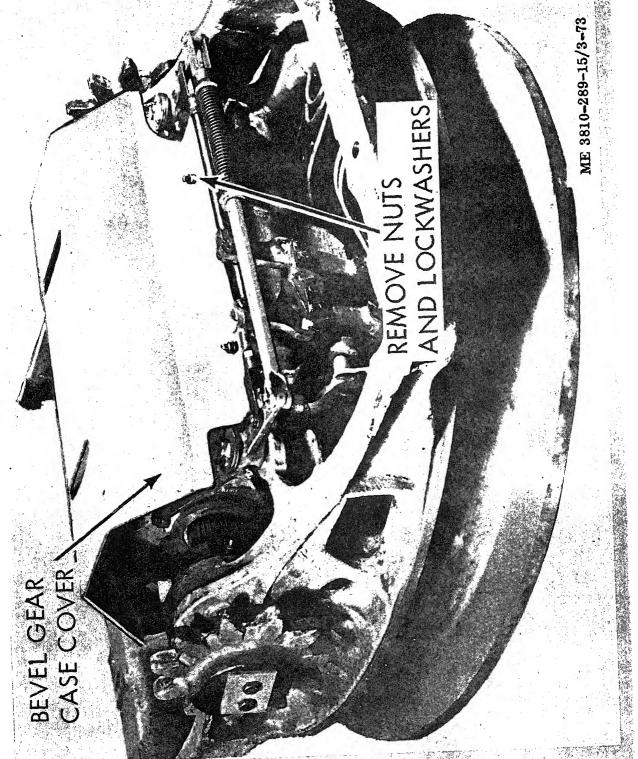
- b. Bevel Gear Case Cover (fig. 4-56).
- (1) Remove drain plug in bottom of be
- gear case and drain lubricant into clean contain for replacement. Cover container with lubrica in it for protection against dust and other forei
- (2) Remove four bolts attaching gear ca truck frame and lower the case with steeri
- clutch guards attacked. Clean the gasket off fr truck frame and gear case.
- (3) Installation is the reverse of the moval instructions.











g the shovel front end equipment and for mainnance of components. For front end conversion a shovel, refer to paragraph 2-8. b. Refer to paragraph 1-4f for description of ne shovel front end equipment. c. Use a crane or other adequate lifting device

### or removing and installing components of the novel front end attachment. -69. Replacement of Shovel Front End Equipment a. Removal.

(2) Remove shovel dipper and boom suspenon cables (fig. 2-23). (3) Remove front crowd chain (fig. 2-20).

(1) Lower boom on support cribbing (fig.

-22).

ame.

- (4) Remove boom foot locking bolts and ins. (5) Propel machine slowly backward until oom foot is separated from lugs on revolving
- b. Cleaning, Inspection and Repair. (1) Clean and inspect boom assembly, diper, and handle, for damaged or missing parts. ubricate in accordance with current lubrication rder.
- (2) Repair or replace damaged or defective omponents. c. Installation. Installation procedure is reverse removal, a, above.
- –70. Shovel Dipper and Padlock a. Removal.
- (1) Lower dipper to rest on blocks, then reove hoist cable from bail sheave (fig. 4-57). (2) Disconnect trip cable from trip lever.
- andle, and remove pins. (3) Remove nuts and washers from pin searing dipper to handle. Remove handle pin and

emove dipper and padlock from handle.

emove nuts from pins securing braces to dipper

NÜTS (2) BRACES **LEVER** DIPPER TRIP CABLI PINCH LINK SHEAV DUMP CHAIN NUTS (2) WASHERS (2 LATCH LATCH BAR LATCH KEEPER ME 3810-289-12/4-57

Figure 4-57. Shovel dipper assembly, removal and

installation.

HOIST

4-71. Shovel Dipper Handle

a. General. The dipper handle, with the sade lock, is attached to the shipper shaft at the cent of the boom and provides crowd action and su

b. Removal. (1) Lower dipper to rest on blocks and a

port for the dipper.

move hoist cable from bail sheave (fig. 4-57). (2) Disconnect trip cable from trip leve Remove nuts from pins securing braces to dipp

handle and remove pins. (3) Remove front crowd chain (fig. 2-20)

(4) Lash saddle block to boom to prevent from changing angles when dipper handle is moved from shipper shaft. (5) Attach lifting sling to handle with er

of sling attached three feet from each end handle. Attach sling to lifting device.

(6) Remove cable guard from end of hand

(7) Back machine, slowly, until the han is pulled from the saddle block.

(8) Remove cotter pins and washers fr handle pins. Remove handle pins and handle fr

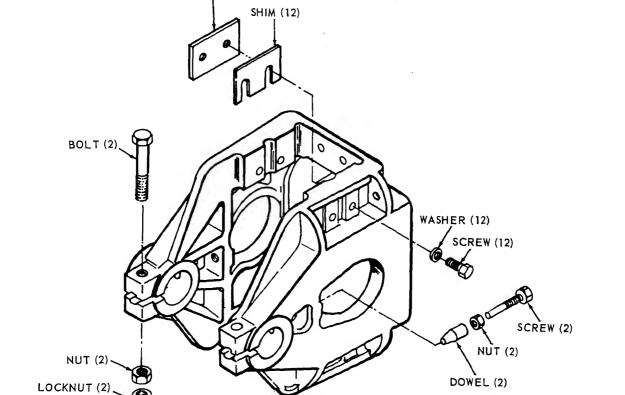
b. Removal. ance. Adjust if necessary. (1) Remove dipper and handle (para 4-71). e. Reassembly. Refer to figure 4-58 and (2) Attach lifting sling to saddle block and assemble saddle block. neave. Attach sling to lifting device. f. Adjustment of Saddle Block Wearing Plan (3) Remove shipper shaft bushing and lift Refer to paragraph 2-8a(13). addle block and sheave from shovel boom. c. Disassembly. Refer to figure 4-58 and disg. Installation. Installation procedure is reve ssemble saddle block. of removal, b, above. PLATE (6)

damage. Replace worn or damaged parts.

(2) Check wearing plates for proper cle

dust primarily of a snart, busnings, saddle

lock, and wear bars.



a. General. The shovel boom is attached at the ase to the superstructure turntable. It supports e dipper and handle assemblies. The outer end the boom is supported by the boom hoist cables.

-73. Shovel Boom

-74. General

Equipment

·der.

- he shovel boom consists of the boom weldment,
- ble sheaves, guards, bushings, and shafts. b. Removal.
- (1) Remove boom assembly, dipper, and andle (para 4–69a).

a. This section contains instructions for replac-

g the backhoe front end equipment and for

aintenance of components. For front end con-

### Section XVIII. MAINTENANCE OF BACKHOE FRONT END **EQUIPMENT**

ersion to a backhoe, refer to paragraph 2-7. b. Refer to paragraph 1-4e for description of e backhoe front end equipment. c. Use a crane or other adequate lifting device r removing and installing components.

a. Removal. (1) Lower boom on support cribbing (fig. -15).

–75. Replacement of Backhoe Front End

- (2) Remove backhoe dipper and boom susension cables (fig. 2-16). (3) Remove boom foot locking bolts and
- ns. (4) Propel machine slowly backward until oom foot is separated from lugs on revolving
- ame. b. Cleaning, Inspection and Repair. (1) Clean and inspect boom assembly, diper, and handle, for damaged or missing parts.

ubricate in accordance with current lubrication

(2) Repair or replace damaged or defective

(3) Remove saddle block and shipper sha (para 4-72).c. Cleaning, Inspection and Repair. Clean as inspect parts for wear and damage. Replace wo

sembly (para 4-71).

or damaged parts. d. Installation. Installation procedure is rever of removal, b, above. Refer to paragraph 2-8 f adjustments.

(2) Remove dipper handle and dipper a

The dipper is attached to the handle and pite brace assembly. It is actuated by the pull cabl through the padlock sheave assembly. b. Removal.

remove drag cable from padlock sheave.

(1) Lower dipper to rest on blocks, the

c. Disassembly. Refer to figure 4-59 and di

(2) Remove cotter pins and washers fro handle and pitch brace pins. Remove handle as pitch brace pins, and remove dipper and padlo from handle.

assemble dipper. d. Cleaning, Inspection and Repair. (1) Clean and inspect parts and attachis

hardware for damage and wear. (2) Inspect teeth and side cutters for we

and damage. (3) Inspect padlock assembly for worn

damaged links, broken pins, and missing par Inspect sheave and bushing for wear and damag

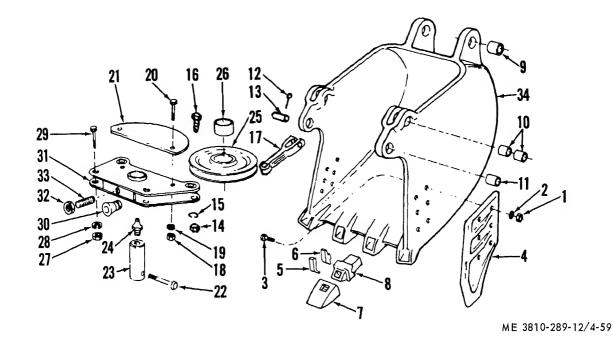
(4) Repair or replace damaged, worn, missing parts.

e. Reassembly. Refer to figure 4-59 and to

assemble dipper. f. Installation. Installation procedure is rever of removal, b, above.

4-77. Backhoe Handle and Back Brace

a Pamanal



Side cutter (2) 16 Screw, cap (2) Keeper, lock 17 Link (2) Keeper Tooth (4) Shank (4)

Nut (12)

Bushing (2)

Pin, cotter (2)

Washer, lock (12)

Bolt, special (12)

18 Nut (2) 19 Washer, lock (2) 20 Screw, cap (2) Bushing (2) 21 Cover plate Bushing (4) 22 Bolt

13 Pin (2)

14 Nut (2)

23 Pin

15 Washer, lock (2)

24 Fitting, lubrication Figure 4-59. Backhoe dipper assembly, exploded view.

and wind on drums.

- (4) Remove cotter pin from dipper back race pin and remove pin.
- (5) Remove handle end pin from end bolt nd remove bolt securing handle to dipper. (6) Remove boom hoist hinge pin and re-
- b. Disassembly. Refer to figure 4-60 and disssemble handle and back brace.

ove handle and back brace.

Classica Translita I D

of removal, a, above.

25 Sheave

26 Bushing

27 Nut (2)

29 Bolt (2)

31 Frame

34 Scoop

32 Nut, lock

33 Screw, set

28 Washer, lock (2)

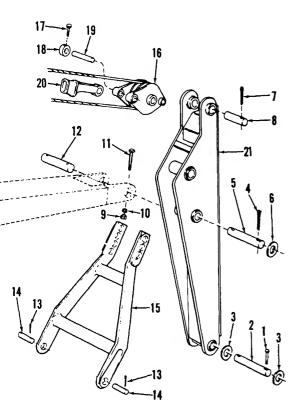
30 Guide, cable (2)

## 4-78. Backhoe Auxiliary A-Frame

a. Removal. (1) Lower boom to rest on cribbing (f

e. Installation. Installation procedure is rever

2-15). (2) Remove hoist and suspension cab (fig. 2-16). Disconnect cables at dead-end socke



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Pin       1         Washer, flat (2)       1         Pin, cotter       1         Pin       1         Washer, flat       1         Pin, cotter       1         Pin       1         Nut (2)       1	1 Bolt (2) 2 Pin 3 Pin, cotter 4 Pin 5 Pitch brace 6 Pulley and block assembly 7 Bolt 8 Collar 9 Pin 0 Socket, cable
---	--

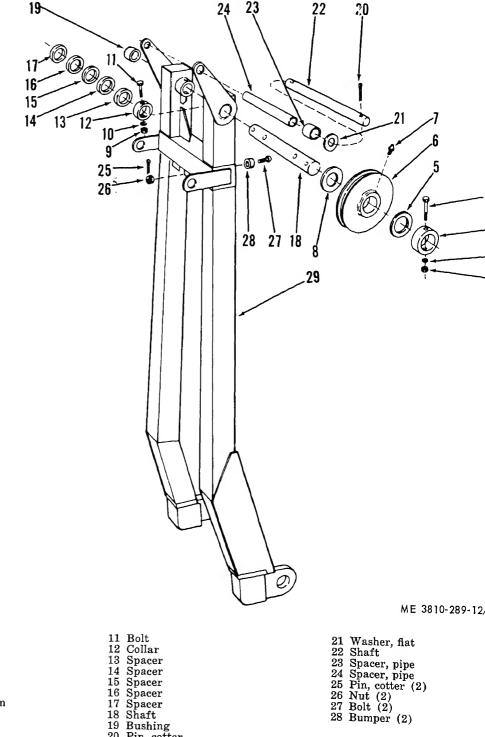
Figure 4-60. Backhoe handle and pitch brace assembly, exploded view

#### 4-79. Backhoe Boom

- a. Removal.
- (1) Remove backhoe front end equipmen (para 4-75a).
- (2) Remove dipper (para 4-76), handle (para 4-77), and auxiliary A-frame (para 4-78)

b. Disassembly and Reassembly. Refer to figure

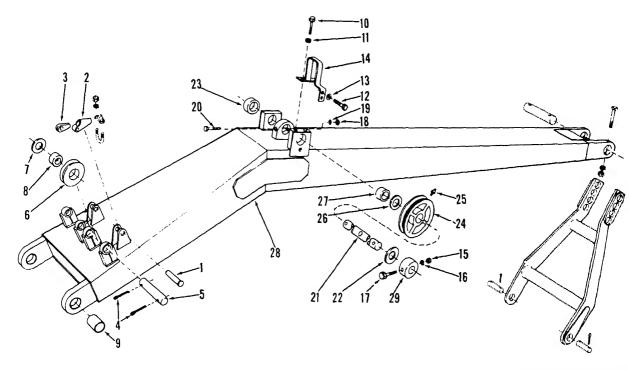
- 4-62 for disassembly and reassembly of backho boom assembly.
  - c. Cleaning, Inspection and Repair.
- (1) Clean parts with an approved cleaning solvent. (2) Inspect boom, sheaves, and bushings fo
- wear and damage. Replace worn or damage parts. (3) Lubricate boom assembly in accordance
- with current lubrication chart. d. Installation. Installation procedure is reverse of removal, a, above.



2 Washer, lock 3 Bolt 3 Bolt
4 Collar
5 Washer, flat
6 Sheave (4)
7 Fitting, lubrication
8 Washer, flat
9 Nut

1 Nut

10 Washer, lock 20 Pin, cotter



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Pin Socket, cable Wedge, cable Pin (2) Pin Sheave roller Washer, flat Bushing Bushing Screw, cap	11 Washer, lock 12 Screw, cap 13 Washer, lock 14 Guard, cable 15 Nut 16 Washer, lock 17 Bolt 18 Nut 19 Washer, lock 20 Bolt	21 Shaft 22 Washer, flat 23 Collar 24 Sheave 25 Fitting, lubrication 26 Washer, flat 27 Bushing 28 Boom 29 Collar
--	---	---

Figure 4-62. Backhoe boom assembly, exploded view.



# **REFERENCES**

# N—2. Lubrication C9100-1L LO 5-3810-289-12

**4–1. Fire Protection** 

TB 5-4200-200-10

.-3. Maintenance

TB 750-651 TM 5-3810-289-20P

TM 38-750

TM 5-331B TM 9-6140-200-15 TM 5-764

TB 385-101

TM 740-90-1

-4. Painting TM 9-213

.—5. Radio Suppression

TM 11-483

—6. Shipment and Storage

~7. Destruction of Materiel

Radio Interference Suppression

APPENDIX A

Users

Painting Instructions for Field Use

Lines

Type

Administrative Storage of Equipment

Safety Use of Cranes, Crane-Shovel, Dragline and Similar Equipment Near Electric Pow

Lifting, Loading and Hauling Equipment

Hand Portable Fire Extinguishers for Arr

Lubrication Order, for Crane-Shovel, Crawl

Use of Antifreeze Solutions and Cleaning Con

Organizational Maintenance, Repair Parts at

Operator and Organizational, Field and Dep

Maintenance Storage Batteries. Lead-Ac

Special Tool List for Crane-Shovel, Crawl Mounted, 12½-Ton Capacity, ¾-Cu Yd, Buc

pounds in Engine Cooling Systems Army Equipment Record Procedures

Mtd, 12½-Ton Capacity, ¾-Cu Yd, Bucyru

Fuels, Lubricants, Oils and Waxes

Erie Model 22BM

rus-Erie Model 22BM

Electric Motor and Generator Repair



## MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART

APPENDIX B

## Section 1. INTRODUCTION

#### a. This section provides a general explanation

–1. General

f all maintenance and repair functions authoized at various maintenance levels.

b. Section II designates overall responsibility

or the performance of maintenance functions on

he identified end item or component. The im-

lementation of the maintenance functions upon

ne end item or components will be consistent

with the assigned maintenance functions. c. Section III lists the special tools and test

guipment required for each maintenance funcion as referenced from section II.

d. Section IV contains supplemental instrucions, explanatory notes and/or illustrations equired for a particular maintenance function.

## —2. Explanation of Columns in Section II

a. Group Number, Column (1). The functional roup is a numerical group set up on a functional asis. The applicable functional grouping indexes

re listed on the MAC (Maintenance Allocation Chart) in the appropriate numerical sequence. These indexes are normally set up in accordance

vith their function and proximity to each other.

b. Functional Group, Column (2). This column ontains a brief description of the components of ach functional group. c. Maintenance Functions, Column (3). This

olumn lists the various maintenance functions A through K) and indicates the lowest mainenance level authorized to perform these funcions. The symbol designations for the various naintenance levels are as follows:

B—Test. To verify serviceability and to detect

electrical or mechanical failure by use o

paint, and to add fuel, lubricants, cooling

standard of known accuracy, to detect an adjust any discrepancy in the accuracy of

test equipment. C—Service. To clean, to preserve, to charge, t

agents, and air. D-Adjust. To rectify to the extent necessary

to bring into proper operating range. E-Aline. To adjust specified variable element

of an item to bring to optimum perform ance.

F-Calibrate. To determine the corrections t be made in the readings of instruments of test equipment used in precise measure ment. Consists of the comparisons of tw instruments, one of which is a certifie

the instrument being compared with th certified standard. G-Install. To set up for use in an operation environment such as an emplacement, sit or vehicle.

H-Replace. To replace unserviceable iten with serviceable assemblies, subassemblies

or parts.

I-Repair. To restore an item to serviceab condition. This includes, but is not limited to, inspection, cleaning, preserving, adjust

ing, replacing, strengthening.

J-Overhaul. To restore an item to a con pletely serviceable condition as prescrib by maintenance serviceability standard using the Inspect and Repair Only

welding, riveting,

C-Operator or crew O-Organizational maintenance F-Direct support maintenance

able elements (items) using original manufacturing tolerances and specifications, and subsequent reassembly of the item. d. Tools and Equipment, Column (4). This lumn is provided for referencing by code the ecial tools and test equipment (sec III) reaired to perform the maintenance functions (sec

repair or replacement of worn or unservice-

e. Remarks, Column (5). This column is proded for referencing by code the remarks (sec (1) pertinent to the maintenance functions.

-3. Explanation of Columns in Section III a. Reference Code. This column consists of a

imber and a letter separated by a dash. The imber references the T&TE requirements colnn on the MAC. The letter represents the ecific maintenance function the item is to be B-4. Explanation of Columns in Section I a. Reference Code. This column consists of t letters separated by a dash, both of which

number of tools and test equipment.

used with. The letter is representative of colum

lowest level of maintenance authorized to use

b. Maintenance Level. This column shows

c. Nomenclature. This column lists the na

d. Tool Number. This column lists the ma facturer's code and part number, or Federal st

or identification of the tool or test equipment.

A through K on the MAC.

special tool or test equipment.

references to section II. The first letter referen column (5) and the second letter references maintenance function, column (3), A through b. Remarks. This column lists informat pertinent to the maintenance function being p

formed, as indicated on the MAC, section II.

	(5)		Remarks	¥		В			,			
HART	(4)		Tools and equipment	{				г				
Section II. MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART		К	Rebuild	D		D						
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	(2)		group	shments: smbly; sheaves; ock; bridle bly	om stopins and	achments: embly A-frame Attachment	ucture assembly base	ive , gears, bearings mbly, chain shaft; shaft ay	emblies	ims, iassins	pivot 	nads; pan

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ntry	track;, bearings	Bearings, SealsNG EQUIP-	uishers

	Section III. SPE	REQUIRE		ESI EQUIPM	EINI
 Reference Code		tenance evel	Nomenclat	ure	
1-D		0	Wrench ada	pter	
2-D		0	Belt tension	gage	

## Section IV. REMARKS

Tool numb

ST-6 ST-9

Reference code	Remarks
A-F	Test includes engine operation and compression.
В-Ј	Metalize, grind and resize.
C-B	Test includes bench test.
D-H	Replace filter element.
E-I	Install repair kit.

# APPENDIX C

Code

repair parts may be listed for automa

This appendix lists items which accompany the

C-1. Scope

C~2. General

ion II.

Code

Code

C

P

 $Codes\ (SMR).$ 

ollowing sections:

peration, or maintenance.

rane-shovel or are required for installation, op-

This basic issue items list is divided into the

a. Basic Issue Items—Section II. A list of items

which accompany the crane-shovel and are re-

uired by the operator/crew for installation,

b. Maintenance and Operating Supplies—Sec-

ion III. A listing of maintenance and operating

The following provides an explanation of col-

mns in the tabular list of basic issue items, sec-

a. Source, Maintenance, and Recoverability

(1) Source code indicates the source for the

Explanation

(2) Maintenance code indicates the lowest

Explanation

(3) Recoverability code indicates whether

nserviceable items should be returned for re-

overy or salvage. Items not coded are expendable.

evel of maintenance authorized to install the

sted item. The maintenance level code is:

Repair parts which are stocked in or supplied

from the GSA/DSA or Army supply system, and authorized for use at indicated main-

upplies required for initial operation.

-3. Explanation of Columns

sted item. Source code is:

tenance levels.

Operator/crew

ration, or operator's maintenance.

Section I. INTRODUCTION

BASIC ISSUE ITEMS LIST

Explanation

return to supply for depot level repair

set forth in AR 710-50. When so listed, the

will be replaced by supply on an exchai

Repair parts and assemblies which are e

nomically reparable at DSU and GSU

tivities and which normally are furnish by supply on an exchange basis. When ite

are determined by a GSU to be unecond

ically reparable, they will be evacuated

a depot for evaluation and analysis bef

are issued on an exchange basis. Such

pair parts normally are repaired or ov hauled at depot maintenance activities.

Repair parts specifically selected for salva

b. Federal Stock Number. This column inc

cates the Federal stock number assigned to t

item and will be used for requisitioning purpos

eral item name and any additional description

the item required. The abbreviation "w/e", wh

used as a part of the nomenclature, indicates t

Federal stock number includes all armame

equipment, accessories, and repair parts issu with the item. A part number or other referen

number is followed by the applicable five-dig

Federal supply code for manufacturers in pare

theses. Repair parts quantities included in ki

sets, and assemblies, are shown in front of t

d. Unit of Measure (U/M). A two-charact

alphabetic abbreviation indicating the amount

c. Description. This column indicates the Fe

by reclamation units because of precio

metal content, critical materials, or hi dollar value reusable casings or castings.

High dollar value recoverable repair pa which are subject to special handling a

basis.

final disposition.

S

 $\mathbf{T}$ 

U

repair part name.

lumn shed g. Ill ws: (1) mber own. (2) r use -4. E a. Ca s the	indicates the with the equipment of the illustration of the illustration of the reference of the control of the	ber. Indicates the figure ation in which the item is  Indicates the callout number item in the illustration.  Columns in the Tabular nance and Operating ion III  Cation. This column identication of each mainte-	b. Federal Sto the Federal sto and will be used c. Description name and brief d. Quantity This column ind tenance or oper initial operation e. Quantity H This column in required for an f. Notes. The notes keyed to column.	ck number for required licates the capacitates of the capacitates average is columnated.	per assinistion definition.  If for an apply integration of the estimate in the state of the estimate of the e	igned to the ing purion indicat indicat indicat indicat indicat indicate in	o the poses es the Opere each equire quare quare rational per ation of the poses of	e it rati ma ed rati ntit ion.
		Section II. BASI	C ISSUE ITEMS			T -/a	Γ	
(1) SMR Code	(2) Federal stock number	(3) Descriptio	n	(4) Unit of meas	(5) Qty inc in unit	Qty furn with equip	Illus (a) Fig. No.	(7) tratic (b Ite No
PC	7510-889-3494	BINDER, Looseleaf		ea		1		-
PC	7520–559–9618	CASE, Maintenance and Operatio Manuals	on	ea	:	1		
PC	2590-045-9611	CASE Rifle		ea		1		
		DA LUBRICATION ORDER LO 5-3810-289-12		ea		1		
		DA TECHNICAL MANUAL TM 5-3810-289-12		ea		1		
PC	4210-889-2221	EXTINGUISHER, Fire, 2½ lb F Spec O-E95	ed	ea		1		
						1	<u> </u>	

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)
Component application	Federal stock number	Description	Quantity required f/initial operation	quantty required f/8 hrs. operation	Notes
CASE	9150-265-9435 (2)	OIL, LUBRICATING: 5-gal drum as follows: OE 30		(3)	(1) Includes quantit, engine oil system 20-qt crankcase w,
	9150-242-7603(2)	OES 0ES	3 qt 3 qt	(3)	(2) See C9100-IL f data and requisi
CASE		OIL, LUBRICATING: 5-gal drum as follows:			cedures.
	9150-265-9435(2) 9150-265-9428(2) 9150-242-7603(2)	OE 30 OE 10 OES	20 qt 20 qt 20 qt	(3)	(3) See current LO plication and repletervals.
ASE, MAIN		OIL, LUBRICATING, GEAR: 5-gal drum as follows:			(4) Average fuel co
	9150-577-5844(2) 9150-259-5440(2)	80 90 80 S	32 qt 32 qt	(8)	(5) Maximum prote tained at 60 percer
ASE, VLER		OIL, LUBRICATING, GEAR: 5-gal drum as follows:			1 TO 128 TO 1 O.E.)
	9150-577-5844(2) 9150-254-5440(2)	06 OB	2 qt 2 qt	66	
EXPOSED		OIL, LUBRICATING, EXPOSED GEAR: 5-gal can as follows:			
E POINTS	9150-234-5199(2)	CW-11-B GREASE, AUTOMOTIVE AND ARTILLERY: 5-lb can as follows:	5 lb	(3)	
Ç Ç	9150-190-0905	GAA	5 lb	(3)	
N POINTS		OIL, LUBKICATING: 5-gal drum as follows:	***************************************		
	9150-265-9435(2) 9150-265-9428(2) 9150-242-7603(2)	OE 30 OE 10 OES	1 gt 1 gt 1 gt	(3)	
ror		WATTR ANTIFREEZE: 1-gal can as follows:	28 qt		
	6850-664-1403	Ethylene-glycol	18 qt	(5)	
		ANTIFREEZE: 55-gal drum as follows:			

	(3)	(4)	(4)
28 qt	4 qt	gal	50 gal
- 58	4	20	20
etie NG GEAR	ollows: Bulk as		
Antifreeze, arctic	5-gal drum as follows: GO 90 FUEL, DIESEL: Bulk as	follows: DF-2 Regular	DF-1 Winter DF-A Arctic
		-5294(2)	-5286(2) -5283(2)
6850-174-1806	9150–577–5844(2)	9140-286-	9140-286-5286(2) $9140-286-5283(2)$

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By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

W. C. WESTMORELA General, United States Chief of Staff.

Official:

KENNETH G. WICKHAM, Major General, United States Army, The Adjutant General.

### Distribution:

To be distributed in accordance with DA Form 12-25, Section II (qty rqr block No. 341) tor maintenance requirements for Crane-Shovels, Crawlers,  $12\frac{1}{2}$  Ton.

